

# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAST EDITION

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PRICE TWO CENTS

## REVISED HIGH SCHOOL COURSE PROPOSED BY NATIONAL EDUCATORS

Submitted to Convention of the Association Which Is Now in Session at San Francisco

### PLAN IS OUTLINED

Reported by Committee of Nine—J. Stanley Brown Succeeds Dr. Butler of Columbia on Board Trustees

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Following the resignation of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, from the board of trustees of the National Education Association and the election of J. Stanley Brown of Peoria, Ill., to succeed him, the delegates opened today's morning session with practically all the business of the convention before them.

An important feature of today's session was the report of the committee of nine on the articulation of high school and college presented to the department of secondary education. This was followed by an address from Prof. Harvey N. Davis of Harvard University on "The New Harvard Plan for College Admission."

The committee recommends the adoption of a high school course containing the following features:

"The quantitative requirement should be 15 units.

"Every high school course should include the following:

## BOOK EXAMINERS OF NEW ENGLAND IN CONFERENCE

The fourth annual conference of national book examiners for the New England states was held in the equity court room in the federal building today, with Alfred Ewer, examiner at Boston, presiding. There were 15 bank examiners present, of which six are state examiners who came a guests.

Papers were read by state bank examiners as follows: H. C. Robinson, "A Comparison of the Work of National and State Examiners"; Joseph A. Fowler, deputy commissioner of Rhode Island, "Danger of Using Card System as Ledger for Depositors' Accounts"; F. C. Williams, bank commissioner of Vermont, "Necessity for More Thorough Examinations of the Liability Side of Banks."

Each of these papers were discussed as the different examiners read them, as were those read by federal examiners.

## CHICAGO PLANS TWO-DECK BRIDGE

CHICAGO — Following a luncheon at the La Salle hotel, participated in by city officials and the members of the Chicago plan commission, a decision was reached today adopting the double-deck plan for improving Michigan avenue from Randolph street across the Chicago river to Ohio street, a double-deck bridge over the river being part of the project.

In adopting this plan the commission ignored the recommendations of the executive committee which called for a boulevard 216 feet wide at a cost of \$7,000,000. The viaduct system means a saving of more than \$2,000,000 to the taxpayers.

## HOKE SMITH NEAR SENATE VICTORY

ATLANTA, Ga.—The first separate ballot on the choice for United States senator, taken by the state Senate today resulted in 21 votes for Gov. Hoke Smith, two less than a majority. Joseph Tessell was Smith's closest rival. The vote is regarded as a certain indication that Governor Smith will be chosen on the joint ballot tomorrow.

## TROOPS MAKE READY FOR ADJUTANT'S VISIT

Regulars and militiamen at Ft. Andrews were busy early today getting everything in spick and span shape preparatory to the arrival of Adj. Gen. Gardner W. Pearson, who will reach the camp late this afternoon.

Governor Foss has signified his desire to come also, if legislative duties will permit. Today there is a noticeable change in the attitude of the militiamen toward the regulars and others at the fort, the order having gone forth that there must be strict observance of military etiquette in connection with flag and officer salutes.

Only necessary drills are being held today. All drills are being abbreviated. Colonel Patterson yesterday directed the suspension of drills on the heavy guns and mortars at all the forts.

Morning drills at Ft. Andrews consisted of work on the 10-inch breech-loading mortars by the second company, Captain Gerlach; drill by Captain Dickerman's eighth company on the 12-inch mortars with the third company, Captain Tilden, on the six-inch breech-loading rifle. These drills were supervised by Captain Reeder, U. S. A., the artillery instructor of the corps, and were pronounced satisfactory.

Similar drills were held at Ft. Strong under Lieutenant Colonel Quinby, at Ft. Standish under Captains Whiting and Harrison, and at Ft. Warren under Major Chamberlain.

In the evening there are search light drills and gun drills by the reserves. Colonel Patterson is planning, it is said, to give all the crews drill at projectile firing at moving targets.

## MR. CUMMINS GIVES UP SENATE CONTEST ON RECIPROCITY BILL

WASHINGTON—Senator Cummins of Iowa has surrendered in his fight against the Canadian reciprocity and the Senate has today apparently clear sailing to reach a vote on the unamended bill.

The several amendments offered by Senator Cummins and the two offered by Senator Simmons of North Carolina, all seeking to increase the number of Canadian manufactured articles which shall be admitted to the United States free of duty, were voted down by large majorities on Monday night.

The vote in favor of the amendments was so small that Senator Cummins asked for only five roll calls, although he had announced his intention of asking for at least 10. The maximum vote for his tariff amendments was 14, compared with a maximum vote of 53 against them.

On the proposal to put flour and cereal products on the free list of articles which the United States will admit free from Canada, Senator Cummins was defeated, 52 to 14; on the proposal to put agricultural implements on this list he was defeated, 53 to 12; on the proposal to put lumber on the list he was defeated, 51 to 12.

Other amendments voted down proposed to admit free from Canada, without demanding like treatment of American products, automobiles, iron ore, pig iron, coal, rubber, cotton, woolen, leather and silk goods.

## SUBURBAN CITIES WANT TRANSFERS

Several residents and business men of Waltham, Watertown, Lexington and Newton appeared before the board of railroad commissioners this morning in opposition to the petition of the Boston & Middlesex Street Railway Company for a continuance of the withdrawal of free transfers on the company's line. George Cox, acting manager and A. A. Ballantyne, counsel, represented the company and City Solicitor Stetson appeared for the city of Newton. The commissioners took the matter under advisement.

The board has granted the petitions of the Southern New England Railroad Corporation fixing the route of the railroad in the towns of Uxbridge and Blackstone.

## Lowell Officer Commanding Bay State Troops Who Will Inspect Harbor Garrisons



ADJ. GEN. GARDNER W. PEARSON

## KING GIVES COLORS TO IRISH REGIMENTS AND ATTENDS PARTY

DUBLIN—Inspection of the royal Irish constabulary, a review and presentation of colors to several Irish regiments and a garden party at the lodge of the lord lieutenant of Ireland were the principal features today of King George's program in Dublin. The royal party will leave tomorrow for Holyhead.

King George was astir early Monday morning and was kept busy receiving loyal addresses, of which 130 were presented. The women of Ireland presented a loyal address to Queen Mary.

Replying generally to the addresses, the King said:

"I tender you my thanks for the affectionate welcome you have given to the Queen and myself. I notice with filial pride and pleasure that in almost every one of your addresses reference is made to the deep affection my father entertained for your country and to the influence he exerted to secure its advancement and prosperity."

"It is my desire, I do assure you, to follow in my father's footsteps in the same direction and to do everything that lies within my power to promote the happiness and general well-being of the Irish people."

"I pray that God's blessing may attend all of you in your laborious efforts for the health and happiness of Ireland."

The King subsequently held a levee in the throne room of the castle, among those presented being Edward L. Adams, American consul. Later their majesties went to Leopardstown.

The King gave a state banquet at Dublin castle at night. The royal party was specially brought from London for the occasion. The guests included the Lord Mayor of Dublin.

Afterward the King held a chapter of the Order of St. Patrick, at which the Earl of Shaftesbury and Field Marshal Lord Kitchener were invested as extra knights companions.

The King visited the slums of Dublin on Saturday night and the Queen visited the same slums Monday, accompanied by the Duchess of Devonshire, Lady Bertha Dawkins and Lady Shaftesbury.

## KERSHAW AFLOAT FROM SHOAL AND PROCEEDS SOUTH

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass.—Apparently undamaged in the least degree, the steamer Kershaw, which was floated late Monday night after being aground on Shoofish Shoal for more than 24 hours, arrived here today.

After a stop of about an hour the steamer left this harbor on her belated trip for Norfolk and Baltimore, whither she was bound from Boston.

The Kershaw appeared to be absolutely seaworthy, and the officials of the Merchants & Miners line decided that the vessel would take her 37 passengers to Baltimore, instead of transferring them here to her sister ship, the steamer Juniata.

The 100 tons of cargo lightered from the Kershaw in order to float her were put back into her hold.

JAMAICA SEEKS PENNY POST KINGSTON, Jamaica—The Merchants Exchange Monday adopted a resolution asking the local government to communicate with the United States government for the establishment of penny postage between Jamaica and the Canal Zone.

## OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE ATHLETES WIN MEET FROM HARVARD-YALE

English Athletes Win Fourth Set of Games on Queen's Club Grounds by Score of Five Firsts to Four

### TWO NEW RECORDS

G. A. Chisholm Sets New Mark for Hurdles and E. G. Taylor of England for Two Miles

LONDON — Oxford-Cambridge track and field athletes defeated Harvard and Yale on the Queen's Club grounds here this afternoon by a score of 5 points to 4. It was one of the hardest fought meets ever held between these colleges and a record-breaking throng witnessed the work of the athletes. The series now stands two victories for each country.

The issue was in doubt until the final event, the one-mile run, which was won by J. P. Baker, the Cambridge star. This was the best event of the entire meeting, the Cambridge runner just managing to head W. C. Moore of Oxford in the last two yards, with H. P. Lawless of Harvard only a short distance back. The time was 4m. 27.3-5s.

New records were made in the hurdles and two-mile run. Chisholm of Yale, intercollegiate champion of 1911, covered the high hurdles in 15.2-5s., which is 1-5s. better than the mark originally made by F. B. Fox of Harvard in 1899 and equaled by J. H. Converse of Harvard in 1901. Chisholm ran the race in fine form.

E. G. Taylor of Cambridge broke the two-mile record, covering the distance in 9m. 29.1-5s., which replaces the old mark of 9m. 50s., made by H. M. Godby of Oxford in 1904.

Curiously enough the first event of the meet was won by an American Rhodes scholar competing for England. He is E. G. Putnam of Kansas, and his hammer throw of 131ft. 5in. bettered C. C. Childs' best throw by about 11ft. Had Putnam not competed, Childs would have won the event and the meet would have gone to America.

The high jump was won by W. Canfield of Yale. He did 5ft. 11 1/4 in. A. C. Barker of Harvard was second, with 5ft. 10 1/4 in. The Englishmen's best effort was 5ft. 9 1/4 in.

After the Britishers dropped out Canfield had another try at the mark and covered 6ft. 3/4 in.

In the half mile run, B. M. Preble of Harvard won from G. L. Anderson of Oxford by five yards. The time of the winner was 1m 56.1-5s.

As was expected, D. Macmillan, the Cambridge star, who is believed to be the fastest amateur sprinter England has ever turned out, won the 100-yard dash. His time was 10.1-5s.

R. J. Holden of Yale won the broad jump, with a leap of 22ft. 9 1/4 in. This is 2 1/4 ins. better than he has ever before done in competition.

E. G. Taylor of Oxford won the two-mile run, with E. C. Porter of Oxford second. The winner's time was 9m. 29.1-5s., a new record for the games.

The quarter-mile dash was won by F. G. Black of Cambridge. Time 49.4-5s.

## Yale's Star Hurdler Who Scored First Victory for American Athletes



GEORGE A. CHISHOLM '11

## ATWOOD ENDS AIR TRIP; BALLOONS ARE SIGHTED

Aviator Who Accompanied Harry N. Atwood on Flight Nearly to National Capital



CHARLES K. HAMILTON

### DIARY OF ATWOOD'S FLIGHT

June 30—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 1—New London to New York, circling Singer building tower.

July 2—Flights around New York.

July 3—Inspected Statue of Liberty from aloft, with a passenger.

July 4—New York to Atlantic City.

July 5—Flew over ocean with woman passenger.

July 6—Patrolled beach at Atlantic City with biplane.

July 7—Aeroplane damaged at beginning of flight from Atlantic City to Washington; Charles K. Hamilton stepped in as passenger.

July 8—Broken propeller prevented flight.

July 9—Hamilton loaned Atwood his machine.

July 10—Atlantic City to Stemmers Run, near Baltimore; Hamilton as passenger.

July 11—Stemmers Run to College Park, Md., eight miles from Washington; Hamilton as passenger.

July 12—College Park to Washington, D. C., with passenger.

July 13—Washington to New York, with passenger.

July 14—New York to Boston, with passenger.

July 15—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 16—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 17—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 18—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 19—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 20—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 21—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 22—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 23—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 24—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 25—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 26—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 27—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 28—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 29—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

July 30—New London to Boston, with passenger.

July 31—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 1—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 2—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 3—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 4—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 5—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 6—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 7—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 8—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 9—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 10—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 11—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 12—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 13—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 14—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 15—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 16—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

August 17—New London to Boston, with passenger.

August 18—Boston to New London, Conn., with passenger.

WASHINGTON—Almost unheralded at the start save by a few enthusiasts and farmers who rose with the dawn, Harry N. Atwood, the Boston aviator, today all but completed the final lap in his record-breaking flight from Boston to Washington.

Amid the cheers of the army aviators at Uncle Sam's aerodrome at College Park, Md., eight miles from this city, the sky pilot and his passenger, Charles K. Hamilton, landed in their Burgess-Wright biplane at 5:50 a. m. They had left Stemmers Run, a few miles outside of Baltimore, at 4:35 a. m.

Atwood's feat, culminating today, marks a new record in American aviation. Cities, rivers, bays and even the ocean, offered no serious obstacles to the intrepid young pilot in his air trip from New England to the South. It is estimated that he has covered 600 miles in the last 12 days.

Atwood started in before noon to try out a Burgess-Wright machine at College Park. While about 100 feet aloft the engine suddenly stopped, and the machine dropped to the ground, landing heavily. Atwood emerged smiling from the wreck.

Atwood declares that he and Hamilton will fly from College Park late this evening and make good his promise to circle the Washington monument and view the city from the sky. The army aviators planned today to accompany Atwood on his trip in the government's Wright biplane.

Mr. Burgess, with Lieutenant Milling as a passenger, made a short flight in the new Burgess-Wright machine at the army aviation field on Monday.

Lieutenants Arnold and Kirtland flew (Continued on Page Six, Column Three.)

## MR. WALKER SEEKS TO PUSH TAX PLAN OVER GOVERNOR'S

Joseph Walker, speaker of the House of Representatives, today confirmed the report that he would seek to substitute his income tax resolve for the one that bears Governor Foss' name, when the latter comes up for consideration in the House today.

"My proposition is unlike the Governor's, in that it allows the Legislature to consider several forms of income taxation and to levy an income tax on not only intangible property, but also tangible property, even though it has been already once taxed," Mr. Walker said.

"The Governor's resolve allows an income tax to be placed only on intangible property and is really little different from the old three-mill tax, which legislators have sought to have Massachusetts adopt without success for many years past."

"As a matter of fact, the Governor's proposition would not yield as much revenue as the three-mill tax. It would yield a sum equal to about a two-mill tax."

Speaker Walker's resolve was favored by a minority of the committee on taxation. It is planned for members of this minority to speak in favor of the speaker's resolve today. Mr. Walker will probably also take the floor to favor it.

## STEEL WIRE MEN ARE HELD IN \$1000

NEW YORK—Eight more of the men indicted by the federal grand jury in connection with the formation of the alleged pools in the steel wire trade appeared before Judge Archbold in the United States circuit court and pleaded not guilty today. They were held in \$1000 bail each.

## GERMANY'S SEIZURE IS NOT OPPOSED BY U. S.

BERLIN—Emphatic denial has been received here by the American embassy to the reports from Paris and London today that the United States has made representations to the German government that it would consider a German naval base on the Moroccan coast as affecting the security of the Panama canal.

WASHINGTON—Positive denial of cable reports from London that the United States had protested to Germany against establishment of a naval base at Agadir, Morocco, was made at the state department today. This denial was followed with the statement that this government is holding no communication whatever with Germany on the subject of her actions in the Moroccan situation.

LONDON—Germany has received notice from Washington that the establishment of a German naval base upon the southwestern coast of Morocco would be considered by the United States as a menace to the Panama canal, according to the statement printed today by several London afternoon papers.

The newspapers affirm that the United States has advised the German government that it would support England in the latter's protest to Germany's action in sending a warship to Agadir.

PARIS—It was stated at the foreign office today that France had no knowledge of the reported representations made to the German government by the United States regarding the Moroccan situation.

The statement was made by the Echo de Paris that the United States had notified Germany that it is opposed to the establishment of a German naval base at Agadir, Morocco. The paper says that the United States would consider the establishment of a German naval base on the Moroccan coast as endangering the security of the Panama canal.

While the strictest secrecy is being maintained as to the pourparlers between France and Germany on the subject of Morocco and the despatch of a German warship to Agadir, it is understood that they are progressing favorably, and there is no likelihood at present of strained relations between the two powers.

## WEST END PROTESTS AGAINST NEW BILLS FOR CONSOLIDATION

Stockholders Prepare Public Statement Concerning the Tinkham Measure and Amendments

### SAID TO DISAGREE

Planned to Give West End Option on Accepting 7 Per Cent or Referring to an Arbitration Board

Protest in the form of a public statement is to be issued later today by the West End Stockholders Association against the Tinkham Elevated-West End consolidation bill and the various amendments which have been offered to the measure in the hope that it will prove satisfactory to the West End stockholders.

It was authoritatively said at the State House this noon by one in close touch with the West End stockholders that they are no nearer agreed on the consolidation bill as amended than they were on the original proposition. In fact it was said that there is greater opposition since the publication of the amendment prepared at the conference yesterday between Governor Foss and representatives of the city of Boston and the railroad interests.

The new amendment requires the West End stockholders to vote before Sept. 15 on the question of accepting a 7 per cent dividend now or of having the dividend declared by a board of arbitration in 1922.

Stockholders believe that the time is altogether too short to decide so important a question particularly as many of the stockholders are not in the city of Boston during the summer months. It is expected that the stockholders will urge that the consolidation bill be referred to the next General Court. Many of the members of the Legislature are (Continued on Page Six, Column Five.)

## SENATE PASSES TWO OF SIX BILLS VETOED OVER THE GOVERNOR

Following the receipt of six veto messages by the Legislature this afternoon from Governor Foss, the Senate as its first business of the day, passed over the Governor's veto the bill to increase the salaries of the assistant clerks of the House and Senate from \$2000 to \$2200 by a vote of 28 to 0, and the bill to establish a pension system for prison officers and instructors by a vote of 25 to 6.

These six vetoes are said to establish (Continued on Page Six, Column Three.)

## INDORSES BILL FOR BRIDGE OVER WEYMOUTH RIVER

In the House this morning the committee on ways and means reported miscellaneous appropriations for various state departments to cover \$436,688.74 of expenditures.

The same committee reported ought to pass in new draft an appropriation of \$80,000 for the building of the new bridge over Weymouth Back river, between Hingham and Weymouth, with draw 50 feet wide at its opening. The bill apportions the final cost, 45 per cent to be paid by the commonwealth, 20 per cent by the county of Norfolk, 20 per cent by the county of Plymouth and 15 per cent by the street railway company using the bridge. The original bill called for an expenditure not exceeding \$100,000. The new bill makes the three harbor and land commissioners, the chairman of the Plymouth county commission and the chairman of the Norfolk county commission, the bridge commissioners to construct the new bridge.

## WEATHER MAN STILL EXPECTING LOCAL SHOWERS

The weather man is still expecting local showers which will dispel the prevailing high temperature.

This morning the official temperature figures for the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock were 87 and 91, respectively, exactly the same as those registered Monday, which constituted a record at those hours for this season. Monday afternoon the mercury lowered, however, from the record of July 4.

There were seven fatalities in Boston Monday and 50 persons were prostrated. The temperature reported was:

8 a. m. 87, 12 m. 91, 2 p. m. 91, 4 p. m. 87, 6 p. m. 87, 8 p. m. 87, 10 p. m. 87, 11 p. m. 87.

10 a. m. 87, 12 m. 91, 2 p. m. 91, 4 p. m. 87, 6 p. m. 87, 8 p. m. 87, 10 p. m. 87, 11 p. m. 87.

11 a. m. 87, 12 m. 91, 2 p. m. 91, 4 p. m. 87, 6 p. m. 87, 8 p. m. 87, 10 p. m. 87, 11 p. m. 87.

12 a. m. 87, 1 a. m. 87, 2 a. m. 87, 3 a. m. 87, 4 a. m. 87, 5 a. m. 87, 6 a. m. 87, 7 a. m. 87, 8 a. m. 87, 9 a. m. 87, 10 a. m. 87, 11 a. m. 87, 12 m. 91, 1 p. m. 91, 2 p. m. 91, 3 p. m. 91, 4 p. m. 87, 5 p. m. 87, 6 p. m. 87, 7 p. m. 87, 8 p. m. 87, 9 p. m. 87, 10 p. m. 87, 11 p. m. 87, 12 m. 87, 1 a. m. 87, 2 a. m. 87, 3 a. m. 87, 4 a. m. 87, 5 a. m. 87, 6 a. m. 87, 7 a. m. 87, 8 a. m. 87, 9 a. m. 87, 10 a. m. 87, 11 a. m. 87, 12 m. 87, 1 p. m. 87, 2 p. m. 87, 3 p. m. 87, 4 p. m. 87, 5 p. m. 87, 6 p. m. 87, 7 p. m. 87, 8 p. m. 87, 9 p. m. 87, 10 p. m. 87, 11 p. m. 87, 12 m. 87, 1 a. m. 87, 2 a. m. 87, 3 a. m. 87, 4 a. m. 87, 5 a. m. 87, 6 a. m. 87, 7 a. m. 87, 8 a. m. 87, 9 a. m. 87, 10 a. m. 87, 11 a. m. 87, 12 m. 87, 1 p. m. 87, 2 p. m. 87, 3 p. m. 87, 4 p. m. 87, 5 p. m. 87, 6 p. m. 87, 7 p. m. 87, 8 p. m. 87, 9 p. m. 87, 10 p. m. 87, 11 p. m. 87, 12 m. 87, 1 a. m. 87, 2 a. m. 87, 3 a. m. 87, 4 a. m. 87, 5 a. m. 87, 6 a. m. 87, 7 a. m. 87, 8 a. m. 87, 9 a. m. 87, 10 a. m. 87, 11 a. m. 87, 12 m. 87, 1 p. m. 87, 2 p. m. 87, 3 p. m. 87,



## Send your "Want" to THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee, the Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

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Street.....  
City..... State.....

State your "want" in 20 words and attach the above coupon, properly filled out.  
The above coupon must be attached to insure insertion.

## It will be run FREE ONE WEEK ON THE CLASSIFIED AD PAGE

Write your advertisement, attach blank and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass. The Monitor is read in every city in America.

### EXPENSE OF LEMON PRODUCTION IN SICILY REPORTED BY CONSUL

WASHINGTON—Consul Hernando de Soto at Palermo writes:

"This office has secured a complete and interesting report in regard to the cultivation of lemons in Sicily, which was recently compiled by Nicolo Marasa, an expert Italian pomologist. In this report Mr. Marasa has endeavored to illustrate, first, the actual cost of growing lemons, selecting, as an example, a lemon grove covering 40,000 square meters, corresponding to about 10 American acres; second, the average cost of preparing and packing one box of lemons placed on board steamer at Palermo, for export to the United States.

The report reads in substance as follows:

The cultivation of lemons in Sicily now involves considerable expense. Manual labor has been steadily increasing in cost, principally attributed to the persistent efforts of the department of labor (camera del lavoro) in attempting to better labor conditions, so that during the past five years, by reducing the working hours and increasing the wages, the cost of manual labor has almost doubled.

The minimum wages for field work paid is 2.50 lire (\$0.48) for men and 1.50 lire (\$0.29) for women, per day of nine hours. It has also been noticed that the work now performed by the laborer is not as careful nor as thorough as in former times. The groves are mostly old and growing the same fruit continuously on the same soil naturally will decrease its productivity, making abundant manuring necessary.

The summers are very long, excessively hot and dry, requiring frequent irrigation (at least every two weeks from May until October), while spring water, at a comparatively small cost, is available for only a limited number of groves. Most of the lemon orchards are on elevated plains, hills, or slopes, the irrigation of which requires the construction of extensive iron water conduits or the digging of wells of 30, 40 and 60 meters (98.5, 131 and 197 feet) in depth, equipped with costly pumping machinery, making the cost of one cubic meter (35 cubic feet) of water, 2 cents.

The production of the oldest groves is gradually declining, and experience has shown that the crop from trees planted on clay soil, which abounds in Sicily, is usually scarce. Applying fertilizer involves considerable expense.

Many groves lack in proper road communication, it being necessary to incur heavy expenses for transporting the fertilizer by mules. It has also been found that the chemical fertilizer must be abundantly applied every year, while stable manure need only be spread once every three years.

Heavy government, provincial and municipal taxes contribute much toward increasing the cost of raising the fruit. The cost of a lemon grove varies according to the soil and the topographic conditions, whether irrigation is from natural springs or from wells with hydraulic machinery. It may be estimated, however, that a tract of unplanted land measuring 10 acres with available natural irrigation is worth about \$3800.

The cost of planting and cultivating an acre of the above dimensions, the number of the trees aggregating from 1700 to 1800, until a normal, uninterrupted production is reached, averages about \$7720, thus involving a total investment of \$11,580. These expenses, of course, are considerably higher for plantations on hills or slopes which require the construction of terraces and special water conduits.

The lemons are gathered from the trees by men and placed in baskets, which are handed to boys, who in turn dump the lemons on a bed of straw, where women remove the stems. The fruit is then again transported by men to the storehouses (magazzini rurali), located in the grove. Here the lemons are superficially assorted, wrapped in paper and placed in boxes by men and women. The total cost of the work as above described averages 16 cents per box, of which 11 cents is for picking, stemming and storing and 5 cents for preliminary classification, wrapping and placing in box at grove.

### AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON  
B. F. KEITH'S—Vandeville.  
CASTLE SQUARE—"Mary Jane's Pa."  
MAJESTIC—"Zaza."

NEW YORK  
COHAN—"Get Rich Quick Wallingford."  
HAMMERSTEIN—Vandeville.  
NEW AMSTERDAM—"The Pink Lady."

### PLANS TO REBUILD BIDDEFORD BLOCK NOW UNDER WAY

BIDDEFORD, Me.—Work is well under way today of clearing the three acres of debris left by the \$125,000 fire, at Elm and Center streets on Saturday night.

It is expected that before the end of the summer a substantial brick block will be built on the site of the row of two-story wooden buildings at Main and Elm streets. The Goodwin block will be rebuilt, and it is expected that many of the tenement houses will be replaced by more substantial flat houses.

Nearly all of the homeless have obtained tenements in other parts of the city.

An effort will be made by the police and city authorities to learn the origin of the fire. Joseph Proulx does not think he would be able to identify the man he saw enter the stable a few minutes before the flames started.

### MORE BOY SCOUTS TO HIKE TO LAKE

A second patrol of 12 boy scouts under a leader will make a hike on Monday next over the route taken by the party that left Boston Monday of this week. There will be a third hike on the succeeding Monday, and possibly a fourth the following week. Each party will be under a different leader.

The route in every case will be the same as that followed Monday. Starting from Boston at 9:30 a. m. by trolley to Weymouth, the boys will march to Hanover, camping over night on the estate of Major Trafton, then march to the lake camp at Bourneville. The return trip is to be by boat from Plymouth.

### J. P. MORGAN, JR., AT SUBWAY MEETING

NEW YORK—J. P. Morgan, Jr., was called into the continued subway conference which was held at the office of the public service commission today.

J. P. Morgan's office and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company were represented at the two conferences held Monday.

The first conference was in the office of George McAneny, president of Manhattan, and chairman of the transit committee of the board of estimate. There were present H. P. Davison of Mr. Morgan's office, Edward M. Grout, counsel to the Interborough, and Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough.

Shoe Travelers Association went on the eleventh annual outing, held today at the Lynnway Club, Point of Pines. Headed by a band they marched to the ferry.

Athletic events were held, after which a dinner was served. The arrangements are in charge of a committee headed by J. D. Sheridan, president, and William Noll, secretary.

### CHAUTAUQUA IN ANNUAL SESSION

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—The twenty-fifth annual session of the Chautauqua Assembly opened at Laurel park, this city, Monday night. Short addresses were made by the Rev. H. G. Alley of Monson, president of the assembly; Dr. W. L. Davidson of Cleveland, superintendent of instruction, and Prof. Alfred H. Evans of Northampton, treasurer and superintendent of entertainment. A concert was given with readings.

### SUGAR TRUST MAN NOW ON STAND

WASHINGTON—Robert M. Parker, traffic manager of the American Sugar Refining Company, the first witness before the House sugar trust investigating committee, today told about freight rates and practices and said New York did not have preferential privileges except to a few New Jersey and Hudson river points.

### WOMEN CAPTURE NEGRO IN HOUSE

After having entered the apartment of Jason Weller of 1351, Commonwealth avenue, Allston, yesterday, Ferdinand C. Smith, a negro, ran to the top floor and was caught and held there by three women, Mrs. William Conway, her daughter, Miss Conway, and a friend who was stopping in the house. Smith was taken in charge by Patrolman Hugh Wylie.

### GOV. BASS ATTENDS HOTEL OPENING AT BRETTON WOODS

BRETTON WOODS, N. H.—The official opening ceremonies of the Mount Washington hotel on Monday were given over to a personal eulogy of John Anderson. Governor Bass, members of his staff, including Thomas Entwistle, Rufus N. Elwell and R. A. Carpenter, and three men who formerly were governors of the state, Charles H. Floyd of Manchester, Henry B. Quimby of Litchfield, and members of the Legislature and hotel men throughout the state, with their families, were included in the list of invitations, which numbered nearly 300.

The ceremonies opened as usual with the firing of the Governor's salute and the unfurling of the stars and stripes and the hotel pennants, while the orchestra played "The Star Spangled Banner."

Governor Bass opened the programme and sketched Mr. Anderson's connection with the development of the White mountains. Mr. Anderson was a member of the engineering party to lay out the first steam railroad into this region.

### NEW YORK CITY CHARTER HELD UP IN LEGISLATURE

ALBANY, N. Y.—There will be no charter for New York city passed at this session of the Legislature. That was finally decided by the leaders after Governor Dix had issued a statement saying he believed it extremely unwise to rush so important a document through during the closing days of a long drawn out session.

The charter, which has been completed, will be introduced on Wednesday. If the present ideas of the Democrats are carried out, it will be passed in September, either at a special session or at a regular session called after a recess.

Many persons here regard the charter development as a result of political trouble of some sort, probably a disagreement between Mayor Gaynor and Charles F. Murphy of Tammany. Announcement that the charter would not be hurried to passage has caused jubilation among the law makers of both parties, and they are confident now that the Legislature will adjourn on July 21.

### NEW CITY OFFICE ADDED IN MALDEN

Charles T. Hall, chairman of the street and water commission of Malden, has announced a new office assistant superintendent of streets, brought about by the growth of the city. The department has promoted Timekeeper Lawrence G. Shepard of the street department to the new office as assistant to Superintendent George W. Stiles. The work of the department has increased from about \$300,000 to nearly \$500,000 during the past few years.

### LEXINGTON BUILDS SWIMMING POOL

LEXINGTON, Mass.—A public swimming pool is being constructed in the meadows near the wells of the old Lexington water works and Vine brook. The pool will be about 100 feet long and 40 feet wide.

The town at a recent town meeting appropriated \$450 for this object, while a committee consisting of these men was appointed to have charge of the matter: Charles H. Bugbee, J. Odin Tilton, M. D.; Frederick G. Jones, Augustus E. Scott and Fred L. Emery.

### TAKES TELEPHONE FUNDS

Money and checks amounting to \$50 were taken from the office of the Somerville exchange of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company yesterday by a man who represented himself as the agent of a local express company.

### NEW ENGLAND FOREST INSPECTION

WASHINGTON—William L. Hall of the national forest service will go to New England shortly to inspect lands offered the government to be included in the White mountain forest reserve.

### PASSENGERS ALL RESCUED

SAN FRANCISCO—Every passenger on the steamer Santa Rosa, wrecked near Point Arguello, has been accounted for, according to a statement given out Monday.

### CAUGHT IN BROOKLINE CAVE-IN

Dominick Pingi of 7 Quincey court, Boston, was injured in Brookline early today when a ditch in which he was working in St. Paul street caved in. The other workmen escaped.

### GAS PLANTS IN THREE INDIANA CITIES ARE TO FORM A COMBINATION

MARION, Ind.—Gas plants in three Indiana cities have merged. Pipe lines are to connect the cities.

John L. McCulloch, Marion banker, who recently obtained a franchise to operate an artificial gas plant in Marion and who later purchased the holdings of the Marion Natural Gas Company of this city, announces that he has entered into agreement with Rufus Dawes of Chicago, controlling the gas interests of Marion, Muncie and Hartford City will be consolidated into one company and the three cities connected by eight-inch pipe lines. McCulloch recently acquired the Hartford City gas franchise.

At Marion and Muncie gas plants with gas reservoirs capable of holding 500,000 cubic feet will be constructed. The site of the Marion Fruit Jar & Bottle Company in this city has been purchased as a site for the local plant. Hartford City is also to have a gas holder of sufficient capacity to insure an adequate supply of gas for that place.

Constructing firms who have contracts to build the gas plants are to have them completed in all the cities by Nov. 15, and, if not, a penalty clause will require them to pay a large sum of money for each day the plants remain uncompleted.

The purpose in connecting the three cities by eight-inch mains is that should the supply be diminished in any city the other cities may be drawn on. The Dawes Brothers of Chicago are interested in gas plants in many cities.

Mr. McCulloch in a signed statement addressed to the people of Marion announces that he will retain a large interest in the consolidated company, and will personally see to it that every promise he has made the people relative to artificial gas in Marion is carried out. The gas franchise obtained recently by McCulloch for Marion calls for \$1 a thousand cubic feet of gas, with 10 per cent reduction if paid by the tenth of each month. The franchise in reality is for 90-cent gas.

### VENEZUELA LOOKS OUT FOR CASTRO

CARACAS, Venezuela.—Although the Venezuelan government makes the official announcement that it has no authentic news concerning revolutionists landing, it has sent the gunboat Margarita to Maracaibo and every preparation will be made to concentrate troops wherever trouble occurs.

The government also has sent out a large number of men to watch the coast line, so that the appearance of revolutionists may be promptly reported.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao.—A wireless message from Aruba Monday reports that the American armored cruiser North Carolina, which carried the American representatives to the centennial anniversary of the independence of Venezuela, left La Guaira and is now anchored off Aruba island, which is in the Dutch Antilles, near the coast of Venezuela.

### CORBETT ESTATE ACCOUNT OPPOSED

John R. McVey and Malcolm H. Ivy, administrators of the estate of William J. Corbett, a junk dealer, filed their first account Monday. It shows receipts of \$169,127.92 and disbursements of \$48,104.93, leaving a balance of \$121,022.99. Objection to the account was filed also by Bartholomew A. Brickley and Patrick O'Loughlin. They represent William J. Corbett, who claims to be a son and only heir of the intestate.

Among the items are administrator charges of \$9000 for John R. McVey, \$7500 for M. H. Ivy, \$5000 counsel fee for Arthur McVey and \$15,000 for Jesse C. Ivy. A trip to Europe costing \$298.75 and other expenses are counted in.

### NEW RUTLAND COMMISSIONER

RUTLAND, Vt.—Guy W. Pratt has been removed from the board of license commissioners of this city, for cause, by County Judges Horace M. Redfield of Hubbardston and Edwin Horton of Chittenden. Mr. Pratt's successor is W. F. Burditt.

### PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS AT MALDEN OPENED TO CHILDREN OF CITY

Malden's public playgrounds, each in charge of competent instructors, were opened to the children of the city today and will be open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning until 5 o'clock in the afternoon until Sept. 1.

The playgrounds are in charge of general secretary Samuel K. Nason of the Malden Y. M. C. A. who has volunteered his services as in the past year.

The city, at an expense of about \$7500, has fitted up playgrounds at Cradock park, Webster playground and at Bell Rock park. Tents, teeters, giant strides, horizontal bars, flying rings, volleyball, slides, baseball diamonds, quoits and sand boxes have been placed in each of the playgrounds by the park department and upwards of 1500 children will probably be instructed at each of the three parks before the end of the week.

Leagues will be formed for all of the sports and team captains elected by the children at the playgrounds. These leagues will be coached by the instructors and teachers. Instructors have also been provided for caring for the smaller children.

Thus far the teachers elected are: Cradock park, C. B. Sanford and Miss Virginia Cutter; Webster playground, C. R. Sampson and Miss Daisy M. Riley; Bell Rock park, L. W. Smith.

### BOILER MAKERS TALK PROBLEMS OF MANUFACTURE

Problems of boiler making occupied the morning session of the Boiler Manufacturers Association of United States and Canada and the Suppliers Association, which opened for the second day of the twenty-third annual convention today at the Hotel Brunswick. The convention will close Thursday.

About 100 delegates and nearly as many women were present at the reception Monday evening. At the opening session acting Mayor Collins made an address of welcome, and welcomed the delegates, in the absence of President Meier of New York.

The meeting was presided over by J. Don Smith of Charleston, S. C., second vice-president, who also presided in the afternoon until the arrival of President Meier. The other speakers in the morning were James C. Stewart of Worcester and Duncan D. Russell of Boston, both representatives of the New England association.

### BRICKS FROM LAVA MADE IN HONOLULU

A company has erected a great plant at Honolulu where bricks are made from lava, says Harper's Weekly.

Methods have been discovered by which the lava from volcanoes can be used in the manufacture of bricks and other building blocks, and that these will be very durable. If the scheme is a success bricks for paving as well as building purposes will be made.

At Honolulu, where the plant is now in operation, the owners are supplying material for the construction of extensive military quarters, and private individuals are using the new material for constructing dwellings, which are expected to be more substantial than many of the former types of dwellings constructed in that and other cities.

### NEW YORK SEEKING PAY FOR WAR DEBT

NEW YORK—After years of inactivity another effort is to be made by New York to recover from the federal government \$602,000, which the city spent in equipping soldiers for the civil war. This claim is one of the few uncompleted administrative acts connecting the present day with half a century ago.

Controller Prendergast is now looking into the history of the city's claim with a view to taking it up forthwith and either recovering the money which the books show is due the city or balancing the account by crediting it to "making history." Adria Sizer of Washington is representing the city.

### MEDFORD CALLS PASTOR

The Rev. Isaac Phillip Coddington, for the past two years pastor of the Adams Universalist church, has accepted the pastorate of the Medford Hillside Universalist church and will assume charge there Sept. 1.

### COMMUNITY LIFE IS TO BE AMHERST CONFERENCE TOPIC

AMHERST, Mass.—As a closing feature of the summer school the second annual conference for those interested in the development of rural community life will be held at the Massachusetts Agricultural College Aug. 2, 3 and 4.

The evening meetings will be addressed by Howard Bradstreet of New York, Dr. Myron T. Scudder of New Brunswick, N. J., Dean Liberty Hyde Bailey of Cornell University and E. B. Watrous of Washington.

Prof. Alvah J. Norman, who has been establishing demonstration orchards in different parts of the state, reports that it is possible to start an orchard which can be made to pay for itself and yield something as an investment before it comes into bearing.

Data from three orchards show the cost of caring for the trees and the associated crops to vary from \$75 to \$158 and that the value of the associated crop was sufficient to keep the net cost under \$4 a year.

### FAVOR TAUNTON SPRINKLER CARS

The railroad commissioners approve the contract between the American Car Sprinkler Company and the Taunton and Pawtucket Street Railway Company, providing for the operation of sprinkler cars in Taunton, but reserves the right to supervise and further regulate as public interest may require.

The board approves the location for tracks of the Springfield street railway in Main street, in the town of Longmeadow, established under an order of the aldermen of that town.

The board authorizes the Boston & Maine railroad to run a special train from Worcester to Sterling Junction, and return, Aug. 6, for exclusive use of those going to the Swedish camp meeting, provided the fares are not less than on regular week-day trains.

### READING WILL NOT BUILD GAS PLANT

READING, Mass.—By a majority of 125 to 28 the voters at the central town meeting held Monday night rejected the proposition to install a gas distributing plant. It was argued that the expenditure of \$30,000 now would mean a total cost of over \$100,000 later and that the extension of gas service would reduce the profit of the municipal electric plant. The People's Gas & Electric Company will continue to supply its present customers in the center of the town, but no new franchises will be granted.

### MR. SCHWAB LIKES STEEL GATHERING

PARIS—Interviewed here regarding the recent steel conference, Charles Schwab said he thought the results very satisfactory. He had never expected, he added, that such a gathering of men, most of whom were old competitors, would be so pleasant.

The attitude of the King of the Belgians toward the conference was most friendly, said Mr. Schwab, and his majesty showed himself very well posted on American affairs. Mr. Schwab will sail for home on the Olympic tomorrow.

### PLAN TO AMEND THE HARBOR BILL

When the Brown \$9,000,000 harbor development bill is reached for debate in the Senate this afternoon Senator Nason is expected to offer an amendment making provision for the construction of the Boynton bicycle railway from Fall River to connect with the dock terminal improvements contemplated by the proposed act.

The harbor bill took its third reading in the upper branch late Monday without opposition and comes up for engrossment today.

### ACCUSED MILK DEALER FREED

NORTH BROOKFIELD, Mass.—Charles D. Sage was arrested and tried in the district court, East Brookfield, Monday on the charge of selling milk below the standard. The charge was dismissed.

### BREAD

To be wholesome and nutritious should be made of FRANKLIN MILLS ENTIRE WHEAT FLOUR, either whole or in part. SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET OF RECIPES.

FRANKLIN MILLS CO., 131 STATE ST., BOSTON  
Auto Maps W. B. Clarke Co. and Guides 25 & 28 Tremont St.

### NEW BATHHOUSE AT REVERE BEACH OPENS LABOR DAY

A bathhouse at Revere beach capable of accommodating the overflow from the state bathhouse will be constructed immediately. The foundations are being laid now.

The structure will be of monolithic concrete, three stories high, in Spanish style, costing \$50,000, and will open on Labor day. It will stand at the shore end of the new \$100,000 ocean pier, at the south end of Revere beach.

This bathhouse will be open all the year round for warm salt water bathing, similar to the establishments on the Pacific coast. A swimming pool for men, 28 by 125 feet, will hold 125,000 gallons. There is a smaller pool planned for the women, 18 by 50 feet, holding 25,000 gallons, and slanting from three to six feet at the bottom.

There will be 250 dressing rooms and 500 clothes lockers, in a large dressing room, thus accommodating between 750 and 800 persons at one time.

A. C. Kirby, proprietor of the hotel Pleasanton at Revere, who will be in charge of the new bathhouse, said today that the metropolitan park commission is entirely in accord with the plan. The commission, he said, petitioned the Legislature for such inside pools for two consecutive years.

### FIVE FIREMEN ARE PROMOTED

Fire Commissioner Daly has made the following promotions, which were approved by Walter Collins, acting mayor: Lieut. Charles T. Farren of chemical engine 2, Church street, South End, and Lieut. Harry M. Hebard of engine 22, Warren avenue, to captaincies. John F. Gillen of ladder truck 3, Harrison avenue, South End; Henry J. Kelley of ladder truck 1, Friend street, and Henry J. Power of ladder 8, Fort Hill square, lieutenants.

Farren and Hebard will not have to submit to any examination before the civil service commission, but the three named for lieutenants will, and before the week ends a date will be selected.

### STONEHAM OUTING DATE IS FIXED

STONEHAM, Mass.—The merchants and business men's association voted last night to have the annual merchants outing at Salem Willows on July 19 or on July 26, if the weather on the first date is not favorable. Business will be suspended.

The association elected John B. McEachern president, Sidney A. Hill vice-president and W. C. Whitteer secretary and treasurer, and appointed these committees for the outing: Transportation, J. Edward Bell, H. E. Bellows, Sidney A. Hill; printing, George R. Barnstead and John E. Lewis; sports and finance, J. B. McEachern, W. S. Coy, W. R. Sleeper, Charles Kelley, Ray Doucette, R. E. Sheridan, B. D. McShane.

### HAVERHILL MARSHAL INQUIRY

HAVERHILL, Mass.—Demont Good-year, who represents the interests of the petitioners to the council for serious consideration of the qualifications of the man to be elected city marshal, says that there have been no charges filed against the present marshal, and the hearing which is to be held tonight is one ordered by the council without any request from the petitioners.

### Are You to Travel?

The Monitor's Hotel and Travel Department is organized to serve the interests of Monitor readers. Its acquaintance with hotels and transportation lines is extensive and its facilities complete. It will gladly supply information concerning hotels, resorts and lines of travel in any part of the world. If contemplating a journey the Department will gladly send you, free of charge, such information as you desire. If you desire information about summer resorts, write us whether you wish sea, mountain or inland locations, and price you wish to pay. We will submit a list of resorts, and when you make your selection, we will be glad to make reservations for you for dates desired. Hotel and Travel Department THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, Boston, Mass.



## RANELAGH C U P S

## RATIONAL GOLF

By JASON ROGERS

Hitherto the only effect that the bulger has had upon club-making history (if he has had any at all) has been in the direction of the shortening of heads. That change would probably have come in any case, since the old Leads were of unconscionable length; but it may have been hastened by the arrival of the bulger, which was of a decidedly stocky and stumpy build. The bulge was soon fled away and disappeared, but the

## BASEBALL PICKUPS

stumpiness remained and the long, thin head became a thing of the past. If the bulger is to enjoy another life, one may hope that it will not be reincarnated in "Dreadnought," since a head so amply gifted both before and behind would not be a thing of beauty.

# PLAYING FIRST ROUND IN ESSEX COUNTY TENNIS

former representative Herbert W. Burr of ward 24, candidate for the Republican nomination for state auditor, has announced that he will contest in the supreme court the decision of Attorney-General Swift that no new enrolment of voters is necessary under the direct nominations act before the supreme court.

## EVANS DOES WELL

The visitors closed their first innings Monday for a total of 207, or 6 more runs than the home team had made on Saturday. Philadelphia scored 117 in the second inning. Of the 56 runs needed to win the game, J. B. Conyers, the Bermuda captain, who leads the batting list, carried his bat for 32.

Spirit Lake, Ia., and Lester S. German of Aberdeen, Md., two of the best known shots in the country, shot at the DuPont Gun Club Monday for the Hazard trophy, a \$750 cup offered by a powder company for the double target championship. The match was won by Gilbert, by the score of 183 to 178.

H. A. Plummer and B. S. Prentice defeated Dean Mathey and C. M. Bull, Jr. 6-4, 6-2.

**LABOR DAY AUTO RACES OFF**  
CHICAGO—Indianapolis motor speedway owners have called off their Labor day meet, so as not to conflict with the road races scheduled for Aug. 25 and 26 at Elgin, Ill.

## ADVENTURESS WINS

BASE BALL  
Two Games Tomorrow at 2  
St. Louis  
NATIONAL LEAGUE GROUNDS



## CIVIL SERVICE TEST FOR NEW YORK FIRE CHIEF ON IN EARNEST

NEW YORK—The 10 deputy fire chiefs who are ambitious to be chief of the city's fire department are being examined today in laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and report-making. The results will be announced in two weeks.

Five minutes before the examination started on Monday the civil service commission's stenographer made mimeograph copies of four questions which the civil service commissioners had chosen a minute before out of a long list. The principal question referred to fires at several points in the city at once.

At some points in the fire-swept zones, in the given circumstances, there was the highest kind of water pressure, and at other points there was the lowest pressure. To fight the flames at these different points there was a given number of fireboats, fire apparatus and firemen.

"What orders would you send out and what would you do as fire chief of New York city?" was the question each applicant had to answer.

The chiefship of the city's fire department pays \$7,000. But in 1909 the board of estimate passed a special act increasing Chief Croker's salary to \$10,000. This, however, was a special dispensation. Since Mr. Croker resigned, Kenyon, as acting chief, has only been receiving his regular deputy chief's salary of \$4,200, which is what all the nine other deputies who contested in the examination are getting, with the exception of Lally, who as acting chief of Brooklyn and Queens gets \$7,500.

## NEW SEAL TREATY HELD INEFFECTIVE

WASHINGTON—Doubt is expressed here whether the new treaty for the protection of seals by the abolition of pelagic sealing will prove effective in that it does not include Pacific ocean ports.

Ships could start from ports in the Caroline islands and work their way north to the seal herd. As these would be on the high seas during the whole voyage, they could not be interfered with. This would leave the business to shippers of those nations that are not now included in the agreement, to the great loss of ships flying the flags of nations in the agreement.

## THEOLOGY BRANCH TO RECEIVE FUND

KINGSTON, Ont.—Efforts will now be made to strengthen the Presbyterian theology department of Queen's University. According to the terms of separation of the faculty of theology, which is to be known as Queen's College, will receive \$200,000 as its share of the university's endowment.

Ten years ago the proposal was to give the theological faculty \$150,000. After the recent endowment was collected the sum of \$50,000 was added as the theology faculty's share, making a total of \$200,000.

## BROCKTON MAN NOT CONFIRMED

BROCKTON, Mass.—The aldermen Monday night declined to confirm the appointment of Walter Lane for sewerage commissioner for three years by a vote of 3 to 3. Mayor Howard probably will not make another appointment.

Representative Albin F. Nordbeck was unanimously confirmed as sewerage commissioner for two years. The board passed an ordinance creating permanent tenure for the chief of the fire department and the two assistant chiefs.

## LECTURES FOR WISCONSIN MEN

MADISON, Wis.—The lecture of Grant Showman, postponed from last week at the University of Wisconsin, will be delivered in University hall this evening. The subject will deal with the art collection of the university classical room and will be preceded by a lecture by Prof. R. H. Whitbeck in the science hall on "Place, Names and the Stories they Tell."

## SENATE DIGNITY YIELDS TO FANS

WASHINGTON—With four revolving electric fans over their heads the Senate is on the fifteenth week of the special session. Heretofore the dignity of the Senate has barred mechanical fans.

## 'DICK' LETTER CHARGE IN THE ALASKAN CASE GETS MORE PUZZLING

WASHINGTON—There is as much mystery today as ever about the story of the "Dick to Dick" letter published last week, which seeks to involve President Taft and his brother, Charles P. Taft, in a scheme to enable the Guggenheim syndicate to obtain control of the water front of Controller bay, Alaska.

Immediately after the return of the President to the White House from his yachting trip he ordered a search to be made of the files of his correspondence with his brother to see if there was anything in it bearing in any way upon Alaskan matters, and on the Controller bay business in particular. Nothing was found.

At the same time word came from Cincinnati that a search had been made of the letter file in Charles P. Taft's office and nothing on Alaska, or concerning "Dick" Ryan or touching the business in any way had been found.

Secretary Fisher told the President that when Miss Abbot submitted her article in which for inspection it contained no reference to such a letter.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Richard S. Ryan filed today's scrip on 100 rods of Controller bay water front under date of Oct. 29, 1910, the day after President Taft signed the order eliminating the land from the tional forest reserve. The filings are on two blocks of 100 acres each, separated by a quarter section as required by law.

Alaskans and others well informed on the coal situation in the north say that Mr. Ryan's filings can be of no service to him, except in the case of railroad bonds.

Several railroads have been surveying from Controller bay to the great coal fields and efforts are making to sell bonds of these roads in Europe.

## COAST TO SUPPLY FARM WORKERS

WINNIPEG, Man.—The Canadian Pacific Railway is arranging to harvest what at the present time promises to be the more than 200,000,000-bushel crop of the Canadian prairie West. It was stated recently at the company's office that a number of inquiries had been telegraphed to large employers of labor all over eastern Canada, asking whether they could spare men.

Answers received to date show that the labor situation is not encouraging. Instead of being able to spare men, employers say they have not enough to meet their normal requirements. It is possible, though, that an altogether novel experiment will be made of bringing in from 7000 to 10,000 men from British Columbia points, mainly from Vancouver.

## FIREWORKS BILLS REJECTED BY CITY

NEW YORK—Acting on the recommendation of Raymond B. Fosdick, commissioner of accounts, Controller Prendergast has decided to withhold all payments for fireworks displayed in New York city on Independence day.

The companies which furnished the pyrotechnics will be compelled to bring suits and the city will contest the bills on the charge of fraud. This decision is the outcome of the investigation made by Mr. Fosdick following the charge that the city was defrauded. It is alleged that only half of the \$30,000 appropriated by the board of aldermen was spent for fireworks.

## ORDER NEW YORK CAR TRANSFERS

NEW YORK—An order of the public service commission issued today restores street car transfers at 151 points in the city on or before Aug. 10.

Representatives of the traction companies are conferring on the situation and will attempt to stay the order.

## DUCHESS BUYS QUAY RESIDENCE

PITTSBURG—The Duchess of Marlborough (Consuelo Vanderbilt) is the purchaser of the former residence of the late Senator Mathew Stanley Quay in Washington. She paid \$130,000 and proposes to occupy the house during the social activities of the year at the capital.

## AT RAILROAD TERMINALS

Frank Barker, train master of the Portland division, and Ash V. Bartlett, general yard master of the Boston & Maine road, are attending the Mystic Shriners' convocation at Rochester, N. Y.

The Pullman car Mayflower, occupied by Marvin Hewett and party, passed through Boston today enroute from New York city to Bar Harbor, Me.

Thomas T. Baldwin and party left the North station at 11 o'clock this morning enroute to Fitzwilliam, N. H.

For the accommodation of Roger Williams lodge of Odd Fellows, the New Haven road ran a special train from Providence to Boston today.

The American Express Company commenced today to operate a through express car service between Portland, Me., and Cincinnati.

Henry C. Frick in the private car Westmoreland passed through Boston during the night en route from Prides Crossing to New York city.

## MEDFORD SUMMER SCHOOL BEGINS WITH RECORD ENROLMENT

Regular sessions of Medford's summer schools began today with 360 pupils enrolled in the various courses. Practically all of Monday was taken up with enrollment, dividing the pupils into classes and explaining the work to be done during the six weeks of the session.

Sessions opened in the Cradlock and Center school buildings. Besides the 360 pupils enrolled, an increase in enrollment is looked for by the close of this week and it is probable that a third school building will have to be opened by the beginning of the second week of the term.

In the Cradlock school are housed the kindergarten classes for children from 4 to 6 years, a primary class for children between 6 and 10 years of age, a sewing class for girls between the ages of 10 and 15 years, and sloyd classes for boys in sloyd and woodworking between 12 and 15 years of age, besides other of the manual classes.

Two hundred pupils are in the academic courses, being given an opportunity to make up back studies or to take examinations for double promotions. There are 160 pupils in the manual departments. The school is the largest summer school ever conducted in the city.

"Preparations had been made to accommodate about 150 pupils, and it was originally planned to have a corps of six teachers. It has been necessary, however, to secure 15 teachers, all but three having been secured by the committee to start work this morning.

The teaching corps consists, in the academic course, of Principal Blanchard, John Cosgrove of the high school corps, Miss Amy Segitz of the high school corps, Miss Bertha Davis, Miss Mary Gorman, Miss Alice Kennedy and Miss Bertha Gow, all grammar school teachers. In the manual course are Edgar R. Breed, in charge of the woodworking department, Miss Ruth Bogrette and three others.

The sessions are being held under the direction of the school committee, and are in charge of Principal Fred H. Nickerson. The principal in charge of the schools is Clifton W. Blanchard, recently elected principal of the Brooks grammar school of West Medford.

## STEAMSHIP LINES CONFER ON POOL

LONDON—The North Atlantic steamship companies constituting the Atlantic conference resumed their meetings Monday, hopeful of successfully threshing out the problem of pooling the third class traffic.

A number of committees were appointed for the purpose of thoroughly investigating the respective claims and viewpoints of the several companies.

The shipping representatives met at Cologne last March, but adjourned without having taken final action on the renewal of the Atlantic conference pool agreement.

## GUY A. HAM SEEKS COUNCILORSHIP

A three-cornered contest for the Republican nomination for councilorship from the second district is promised with the announcement of the candidacy of Guy A. Ham of Dorchester, former assistant United States district attorney.

The district is now represented by J. Stearns Cushing of Norwood, who is a candidate for reelection. W. Prentiss Parker, former senator, has already taken out nomination papers.

## IMPORTER FINED \$30,000

NEW YORK—Jules Rosenberg, who with his brother Hugo has been a fugitive from justice for over a year, came from Montreal Monday and unexpectedly appeared in the criminal branch of the United States circuit court, and was fined \$25,000 and costs of \$5000 for undervaluing importations of millinery and dress goods.

## FRENCH MARQUIS PASSES AWAY

Marquis Charles J. de Bouthillier-Chavigny, a lecturer, who had just been appointed to a professorship at Harvard, passed away Monday at the home of friends where he had been at luncheon. His home for the last three years has been at 12 Park Circle, Arlington Heights.

## GERMAN SAYS DIRECT METHOD OF TEACHING LANGUAGES IS BEST

LOS ANGELES—Dr. Max Walter, headmaster of the model school, Frankfurt, Germany, who is visiting this city, uses the direct method of teaching foreign languages and believes it to be far more satisfactory than the old system of teaching foreign languages by translation.

"The ordinary method of teaching foreign languages," he said, "is through translation. That may all be very good, but it does not fulfill all the requirements. It is better that the student should be taught to speak the language from the first; then let the translation follow."

"The idea of the method which I advocate is to follow the natural inclination of learning as much as possible, with the aid of well-developed methods adapted to the age of the student. The younger the child the easier it is to learn through imitation. The older the child the more difficult it is to teach through the construction of sounds."

"Above all, the master must know how to give the correct pronunciation. He must know how to speak English, for instance, as it is spoken in England or America. He must know French as it is spoken in France. Otherwise, he cannot correctly teach the direct method. Another principle in the teaching of a foreign language is the use of the mother tongue as little as possible."

"I have been in many schools in this country where German is taught, yet never did I hear a word of that language. I was amazed. I was told the time for the study is limited; that translation is about all that can be accomplished. I learned also that the universities demand of the high school graduate, that he shall have translated 2000 pages of German. For instance, That is not as it should be. Translation should be minimized, while speech, as nearly as possible, should be correct."

Dr. Walter says the schools of Milwaukee, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Los Angeles have excellent courses in German largely based upon the method of which he is an advocate.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR STATE OFFICERS HOLD MANY CONFERENCES

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Conferences were resumed today at the Christian Endeavor convention on the million dollar plan. State presidents, secretaries, treasurers and finance committees met.

After a session of an hour and a quarter many of the delegates indulged in surf bathing. This afternoon state presidents of 24 states will talk briefly on the subject "The Best Thing I Have Seen in Christian Endeavor."

Speaker Champ Clark was introduced to a record through on the million-dollar plan Monday night as the principal speaker before the convention. Former Vice-President Charles W. Fairbanks criticized Sunday conditions at this resort in an address before the Methodist Christian Endeavorers.

## SAFETY DEVICES TO BE DISCUSSED

NEW YORK—Power brakes and folding car steps will be the subject of an investigation to be made by the public service commission at two hearings beginning on July 20, at 10:30 a. m. at the office of the commission.

The order calling for these hearings has been served upon all street railroad companies and receivers operating street surface railways in the city.

If the commission should order power brakes for all double truck cars, it would mean the equipment of a total of 3630 cars.

## LAS VEGAS BOYS AMONG INDIANS

LAS VEGAS, N. M.—The boy scouts in East Las Vegas have been doing some real scouting among the Indians here. Under George Fitzsimmons, their scout master, 23 boy scouts, led by an Indian chief, took a trip of 11 days to visit isolated Indian pueblos and the Puye cliff dwellings. The boys camped out and spent several days among the Indians.

## REWARD FOR DR. DRAPER

NEW YORK—Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States weather bureau, visited the meteorological station in Central park yesterday looking over the inventions there of Dr. Daniel Draper, who for more than 42 years had been the director. Professor Moore would like to have him made director emeritus of the United States weather bureau, and said he would make an effort to have the government recognize the work done by Dr. Draper.

## C. & O. EMPLOYEES TO STRIKE

RICHMOND, Va.—Negotiations between officials of the Chesapeake & Ohio railway and representatives of the organizations of employees on the system growing out of a demand by the men for increased pay are understood to have ended with the decision by the men to strike.

## NEWS BRIEFS

REDLANDS ORANGE CROP BIG  
REDLANDS, Cal.—Local packers and shippers estimate that the orange crop this year will bring more than \$5,500,000 to Redlands.

CLEVELAND GIVEN PARK LAND  
CLEVELAND—Property estimated to be worth \$500,000 has been donated to the city of Cleveland for a public park and boulevard.

RAISE PAY OF RAILWAY MEN  
MONTREAL, Que.—The employees of the Canadian Pacific railway shops at Angus, Que., have been granted an increase of wages, and the time of their working day has been reduced from 10 hours to nine.

ORDERED TO PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
WASHINGTON—Capt. C. C. Rogers has been detached from duty as captain at the Norfolk navy yard and ordered to duty as commandant of the Portsmouth, N. H., navy yard, relieving Capt. F. A. Wilner, retired.

ISSUING MANY DOLLAR BILLS  
WASHINGTON—To prevent a shortage of small bills all large denomination silver certificates are being destroyed as they come into the treasury and \$1 bills are being issued in their stead. If that does not supply the demand, the treasury is ready to issue \$1 greenbacks.

BROOKLYN MAN AIDS CHARITY  
NEW YORK—The will of Abraham Abraham, the Brooklyn merchant and philanthropist, gives \$50,000 to the Jewish institution of Brooklyn, \$25,000 to the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities and \$10,000 to Brooklyn Institute. The rest of the estate is divided equally among his four children.

GROWTH OF LONGSHOREMEN  
TOLEDO, O.—President T. V. O'Connor of the International Longshoremen, in annual convention here, reported Monday there was \$19,000 in the treasury and 21 new locals were organized during the past year. A branch of the organization will be placed in Honolulu.

BILL POSTERS AT ASBURY PARK  
ASBURY PARK, N. J.—About 600 bill posting men are here for the annual convention of the Associated Billposters of the United States and Canada, which opens today.

## NEW METHODS HELP BUSINESS

The big thought today is the elimination of waste. In business, as in our national life, it is the largest consideration, writes Frank B. Gilbreth in Business and the Bookkeeper. The problem before every business man is that of eliminating waste in human energy, of putting away with burdensome toil and doing it in its place a carefully planned and regulated task within the reasonable endeavor of every normal person. There is a right way and a wrong way to do every job. It is the part of the responsible executive to find the right way. This is practical management—finding the right way. There is no doubt that the solution of the problem in many individual cases will result to the benefit of both employers and employees. When in all the branches of industry things are done in the right way there will be this result: Greatly increased production, better wages and a reduced cost of living. This is the answer to the argument that the new methods are opposed to the interest of any class of men.

## MR. NAGEL CALLS ELLIS ISLAND BEST

WASHINGTON—Secretary Nagel of the department of commerce and labor, denounced as ill-founded the charges made against the administration of immigration affairs at Ellis Island, when he appeared on Monday before the House committee on rules, which is considering the Sulzer resolution for inquiry into the office of Immigration Commissioner Williams.

"Most of these complaints," said the secretary, "come through German-American organizations and I am amazed at so many ill-founded charges."

He defended Ellis Island as "the best and most improved of all the ports." "Why concentrate all the attention on this one point where the steamship companies are our only real enemies?" he asked.

TABLETS FOR R. DEW. MALLARY  
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Mrs. George Westinghouse of Lenox has announced that she will cause a tablet in memory of President R. DeWitt Mallory of this city to be placed on the summit of Jacob's Ladder, on the new state highway in Becket, where Mr. Mallory delivered the dedicatory address a year ago.

## AMHERST ROLL INCREASES

AMHERST, Mass.—The second week of the summer school at the agricultural college began Monday. The registration has been increased to 125. Prof. E. A. White lectured on "The Oaks." Prof. F. C. Sears lectured on grafting and Prof. John C. Graham gave practical instruction in poultry farming.

## HONOR VETERAN POSTMEN

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—When the free delivery of letters was first established in this city 24 years ago three veterans of the civil war, Michael S. Dunn, John Slavin and James Deming, were appointed carriers. These three men are at work and the entire city joined in celebrating their 24 years of service Monday.

The Business you can get today by wire may be gone by the time that letter gets there tomorrow.

"Day Letters" should be on your selling force.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

## MEN WHO MANAGE BUILDINGS OPEN FOURTH MEETING

CLEVELAND, O.—Every man or woman interested in the construction, renting or operation of office, apartment or public buildings is welcome at the fourth national convention of the Building Managers Association, which opened today at the Engineers building and will continue through Wednesday. Speakers have been selected with exceptional care and the Cleveland managers have been working hard to make the convention the greatest of them all.

The purpose of the convention is to bring about a closer relationship between the men who own, rent and operate big buildings. It brings together the ideas and experiences of the men in all the leading cities of the country so that comparisons can be made of methods and systems.

## GIRL SAVES SIX ON GREAT LAKES

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Miss Fay Clemens, daughter of the steward of the steamer John Mitchell of Chicago, which was sunk in a collision with the William H. Mack of Cleveland, Monday, proved herself a heroine by saving six of her fellow passengers.

A yawl containing the women capsize and Miss Clemens, called to the crew of the Mack to throw a line, and she fastened it to the boat in such a way that by pulling on the line the Mack's crew were able to pull the yawl right side up. The Mack arrived here with those saved from the sinking Mitchell. Second Mate Causely, Steward Clemens and the watchman, George Austin, of the crew of the Mitchell were lost.

## GEN. WOOD OFF FOR CANAL ZONE

WASHINGTON—Gen. Leonard Wood who returned to Washington from a tour of inspection of the military posts at Portland, Me., and Portsmouth, N. H., sails from New York to Panama today, accompanied by General Weaver, chief of the coast artillery; General Bixby, chief of engineers, and Captains McCoy and Embick of the army and Captain Maxwell of the navy.

At Panama the officers will meet Secretary of War Stimson to discuss the fortification of the waterway.

General Wood dropped into Portland Saturday morning. He found none of the officers aboard. General Wood was dressed in civilian's clothes and the sentry, who had never seen him, asked him brusquely what he wanted. General Wood replied that he was the chief of the general staff of the army and that he would like to see the commanding officer.

## NATIONAL RETAIL SHOE MEN ELECT

PHILADELPHIA—Preparatory to the launching today of a national association of retail shoe dealers, several hundred delegates from various sections of the United States on Monday elected Andrew W. McGowan of this city permanent chairman, and Edward L. Parker of Mt. Vernon, O., permanent secretary. A long list of vice-presidents was elected.

## MONTCLAIR PARK IMPROVEMENT

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—The Essex county park commission will this week commence a large field house to cost \$10,000 on the Maple avenue park tract in this town. The commission has taken over the tract and will expend in the neighborhood of \$85,000 in beautifying it and providing playgrounds and other places of recreation.

## HENDEE COMPANY ADDS TO PLANT

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Stockholders of the Hendee Manufacturing Company, makers of motorcycles, have acquired the land and buildings formerly occupied by the Otis Elevator Company's branch in this city. The new holdings will allow the company to double the size of its present plant.

AWNINGS Send postal or Tel. For Full Size and we will send you with samples and give estimate. WHEELER & WILSON, 15 Merchants Row, Boston.

## NEW DIRECTORY SHOWS GREATEST BOSTON GROWTH

Boston's new city directory, now being delivered, shows the greatest increase in the population of Boston for the period of one year that the publishers have ever recorded. While the census includes the names of every man, woman and child in a city, it must be remembered that the directory aims only to give the names of men and employed women, so that in order to ascertain the real population its figures must be multiplied by a constant factor.

The census contains from 2.5 to 3 times as many names as the directory in the average American city. At the last census it was 2.17, so on this basis the present year's increase of 16,826 is taken to indicate a gain of 36,500 in population, bringing Boston's present figures up to 707,000.

The fact that there are annual changes in more than two-thirds of the names in the directory is brought out in the table of changes. This year 73,374 were added, 56,548 dropped and 88,994 changes made in address or occupation, thus giving a total of 218,916 changes in the 309,170 names of which the directory of 1910 is composed.

In general appearance this year's directory closely resembles its predecessors. The classification of the advertising section for immediate reference, under running headlines alphabetically arranged, is the most noticeable improvement, adding greatly to the convenience of this department.

## FORMER GOVERNOR SUBSCRIBES \$20,000

BROCKTON, Mass.—Former Governor William L. Douglas Monday subscribed \$20,000 toward the Brockton Factory Association fund, the highest individual subscription made so far. The committee has now received \$93,000, more than nine tenths of the amount desired before work on the proposed factory will be started.

## AMUSEMENTS

30 DEGREES COOLER THAN ANY OTHER RESORT

BASS POINT NAHANT DAN- GING, etc. Return from Bass Point a. m. 12-30, 2-30, 10-30, 12 m. 3-30, 4-30, 6-15, 8-15, 9-30, 9-45. Visit the \$100,000 Ocean Pier, Revere, Danvers, etc. Steamboat service between Bass Pt and Pier at 20-min. intervals.

225 BOSTON NEW YORK Special through car service. Postoffice daily and Sunday at 3 P. M. Tickets and information at Pass. Dept. B. & N. St. Ry. Co. 300 Washington St. TO PROVIDENCE OR FALL RIVER 75c

NORUMBEGA PARK Open Daily 10 A. M. Magnificent Covered Open Air Auditorium. Entertainment, 2-30 and 8-00; Cafe, Etc.

## MUSICAL INSTRUCTION

FLORENCE A. GOODRICH Composer of the Synthetic Series of piano pieces. Small Suite for Small Hands. Album of Piano Studies. 1910 TO 1912. Paris, 4 Square Saint Ferdinand. Instruction in all music branches.

MARION TYLER Voice Placing, Developing and Interpretation. Also Voice Placing for Dramatics, Lecturing, etc. 402 Kimball Hall, Tel. Drexel 2681. Chicago

## HOTELS

The Rowson Tourists visiting Chicago will find excellent accommodations from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day by addressing MRS. C. H. R., 1354 S. 4th street, Chicago. Ill. Telephone Oakland 2728.

## SUMMER CHANGES OF ADDRESS

Subscribers who are going out of town for the summer months may be supplied with the Monitor either through newsdealer or by mail while absent from the city. Send notice to

Circulation Department  
THE MONITOR  
BOSTON  
MASS.



## NEW WISCONSIN LAWS SHOW LONG STRIDES IN MODERN LEGISLATION

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Among the notable acts of the recent Legislature, which made a record for progressive legislation, was the passage of a corrupt practice bill providing heavy penalties for violation of election laws, prohibiting expenditures of large sums in campaign, requiring publication of expense statements before and after election and providing for an information booklet for voters.

All general primaries hereafter will possess the feature by which the voter may express his first and second choices for candidates of his party for various offices, and this method is designed to approximate a majority instead of the plurality under the old method whenever there are more than two candidates for a nomination.

Under another law, at presidential elections, the voters are to be given an opportunity to express their choice for candidates for President directly.

Of great significance is the woman suffrage act, which must be approved by the people at the general election in 1912 before it can go into effect. In this connection, separate ballot boxes are to be provided whenever women vote, even in school board elections which is now permitted.

Among the proposed amendments to the constitution adopted this year, and which must be adopted by the Legislature in 1913 before being submitted to the people for final approval is one providing that any laws passed by the Legislature must be submitted to the people before going into effect upon petition of two per cent of the qualified electors in each of at least 24 counties of the state; that any proposed amendment adopted by the Legislature must be submitted to the people upon petition of five per cent of all the electors of the state, representing two per cent of the electors of at least 24 counties; that any proposed amendment to the constitution which has failed of securing a majority vote in the Legislature shall be submitted to the people upon petition of 10 per cent of the electors of the state. This proposed amendment requires approval by three fifths vote of one Legislature instead of a majority of two. While this proposed amendment is called the "initiative and referendum" the initiative is left with the Legislature.

The following constitutional amendments were adopted at the last session of the Legislature and also at the present session and will be submitted to the people at the general election in 1912: Permitting cities to acquire lands for park purposes.

Permitting the state Legislature to remove the five per cent limit upon the public debt of any city, county, town, village or school district when the debt is incurred for the purpose of purchasing and improving public parks, etc.

The employment of child labor is prohibited between 14 and 16 unless there is first obtained from the commissioner of labor, state factory inspector or any assistant factory inspector or from a judge of any county, municipal or juvenile court a written permit.

The workmen's compensation act placed the administration of the act in the hands of a board of three and a supplemental law turns over the whole department of labor and industrial statistics to this board, to be known as the "industrial commission."

The compensation law in practice will be virtually compulsory in the case of employers of four or more persons, as it abolishes two of the three cardinal defenses in personal injury actions—assumption of risk and negligence of the fellow servant.

This feature of the law, however, does not go into effect until Sept. 1, and in the meantime two suits have been filed in the supreme court, in an effort to settle the question of its constitutionality. The expenditures are not to exceed \$75,000 a year.

The Legislature also has passed laws limiting the hours of labor of women to 10 a day or 55 a week; and of children under 16 to nine a day and 50 a week.

Among the other important acts of the Legislature are the following: Home rule law for Milwaukee, giving that and other cities almost complete power to adopt new charters or charter amendments.

State aid for public highways, the law creating a commission to administer the statute and distribute the state aid fund of \$300,000 a year to towns and counties which improve their highways under advice of the commission.

Income tax law which is expected to reach every individual whose income is above the minimum provided in the law.

Control of waterpowers under the railroad rate commission by treating them as public utilities.

Appropriations of \$50,000 a year for five years for purchase of northern lands for reforestation under the state forestry commission.

Large appropriations to the state university to erect needed buildings and expand the work of university extension.

Creating teachers' pension system.

**ABBY LODGE BURNED**  
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Abby lodge, a country seat on the middle Lenox road, owned by Arthur N. Cooley, was struck by lightning Monday night and burned. The loss is about \$10,000.

**STRIKE OF 25,000 BUILDERS ON**  
PARIS—Twenty-five thousand union building workers struck Monday to enforce a demand that the piece work system be abolished and their daily wages increased.

## PLAYHOUSE NEWS

### AT BOSTON THEATERS

"Mary Jane's Pa" is the week's change at the Castle Square. "Zaza" was revived at the Majestic. There are Irish melodies by the Meistersingers at B. F. Keith's.

### "Mary Jane's Pa"

Castle Square—John Craig's stock company in "Mary Jane's Pa," a comedy of rural life in Indiana by Miss Edith Ellis. Hiram Perkins. . . . . Donald Meek  
Rome Preston. . . . . William C. Carleton  
Barrett Sheridan. . . . . Cyril Biddulph  
Joel Skinner. . . . . Frederick Murray  
Portia Perkins. . . . . Mabel Colcord  
Lucile Perkins. . . . . Florence Shirley  
Mary Jane Perkins. . . . . Henrietta McDannell  
Miss Faxon. . . . . Gertrude Binley

Score another admirable performance by the Craig players for their work this week in Miss Ellis' pleasant comedy of the regeneration of wandering Hiram Perkins. Hiram comes back to his fire-side after eight years' journeying up and down the earth and is set to work by his wife. To her great dismay he accepts her offer of \$10 a month to cook for his family and help in the printing office. How he finally regains the respect of his wife and children and how he helps in the defeat of a bad politician are the amusing, novel and at times touching incidents developed during the course of the bright play.

Donald Meek added another fine characterization to his long list. Every moment he appeared to be living the thoughts of the amiable hand-me-down philosopher. Hiram's bookish language fell from his lips as naturally as if being uttered for the first time. Every phrase was thought, seemingly, not remembered. And it was all funny in a quiet way.

Miss Colcord was admirable all the way through except for a period of tall talk in the first act when the author gave her a lot of copy book platitudes in the scene with Preston. Then Miss Colcord elocuted roundly to the ceiling. Otherwise her impersonation was strong, humorous and fine grained.

Frederick Murray was excellent in a conventional snuggly role, and Miss Florence Shirley wholly convinced as a discontented, but lovable girl. Miss McDannell as Mary Jane pleased during her lapses of self-consciousness. Miss Gertrude Binley again exhibited her fine intelligence, this time as a comic milliner. The others are adequate.

### "Zaza" Again

The Lindsay Morison players at the Majestic appeared again on Monday in "Zaza" after the theater had been closed for four days. Miss Eleanor Gordon repeated her fine performance in the title role, at no time underlining her sordid role so as to make the part as earthy as it is written. She has several splendid moments. Wilson Melrose is strong as Dufrene and Mrs. George A. Hibbard shows a deepening in her role of Mme. Dufrene. Miss Rose Morison as Rose Rome continues to give the most agreeable impersonation of the performance. The others in the long list are more than competent.

### B. F. Keith's Vaudeville

The Meistersingers continue the feature of the program at B. F. Keith's, whatever the novelty that is put on with them. This week the combined Harvard, Weber and Schubert male quartets are singing Irish melodies. There were solos by Harold S. Tripp, Arthur Cole and A. Cameron Steele, and among the choruses were numbers by Stevenson, Geibel, Offenbach, Hatton, Nevin, Donizetti and Strauss. Miss Nellie Elliott danced a pretty Celtic breakdown and repeated the hornpipe which so pleased last week.

Edwin Holt returned in his amusing playlet by George Ade, "The Mayor and the Manicure." With the assistance of Misses Choate and Guthrie and E. B. McGuinness the funny skit went as well as ever. Bert Fitzgibbon sang his eccentric way to high pleasure of his hearers.

Miss Ethel McDonough sang, danced and bathed. The Majestic Musical Four presented a good instrumental entertainment. Rem Brandt gave a novel sketch exhibition. The Field brothers amused with minstrel fun, and Patty and Desperado showed their skill as gymnasts.

### Next Week

"My Friend From India" at the Castle Square.

"Boys of Company B" at the Majestic.

The Meistersinger Minstrels at B. F. Keith's.

### Amusement Notes

The new vaudeville bill at Normubega park for the week pleased two large audiences Monday. The regular outdoor attractions of canoeing, band concerts and luncheon at the Grape Arbor cafe are heavily patronized.

Many are taking advantage of the cool sail to Bass point, Nahant, these afternoons and evenings. The evening sail back has the added attraction this week of moonlight. There will be a special fireworks display Friday night and a concert by the American cadet band.

Those who take the trip to Provincetown these days on the Dorothy Bradford have in addition to their 100-mile ocean sail a fine view of the mobilized fleet of battleships and cruisers now gathered at the tip of the cape.

A trip to New York filled with varied scenery is that by way of trolley to Fall River and thence to the metropolis by boat. A special through car leaves Post Office square, Boston, daily and Sunday at 10 a. m.

### AT LONDON THEATERS

Mlle. Adeline Genée  
LONDON—London is at present full of dancers. At the Opera House there is the imperial Russian ballet, with the wonderful Nijinsky, a "flyer" in the most literal sense of the word. Then, at the Palace of Varieties, Pavlova and Mordkin have taken the place of Maud Allan, and now Genée, at the Coliseum, follows Cecilia Loftus, who gave, among other things, a travesty of Miss Allan's "Dance of the Gnomes."

Mlle. Adeline Genée, assisted by M. Shorer Beket and eight young ladies, gives a fantasy in two scenes, called, "A Dream of Roses and Butterflies," and very pretty it is. In the first scene, Mlle. Genée, a dainty "rogue in porcelain," dressed in a voluminous epinoline that billows round her, is seen flitting between her mirror and her sofa. A gentleman enters, with whom the lady trips a measure, for to tread a measure would be impossible to Genée. The dance is decorous enough, but Genée's feet seem to rebel; she curtsies profoundly, resembling a flower that folds up and bursts again into bloom.

In the next scene Genée and her "eight young ladies," dressed in the short skirts of the ballet, are found in a fairy garden. They cluster together, their pink draperies forming the petals of a rose. Then Genée, aided by M. Beket, does a thousand and one things with her extraordinary little feet. Her movements are those of some wonderfully brilliant butterfly, but she is restlessly flickering, quick as light, a flash in the eye, sometimes funny, so fantastically clever are her tricks.

Genée is activity itself, the sort of activity one watches without caring to wonder whether there is a motive or purpose in so much energy. One admires all the time, and one enjoys immensely for the short period of the performance. The audience would gladly have had more, but enough had been given; a repetition would be the renewal of a first impression, a dangerous experiment. Genée's dancing just stops short of imagination; delightful, whimsical, impish, she wants nothing but that which Undine lacked before she won the love of her knightly admirer.

### Plays to Be Acted at the Prime Minister's Official Residence

LONDON—Bernard Shaw's "Man of Destiny" and Barrie's "Twelve Pound Look" are to be acted before the King and Queen at the prime minister's official residence in Downing street. This will be a return to the custom of early days. Until the time of Charles II. the English sovereigns never visited the public theaters, the drama being witnessed by them in the cockpit, or in the halls of their nobles. On one occasion Queen Henrietta Maria, the wife of Charles I., was present at the theater at Blackfriars.

### NEW YORK NOTES

"Get Rich Quick Wallingford" continues at Colman's theater, where it is announced to run until September. Then the New York cast will be transferred to Boston for a long run. "The Pink Lady" is proving sufficiently strong an attraction to last through the summer at the New Amsterdam.

Stock company performances are being given of "Oliver Twist" at the Academy and of "Monte Cristo" at the Metropolis.

Elliott Schenk's popular concerts on the Century theater roof are a success.

### CHICAGO NOTES

The company which will act next season for the Chicago Theater Society will be known on the program as the Drama Players. The tour of the Drama Players will be independent of the Chicago Theater Society and under the direction of the Shuberts. By this arrangement the company will open at the Lyric theater for its 10 weeks' engagement, managed and underwritten by the Chicago Theater Society, with every detail of performance and production in finished form. The audiences will not see dress rehearsals, but performances "set" in their final form by frequent repetition on the road.—Chicago Journal.

The Thomas orchestra, under the leadership of Frederick Stock, gives two concerts daily at Ravinia park to large and highly pleased audiences.

### HERE AND THERE

Australian theater-goers prefer theatrical fare that has suited the taste of London theater-goers, according to J. C. Williamson. Mr. Williamson has been the leading manager of theaters in Australia for 15 years. He is now in New York looking for new attractions. Miss Katherine Grey, American, has been leading woman in Mr. Williamson's dramatic companies for 18 months, making a great success in "Paid in Full." "Salvation Nell" did not interest Australians. "Our Miss Gibbs," a London musical play that failed to interest Americans, ran eight months in Melbourne, which has a population slightly less than Boston. H. B. Irving, Oscar Ashe and Mme. Melba are to tour Australia during the current season. Mr. Williamson was formerly an American actor, who saw a field in Australia while touring there in an American company. He has built up a fortune reputed to reach \$5,000,000 out of his enterprises.

Aneet Mme. Bernhardt's very feminine masculine impersonations the New York "Sun" points out that her impersonations of men are far inferior to Julian Eltinge's impersonations of women, which are almost flawless.

In these days when theatrical news is just between hay and grass, a Chicago reviewer with a whole page to fill with agree copy disposes of a third of a

## OPEN-AIR BAND CONCERTS ARE TO BEGIN TONIGHT

Three open-air band concerts are to be given this week by the municipal band of Boston in widely different sections of the city.

The band plays this evening at 8 o'clock at Albany and Dearborn streets, Roxbury. The program follows: Overture, "Orpheus," Offenbach; selections from "The Man Who Owns Broadway," Cohen; waltz, "The Chocolate Soldier," G. Strauss; prelude to "I Pagliacci," Leoncavallo; popular songs, (a) "On Mobile Bay," Henrich; (b) "Who Are You With Tonight?" Van Alstyne; idyll, "The Forge in the Forest," Michaelis; Barcarolle, "Les Contes d'Hoffmann," Offenbach; selections from "The Three Twins," Hoschna; march, "Cruiser Harvard," Strube.

At North square, North end, on Wednesday evening at 8 the following program is to be played: March, "La Reine de Saba," Gounod; overture, "Ruy Blas," Mendelssohn; waltz, "Southern Roses," J. Strauss; selection, "Cavalleria Rusticana," Mascagni; paraphrase, "Melody in F," Rubinstein; selection from "Madame Butterfly," Puccini; prologue to "I Pagliacci," Leoncavallo; overture, "William Tell," Rossini.

At Pierce square, Dorchester Lower Mills, on Thursday evening at 8, the band will play these selections: March, "Kaiser Wilhelm," Kuger; overture, "Zampa," Herold; waltz, "Jolly Fellows," Collett; selections from "Madame Sherry," Hoschna; descriptive fantasia, "A Vision of Salome," Lampe; selection, "Il Trovatore," Verdi; intermezzo, "La Freppa," Herbert; selection from "The Chocolate Soldier," G. Strauss; march, "Buppel Schanzen," Heifke.

## READY TO OPEN SHOE AND LEATHER WEEK WITH FAIR

The national shoe and leather fair, an important event of the national shoe and leather week, will be formally opened tomorrow afternoon in the Mechanics building by R. C. Jacobson of Chicago, who will deliver a brief address. There will also be addresses by Governor Foss, Josiah Quincy, representing the city, and Charles C. Hoyt, president of the New England Shoe and Leather Association.

The National Shoe Wholesalers Association will hold its semiannual meeting at Youngs hotel tomorrow morning. The other events on the week's program include a trip to Brockton to inspect the shoe factories on Thursday and Friday, a harbor excursion to Nantucket and dinner at Paragon park.

Saturday it will be "superintendents and foremen's day" at the fair, and the leather men will attend. Monday the National Association of Tanners will hold their annual meeting in Paul Revere hall, Mechanics building.

An automobile trip will be taken on Monday along the North Shore and the following day, which will be the last one of the convention, there will be individual trips to the leather enters in the immediate vicinity.

## PROTEST AGAINST GUN-FIRE BY NAVY

GLOUCESTER, Mass.—Gunnery practice of the North Atlantic fleet, according to Massachusetts fishermen, has a tendency to scare mackerel away. The fishermen have protested against this practice on the fishing grounds in years past, but without result. The Master Mariners Association has just adopted resolutions, and forwarded them to Congressmen Gardner, in the hope that this year's protests may be more successful.

The request is made that the naval vessels refrain from firing north of Nantucket island. The mackerel fisheries bid fair to give better results this season if not interrupted by the firing of guns.

## NEW YORK SHOWS GYPSUM GROWTH

ALBANY, N. Y.—The output of the gypsum mines of the state has increased during the 12 months ending with June 20 per cent over the previous year. The aggregate output was 455,293 short tons of crude gypsum, valued at \$1,108,662.

The gypsum resources of the state are described as extensive and capable of a larger development than at present, although they are confined to a single area only a few miles wide, which is included between Oneida county on the east and the Niagara river on the west. The largest production is made in Genesee county, by Erie, Monroe and Onondaga counties contain mines.

column by indulging in weird figures in connection with the tears shed by susceptible playgoers' sitting before "Madam X." He says "920 tears, the capacity of the average tear ducts of an individual, are sufficient in number to render any handkerchief—especially the two by four models used by women—unfit for use until after a trip to the laundry. With 300 people dampening the same number of handkerchiefs at each of the 1300 performances, that making up a laundry bundle of 300,000 pieces, it can be readily understood that the brotherhood of linen renovators has cause to be grateful for the existence of the Bisson drama. Without considering them as aids to prosperity the tears that have been evoked by "Madam X" are interesting because of their great number. A grand aggregate of 374,400,000 tears, which is the result of the foregoing figures, would fill 1616 barrels with a capacity of 60 gallons each—enough brackish water to form a very respectable inland sea."

## B. & M. TAKES PRESS MEN TO HOOSAC TUBE

With the newly electrified Hoosac tunnel of the Boston & Maine railroad on the Fitchburg division at North Adams the goal, a party of press representatives left Boston today on a special train as guests of the railroad. Timothy E. Byrnes, vice-president of the New Haven-Boston & Maine system, as the host was aided by other officials of the two roads.

The program included dinner at Hotel Richmond, North Adams, as guests of the road. An inspection of the tunnel and the electrification system was made at the conclusion of the dinner. The return was scheduled for 3:30 p. m. from North Adams and the train is due to arrive in Boston about 6 o'clock.

The party included the following railroad officials: Frank Barr, vice-president and general manager; H. A. Fabian, manager of purchases and supplies; Charles M. Surt, general passenger agent; George H. Folger, assistant general superintendent; George L. R. French, superintendent terminal division; Albert S. Cheever, superintendent of the Fitchburg division; W. S. Murray, electrical engineer, and B. T. Wheeler, engineer.

## NEW YORK GIRLS ENTERTAINED BY Y. W. C. A. SCHOOLS

NEW YORK—The second meeting of the Summer School of Recreation and Instruction conducted by the Young Women's Christian Association was held Monday evening. Walter David, humorist, entertained a large audience with recitations and a playlet.

## NEW CASTLE MAN OWNS RARE BIBLE

Newton C. Zuver of New Castle, Pa., had a copy of the Bible which he believes to be the oldest in the world, says the Sharon (Pa.) Herald. It was printed in 1609, and is therefore 302 years old.

Mr. Zuver says the Bible is the one which J. Pierpont Morgan is now looking for. It is valued at \$50,000. Mr. Zuver secured the book from Dr. Harry P. McKnight of Southern Pines, N. C. The latter bought the book in a Jewish secondhand book store for \$12, the owner evidently having no knowledge of its great value.

On the way home Mr. Zuver was offered \$700 for it on the train, but promptly refused. The book is 15 inches long, 10 inches wide and about 3 inches thick. It is printed in Latin, Greek and Hebrew, and is bound in a leather that appears to be sheepskin. It is remarkably well preserved.

Mr. Zuver was a business man in New Castle 13 years ago, but is now located in the sand hills of Moore county, North Carolina. Mrs. Zuver is the daughter of Mrs. Henry Remley and a sister of Mrs. Minnie Hazen and Mrs. Nellie Grooms of West North street, New Castle.

## MAINE FOREST FIRE LOSS HEAVY

GREENVILLE, Me.—Forest fires that only a downpour of rain can extinguish, are raging in many places north of here and on nearly all sides of Moosehead lake. A timber loss estimated at \$400,000 has resulted thus far.

The worst fires now raging are on Enchanted township, 15 miles south of Jackman, where the flames have spread over 10,000 acres of timber land owned largely by Lawrence Brothers & Co. of South Gardiner. The several hundred men employed there have met with little success in checking the progress of the flames.

### ACRES BURNED AT ATTLEBORO

ATTLEBORO, Mass.—Hundreds of acres of land were burned over by a brush fire which broke out Sunday afternoon near Rehoboth and was not under control until late Monday.

The fire was battled all Sunday night by Rehoboth firemen and on Monday the Attleboro department was called out to assist.

## MANOMET LAKE BOY SCOUTS' GOAL

HANOVER, Mass.—A squad of eight Boy Scouts, patrol I, arrived in Hanover Monday night, on their way to Manomet lake, where they will camp out for a week or more.

They took a car from Boston to Weymouth, where they lunched, after which they tramped along the South Shore. They rested in the woods during the heat of the day and in the evening resumed their march. They will reach Manomet lake tomorrow.

The eight are Howell Green, Bruce Paul, Malcolm Warren, Leland Tuttle, Max Stone, Francis Durkee, Fred McKenna and Herbert Higgins. Scoutmaster Don S. Gates and Assistant Scoutmaster Alton C. Roberts are with them.

## NEW CORPORATION ISSUES IN MAINE

PORTLAND, Me.—Two new corporations organized here are the Triplex Tube Company, to manufacture pipes and tubes of rubber, metal and other substances, with an authorized capital of \$700,000 common stock and \$300,000 preferred, William H. Gulliver of Portland clerk; and the Barclay-Clements Company, to do a brokerage, factory and commission merchant's business, operate and own cold storage plants and engage in agriculture. The latter's authorized stock issue is \$15,000 and Charles D. Booth is clerk.



## ANOTHER GREAT PURCHASE OF PARASOLS

WORTH FROM \$3.00 TO \$10.00  
ARE OFFERED IN THREE LOTS AT  
**\$1.95-\$2.95-\$3.95**

These values utterly eclipse any previous ones. The qualities and prices will cause you to stop, look, ponder and buy. But don't delay. Keep in mind the fact that when any of these lots are sold they cannot be duplicated.

PARASOLS	PARASOLS	PARASOLS
In plain and fancy silks, Pongee and Linen; made on eight and ten ribbed gold frames, with plain and fancy handles. \$3.00 and \$5.00 values.	In plain Taffetas, silk-lined, Pongee, Dresden silks with velvet trimmings, long sticks with tassels to match; \$5.00 to \$10.00 values.	This lot contains a few most exceptional values—some worth as high as \$12.00. Make your selection at, each
<b>\$1.95</b>	<b>\$2.95</b>	<b>\$3.95</b>

PARASOL STORE—STREET FLOOR

## WE CARRY EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR BATHING

BATHING SUITS For Men, Women and Children  
BATHING SLIPPERS  
BATHING CAPS  
RUBBER-LINED BAGS For Bathing Suits  
All Reasonably Priced

## REPEAT LECTURES AT CONFERENCE

Overflow meetings have been found necessary in two of the courses of the week at the Episcopal theological conference at Cambridge. "Sunday School Work," a series of lectures delivered by the Rev. William E. Gardner and "Aliens and America," lectures by the Rev. Robert B. Kinder, have had to be given twice each day.

Other than two special meetings the work of the second week has proceeded according to the program announced Monday. This afternoon a special meeting is scheduled for colored members of the conference and will be addressed by the Rev. G. A. Maguire, colored.

Social unrest will be the subject of a special lecture tonight by the Rev. W. M. Urban, D. D. The conference will close Saturday.

## PLAN TO PREVENT POLICE FRICTION

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—Following a special hearing with the July 4 committee, Monday night, the selectmen called a hearing for next Thursday night at which the strike of the police officers on Independence day will be settled. Special Officers Fred J. Black, Eugene P. McDonnell, William Shaw, Joseph Preston, Lewis Tyzzer and William Peterson, the celebration committee claims, refused to drive stakes and run ropes for the athletic sports, declaring that such work was not a part of their duty as police officers. Chairman George W. Abbott of the committee says the only purpose of the committee is to have the duties of officers clearly defined in order that there may be no delay or friction in the future.

## HAYTIAN REBELS ENGAGE TROOPS

CAPE HAITIEN—President Simon of Haiti has several thousand men with him at Ft. Liberté and his troops engaged the rebels on Monday. Both sides lost heavily. The insurgents are closing in on the fort.

Government troops have been defeated by the rebels at Vallière and General Labossiere, commander at Hinche, has deserted to the rebels. The situation is considered grave.

## RUSSIA LAUNCHES DREADNOUGHT

ST. PETERSBURG—The Poltava, the second of the four battleships of the Dreadnought type, laid down in June, 1909, was launched at the admiralty dockyard Monday, the anniversary of the battle of Poltava.

### NEW PRESIDENT FOR DALHOUSIE

HALIFAX, N. S.—At a meeting of the board of governors of Dalhousie University Arthur Stanley Mackenzie was appointed president of the university. Since 1910 he has been professor of physics at Stevens Institute of Technology in Hoboken. He is a graduate of Dalhousie.

### LEXINGTON TO ISSUE BONDS

LEXINGTON, Mass.—The selectmen have authorized the town clerk to arrange for bids for the bond issue of \$10,650, to cover the cost of the proposed fire department improvements.

## MALDEN CAMPS PLANS FIELD DAY

Col. Moses B. Lakeman camp of United Spanish War Veterans of Malden is making arrangements for a field day to be held during the latter part of the summer, in which it is proposed to have all of the Spanish war camps in the vicinity of Malden, together with their auxiliaries, take part.

Combination park, Medford, has been secured for Aug. 26 by the Malden veterans and a program for the day is now being arranged. One of the features will be horse racing on the track, baseball games between the camps participating, together with athletic events of all kinds.

## REPUBLICANS PLAN CAMPAIGN

At a meeting of about 30 Republican members of the Legislature in room 436 at the State House late Monday it was voted that there should be formed a legislative campaign committee of 80 members, and that this campaign committee should cooperate with the chairman and secretary of the various Republican senatorial district committees. The committee of 80 is also authorized to appoint a steering committee of 10 Republican members of the Legislature.

Speaker Walker called the meeting together and then turned the gavel over to Representative Cox of Boston.

## ELECT S. D. BROOKS TO REPRESENT U. S.

COPENHAGEN—The international congress of physical education, which has been holding sessions at Odense, has agreed to establish an international bureau of physical education at Brussels, and elected Stratton D. Brooks of Boston as the American representative. The next congress will be held in Paris in 1913.

### SEVEN DROWNINGS REPORTED

Reported drownings in New England Monday were seven in number as follows: David Kerr of Boston, in the Penobscot river at Bangor, Me.; James Ringrose of Dorchester, in the Seneca river at Syracuse, N. Y.; Rudolph Vigne, in the Kennebec river at Skowhegan, Me.; Fred Connell, in the Pawtucket river at Cranston, R. I.; Mrs. J. B. Tucker of Glenbrook, L. I., at Milford, Conn.; Edwin E. Wilson, in a pond at Bath, Me.; Arthur F. Fredrickson of Cambridge, in the Charles river.

### STEAMER MOULTKE SAILS

NEW YORK—Sailing today aboard the steamship Moulteke of the Hamburg-American line for



## ENGINEER IS BLAMED FOR FEDERAL EXPRESS WRECK IN BRIDGEPORT

New Haven Officials Say Regulations Were Disobeyed in Taking Cross-over at High Rate of Speed

### FATALITIES ARE 13

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—The east-bound New York New Haven & Hartford railroad federal express, Washington to Boston, speeding to make up lost time, was wrecked on a bridge at State street and Fairfield avenue, this city, at 3:32 o'clock this morning. Engineer A. M. Curtis and Fireman W. A. Ryan and 11 passengers were killed and 55 were injured. The road blames the engineer for the wreck. In an official statement the road said that he violated the rules in taking a cross-over on the viaduct at too great a speed.

Speeding to make up an hour lost time, the express swayed as it shot past a cross-over on the viaduct at State street. The engine struck the coping of the bridge and toppled over into the street, carrying after it the day coach and two sleepers and two baggage cars. The iron work of the bridge tore off the side of the day coach. Access to the sleepers was secured through a hole chipped in the roof of the car.

In plunging to the street the express blocked all trolley traffic for several hours. Wreckers came from New Haven, Bridgeport and the Harlem river yards.

One coach hung precariously over the edge of the bridge. The members of the St. Louis National league baseball team, in the last coach, were dumped out of their berths into the aisles. Except for minor bruises they were uninjured and turned valiantly to the work of rescue.

Engineer Curtis was unfamiliar with the run and did not know that the switch was set for his train to cross over to the outside track so that it might make the Bridgeport station stop. He was the regular engineer of the Cannonball, the fastest freight train on the system, which did not include Bridgeport in its schedule. The regular engineer of the Federal, Fowler, was unable to make his regular run, so the freight engineer was drafted.

W. H. Saunders of New London, who was in the day coach with his wife, was dozing at the time and woke to find himself in darkness. The wreck took fire near him and he managed to crawl to safety. Mrs. Saunders was under the wreckage and she had to be released by the firemen, who cut away the side of the car.

One of the remarkable incidents was when the firemen cut a hole in the roof of a coach which was lying on its side and a man crawled out, dragging his suitcase after him. He said he had not even had a scratch. He dropped the suitcase and immediately assisted in the work.

J. W. Armbruster of Springfield, Ill., and B. F. Griscom of Philadelphia were in the coach which left the rails last, and both escaped.

The wrecking train reached the scene just about dawn, and soon after came Superintendent Woodward of the Shore Line division.

When daylight came upon the wreck it was seen that three cars had piled one on top of the other against the abutment of the small bridge that spans Fairfield avenue on the opposite side from the switching tower. Two of the cars had been smashed to kindling, while the third car lay on its side, having slipped off the mound of debris made by the two preceding cars.

The wrecking crew at once began lifting up the fragments. It was slow work, and up to noon very little progress had been made. Traffic on the road was being sent around the wreck on the west-bound tracks.

The revised list of killed this afternoon was: C. W. Christie, Philadelphia; Engineer A. M. Curtis, New York city; Fireman W. A. Ryan; Mrs. C. E. Rogers and infant son, Washington, D. C.; George R. Saunders, New London, Conn.; unknown trainman; four unidentified men; two unidentified women.

The known injured are: Mrs. Sarah Calabro, Philadelphia, and her three children; Mrs. Bertha Monroe, Cliftondale, Mass.; Mrs. Mary Walker, 1125 Eleventh street, N.W., Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Mary McCann, 3316 Walton street, Philadelphia; Mary McSweeney, address unknown; Mrs. James B. Boyce, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Mary Note, 223 Massachusetts avenue, Washington, D. C.; David Kissner, 104 Willis avenue, New York; Frank Piffner, 2427 East North street, Philadelphia; John F. von Pfeifer, 9 McDonald street, Readville, Mass.; Michael Furlly, 32 Silby avenue, New Rochelle, N. Y.; J. E. Rogers and son, Washington, D. C.; member United States coast artillery; Carl Frazer, colored, Havre de Grace, Md.; Eleanor Wilson, 2221 Sears street, Philadelphia; Mr. Murdock, 214 Broadway, Somerville, Mass.; Mrs. McConner, Chestnut Hill, Maryland avenue, Philadelphia; Mrs. Ada Gray, 28 Camden street, South End, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Saunders, New London; Mrs. W. H. Saunders; Mrs. W. V. Clephone, Cherry Creek, Md.; Mrs. James B. Joyce, Maury, suburb of Washington; Mary Sweeney, Phillipsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Nellie Klephane, daughter Beatrice and son John, Chevy Chase, D. C.; Frank A. Hoyt, Boston, Mass.; Henry A. Millbridge, Maine; Henry Chisman, Middleton, Pa.; Joseph B. Sison, New Haven; Edward M. Green, Huntington, Pa.; Miss Lillian Dorsey, Washington;

## GENERAL BINGHAM RESIGNS HIS POST AS HIGHWAY CHIEF



GEN. THEODORE A. BINGHAM

NEW YORK—Gen. Theodore A. Bingham, the former police commissioner, who recently accepted the office of chief engineer of the bureau of highways with the announcement that he proposed to reorganize the bureau, resigned the post Monday. He said that his way of doing things did not fit in with the methods of the present day administration.

It is said that Mr. Bingham was displeased because elaborate plans he drew for the improvement of many miles of city roadway had not received Borough President George McAneny's attention.

Mrs. Mary Schloske and baby, Philadelphia; Miss Bessie Boehm, Woodstock, Va.; Miss Carrie Holmes, Philadelphia; Miss Jennie Nickens, Washington; Miss Mildred Earnest, Washington; Miss Helen Gibbs, Washington; Mary E. Harris, Philadelphia; Miss Angeline Grimke, Washington; Mrs. Mary Hartman, Philadelphia; Miss Lucille Meservy, Washington; Mrs. Sarah Clark, Washington; Miss Mattie Cornish, Philadelphia; Mrs. Mary Johnson, Tree Creek, S. D., going to 35 Boylston street, Jamaica Plain, Mass.; Edwin M. Green, Huntington, Pa.; Josephine Walker, Philadelphia; Henry A. Wallace, Millbridge, Va.; C. Fraser, J. Murdock.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Stating that 13 persons were killed and 42 injured in this morning's Bridgeport wreck, the New Haven road's press agent made the following statement:

"Train No. 72, 'Federal Express,' left Fairfield at 3:29 a. m. and was wrecked at 3:32 a. m. It consisted of United States fish commission car, baggage car, coach and six sleepers, total nine cars.

"The engine and first six cars left the rails at the cross-over and went down the bank, most of them in the street at Fairfield avenue. Of the remaining three sleepers, two are still on the rails, while one of the sleepers was derailed.

"The cause of the accident was due to the engineer striking the cross-over from track No. 2 to track No. 4 at a high rate of speed, estimated close to 60 miles an hour. He was going from track No. 2 to track No. 4 in order to make the station stop at Bridgeport. Time card rules specify 15 miles per hour.

"The killed are Engineer A. M. Curtis, Fireman W. A. Ryan and 11 passengers. The injured are Conductor M. J. Furey and 41 passengers. Some of the passengers have proceeded on their way to Boston.

### Boston People Home

Passengers from the Federal express reached the South station at 12:08, five hours and 10 minutes late, on a special train.

The only seriously injured person to reach Boston was Mrs. Ada Gray of 28 Camden street, Boston.

Two other Boston people injured are being cared for in Bridgeport. They are Frank A. Hoyt, a N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. baggage man of 13 Leslie street, Dorchester, and John F. von Pfeifer of McDonald street, Readville.

Only a few people reached Boston on the express, and they were mostly those who received minor bruises that did not prevent them from continuing on their journeys. At the South station it was stated that most of these were bound for points beyond Boston and left at once for their destinations via the North station.

A large number of anxious relatives left the South station on early trains for the scene of the disaster, seeking friends who have not reached Boston. Even after the arrival of the train a score or more of people lingered hoping that friends would come on some later train.

### No Loss of Mail

There was no loss of mail incidental to the wreck of the Boston-bound federal express from Washington at Bridgeport, Conn., early this morning, although attached to the train there was an apartment car such as is commonly used partly for baggage and partly for mail.

### WRECK POSTPONES ST. LOUIS GAME

Manager Bresnahan of the St. Louis baseball team telegraphed the management of the Boston National team that his men had lost their bats and all their baggage and asked for a postponement of today's game on the South End grounds. This was granted. The postponed game will be played on a date to be settled after the managers meet in Boston today.

## ATWOOD ENDS AIR TRIP NEAR CAPITAL

(Continued from Page One)

in a biplane from the army aerodrome above the city at a height of about 2500 feet. They circled the dome of the capitol.

KANSAS CITY—The balloon St. Louis IV, one of the contestants in the national elimination race, with Frank P. Lahm as pilot, passed over Muscatine, Ia., this morning. The balloon was sailing high, but the two aerodromes, Lahm and his aide, Lieut. John Hart, dropped a message to the ground.

This is the first balloon reported and its position over Iowa indicates that it may be a strong contender for a place on the American team in the international race for the Bennett trophy which starts from this city Oct. 4.

The Aero Club, which controls the race, ruled that disqualification would not follow if any of the contestants alighted in water.

KEOKUK, Ia.—An unidentified balloon passed over here at a great height going northeast at 10 o'clock this morning.

POLO, Mo.—The pilot balloon Tokela I, which started with the racing balloons, but which was not a contestant, made a safe landing northeast of here tonight. Three other balloons, following the Tokela I, passed over Polo at an estimated speed of 10 miles an hour. They were less than 300 feet above the ground, but their names could not be read. Polo is 60 miles from Kansas City.

BERLIN—The national aviation circuit race of 1200 miles, which started from the aerodrome at Josthambach on June 11, ended at the same place Monday. Buechner was the first of the aviators to arrive, but Koenig, who reached the aerodrome at 8:30 o'clock in the evening, proved the winner on account of the greater mileage completed. Vollmueller, who landed two minutes after Koenig, was officially recorded as second, and Buechner third. All three men carried army officers as passengers.

LEWISTON, Ida.—Aeroplanes and wireless telegraphy will in the future be used to combat forest fires in the Northwest, according to Maj. Frank A. Fenn, who passed through here Monday on his way to Boise to meet William Potter, assistant chief forester of Washington, who will confer there with all the forest reserve supervisors.

## SENATE PASSES TWO OF SIX BILLS VETOED OVER THE GOVERNOR

(Continued from Page One)

a record for one day, and they make 20 vetoes that have been sent to the Legislature by Governor Foss.

Another bill returned without approval is a bill to establish minimum salaries of judges and registers of probate and insolvency.

The bill provided that the judge and register of probate and insolvency in any county (with two exceptions) should not receive salaries less than \$1800 and \$1600 respectively.

"I am heartily in favor of providing adequate pay for these officials but that result cannot be accomplished by legislation of this sort," says the message.

The measure proposing to establish a state agricultural school in Essex county also was returned disapproved.

The Governor says that the establishment of a state finance board, which would have among its functions that of fixing salaries and pensions would obviate much of the legislation proposed in the vetoed bills.

Of the four other bills vetoed, one was to provide pensions for the district police of the commonwealth as the Governor says that a comprehensive system of state pensions has already been established and in his judgment that act should be strictly adhered to if it is adequate, and modified if it is not.

"The policy of passing a general pension system and then enacting special laws which remove certain employees from its scope and thus nullifying that system needs no comment.

"Only in the special case of old and faithful state employees who have done good work but whom the general pension system may leave imperfectly protected should an exception to that system be made."

"Herewith I return without my approval," says the Governor in another message, "an act to increase the compensation of members of the General Court from \$750 to \$1000. If we are to continue to have legislative sessions lasting five months or more, as in the past, undoubtedly an added compensation will be required, but I believe that long legislative sessions are entirely indefensible and that they result in a great deal of valuable legislation being sidetracked or killed in committees, while a multitude of small and special measures are given the full attention of the Legislature.

"In almost all other states short sessions are now the rule, and these short sessions are, in my judgment, more serviceable to the people because they proceed more promptly and along more clearly defined business lines.

"If the present Legislature will create a state finance board, then each Legislature as it convenes will be able to act

## REVISED HIGH SCHOOL COURSE PROPOSED BY NATIONAL EDUCATORS

(Continued from Page One)

clude at least three units of English, one unit of social science (including history), and one unit of natural science.

"Every high school course should include the completion of two majors of three units each, and one of these majors should be English.

"The requirement in mathematics and in foreign languages should not exceed two units of mathematics and two units of one language other than English.

"Of the total 15 units, not less than 11 units should consist of English, foreign language, mathematics, social science, natural science or other work conducted by recitations and home study.

"The other four units should be left as a margin to be used for additional academic work or for mechanic arts, household science, commercial work and any other kind of work that the best interests of the student appear to require.

"In place of either two units of mathematics or two units of a foreign language, the substitution under proper supervision should be allowed of two units consisting of a second unit of social science (including history) and a second unit of natural science.

"To carry out this plan we would urge that at least many of the larger colleges should make special provision to continue the education of students of whom it has been discovered that the requirement of foreign language is an obstacle to the continuation of their education.

The committee considers some of the special functions of the high school, as follows:

"The high school must instruct every student in the elements of good citizenship. This duty cannot be delegated to the college because there is no guarantee that any particular student will actually go to college.

"High school courses must be flexible, for the high school period is the time for the youth to discover his bent.

"Broad vocational instruction should find place in the high school to prepare for efficiency.

"Mechanic arts, agriculture or household science should be recognized as rational elements in the education of all boys and girls and especially of those who have not as yet chosen their vocations."

The committee maintains that any student who has satisfactorily completed a well-planned high school course should be admitted to college. The committee defends this proposition upon the following grounds:

"First—Present college entrance requirements either prevent many students from taking high school courses that they need or prevent them from going to college after they have taken courses dictated by their actual needs.

"Second—The attempt to supplement the work at present required by the colleges with such additional work as is demanded by the community and by a more adequate understanding of the needs of real boys and girls results in an overcrowded curriculum, often producing either overstrain or superficiality.

"Third—Even by faithfully following the usual college prescription, it appears to many educators that the best preparation for college is not secured.

"Fourth—The requirements of the different colleges are at so great variance that the energies of the high school are dissipated.

"Fifth—The most serious objection to the present condition is, as Commissioner Snedden says, to be found in the 'restrictive effect upon true high school development.' The high school today is thus arena in which our greatest educational problems should be worked out. High school attendance in this country has increased almost fourfold within the last 20 years. If the colleges will recognize the true function of the high school, this marvelous growth will continue unabated and the American high school will become an institution unparalleled as a factor for democratic living. It is doubtful whether any nation ever before possessed such an opportunity."

The committee consists of Clarence D. Kingsley, chairman, manual training high school, Brooklyn, N. Y.; William M. Butler, principal, Eastman high school, St. Louis, Mo.; Frank B. Dyer, superintendent of schools, Cincinnati, O.; Charles W. Evans, principal, high school East Orange, N. J.; Charles H. Judd, professor of education, University of Chicago, Ill.; Alexis F. Lange, dean of college faculties, University of California, Cal.; W. D. Lewis, principal, William Penn high school, Philadelphia; William Orr, deputy state commissioner of education, Boston, Mass.; William H. Smiley, principal, East Side high school, Denver, Col.

promptly upon a mass of financial legislation for which the data have been already prepared for it.

"In my opinion, there is no excuse of any kind for further delay in relation to the finance board. The necessity for such a board has been most clearly demonstrated, and I now urge it upon you in this further argument that it can be created and maintained for far less money than \$70,000, which the proposed increase of legislative compensation will call for, and will result in vastly increased efficiency in public expenses."

## WEST END PROTESTS AGAINST NEW BILLS FOR CONSOLIDATION

(Continued from Page One)

understood to assent to this proposition believing it to be the only feasible solution.

The bills providing for a consolidation of the Elevated and West End street railways and for new tunnels and subways in Boston, which were substituted for the so-called "omnibus" bill in the Senate late Monday, are expected to take their second reading today.

Senator Tinkham has given notice that he will offer today several amendments to the consolidation bill, among them one which was decided upon at a conference Monday between Governor Foss and representatives of the two railways, the city of Boston and Louis D. Brandeis for the Public Franchise League.

This amendment allows the West End stockholders to choose between uniting with the Elevated on a 7 per cent basis or of allowing the rate of dividend to be decided by a board of arbitration to be appointed by the supreme court in 1922.

It is further provided in the amendment that the stockholders of the West End shall vote on this question on or before Sept. 15, 1911. The original date was set for Oct. 1.

Several perfecting amendments are to be offered to the tunnel bill today, according to notice given by Senator Bennett.

The consolidation and tunnel bills were substituted for the omnibus bill without opposition and were then given their first reading. The Senate now has two separate bills before it where formerly it had the single omnibus measure.

## MELROSE VOTES TO SPEND \$22,000 FOR NEW PARKS

The Melrose board of aldermen has passed orders appropriating \$22,000 for the purchase of land and the laying out of playgrounds. Ten thousand dollars is for the construction of playgrounds about the Lincoln and Goose schools and \$12,000 is for the extension and improvement of the park system.

The \$10,000 playground appropriation provides for the purchase of nearly half an acre of land in the rear of the Lincoln school building on Wyoming avenue, and for the purchase of the Pickett lot on the easterly side of the building.

The park commission will buy about three and a half acres of land along the Tremont street side of Eli Pond for an athletic field and playgrounds for the smaller children.

The city also appropriated \$6000 for new sidewalks.

## FIFTH REGIMENT TO MOVE JULY 22

In all probability the mobilization of the Fifth regiment, known as the "Dandy Fifth," will take place at the new armory of company L, Mountain avenue, Malden, July 22. Col. F. F. Cutting of the regiment expects to issue orders within a day or two.

The companies, with their wagon train of supplies, will march as far as Lynnfield, where they are to camp for the night. The following day they will continue to some place in Essex county, where this year's maneuvers will be held.

ELKS CHOOSE PORTLAND, ORE. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Portland, Oregon, has been chosen as the next meeting place of the grand lodge of Elks.

## SECOND SMITHSONIAN EXPEDITION IS GOING TO BRITISH COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON—The Smithsonian Institution has recently sent out an expedition to Alberta and British Columbia, Canada, for the purpose of collecting natural history specimens for the national museum. The party consists of Ned Hollister, assistant curator, division of mammals, national museum, in charge; J. H. Riley, aid, division of birds, and two other assistants. The expedition is the result of correspondence with Dr. Arthur O. Wheeler, director of the Alpine Club of Canada, outlining plans for an extensive survey of the regions about Yellowhead Pass, Mt. Robson and Jasper park, in which survey the Smithsonian Institution was invited to participate.

The Smithsonian naturalists will join Dr. Wheeler's party at Edmonton. Special endeavors will be made to collect a full series of animals and plants. Geology will also receive attention, and the first series of the specimens will be deposited in the United States national museum. It is expected that the party will return to Washington about Oct. 1.

In a few days a second expedition from the institution will leave for the same region. This will be under the personal direction of Secretary Charles D. Walcott, whose headquarters will be Field, B. C. Dr. Walcott's special object will be to continue his studies begun several years ago. The scene of operations is said to vie with the most magnificent mountain regions in Europe.

Vast ranges abound, which are covered with snow nearly the entire year. In a recent issue of the National Geographic Magazine, Secretary Walcott has an article, "The Geologist's Paradise," showing a remarkable series of photographs of these mountain peaks. These have aroused a great deal of interest in the Canadian Northwest. Here have lain buried in security for millions of years scientific treasures of inestimable worth, but the far-reaching hand of the investigator has at last taken them from the earth to serve as the basis of scientific study "for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." In this way Secretary Walcott has added vastly to our knowledge of the Cambrian fauna, which comprises the oldest animals known.

## MILK ADVANCES AT RETAIL IN BOSTON STORES

Milk has advanced in price from 1 to 2 cents a quart today above the schedule maintained for several months, caused, it is said, by the scarcity which has been experienced during the hot spell.

Yesterday the wholesale dealers went up 1/2 a cent on the quart to their "cheaper" customers. Storekeepers who formerly bought milk for 5 1/2 cents a quart yesterday paid 6 and sold for 7. Those who formerly paid 6 1/2 cents whole sale paid 7 yesterday and retailed for 8.

"We have not made any advance in price to the families supplied regularly by our teams," said Mr. Hood of the Hood milk firm today. "We have, however, made some advances in the price to storekeepers who have been buying from our surplus supply. The price to these storekeepers will now be 7 cents a quart, in jars."

### WOMEN HELD IN STOKES CASE

NEW YORK—On a charge of attempted murder, Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad were today held for the grand jury by Magistrate Freschi in \$5000 bail for shooting W. E. D. Stokes, proprietor of the Ansonia hotel. The magistrate said that the theft of the Stokes letters from the flat occupied by the two girls would be carefully investigated.

## SECOND BIG STATION FOR CHICAGO IS PLAN OF FOUR RAILROADS

CHICAGO—Another railroad terminal as large as the recently constructed Chicago & Northwestern \$24,000,000 station is to be built here. It will replace the present Union station. Preliminary steps leading up to the building of the proposed station have been taken. It will cost about \$20,000,000.

The preliminary plans for a terminal for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Pennsylvania lines, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Chicago & Alton railroads have been changed and the scope of the project enlarged. In addition to erecting a new passenger station, a freight terminal is planned to be erected on the land bounded by West Van Buren, Jefferson, Desplaines and Ewing streets, with a right of way about 100 feet west of Jefferson street, south to Fifteenth street, involving real estate purchases of many millions of dollars.

A considerable part of the property has been purchased, and the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company, by its attorneys, Leach, Scofield & Leach, has filed three condemnation suits in the superior court for the acquisition of other property necessary to carry out its plans. The first suit filed by the company is for the Crane property, formerly the Crane elevator works, on Jefferson street south of Van Buren street, extending back to Desplaines street. The property is now occupied as a foundry.

The next suit provides for the acquisition of various parcels of land lying between Jefferson and Desplaines streets and Harrison street and Twelfth place. This suit does not relate to all of the property between the streets mentioned, as part of it has been acquired by purchase. The third petition is for the acquisition of various lots running from Twelfth place south to Fifteenth street, and would indicate that the railroads are purchasing a comparatively narrow strip from Ewing street south to Fifteenth street. It is stated that the three suits involve sixty or seventy pieces of property and, as many names are involved, including that of R. P. Crane of the Crane Company, Jacob Birk, Frank Jerome, Christian Namer, F. J. Magersstadt and a long list of small owners, as a considerable part of the property lies in one of the most congested resident sections of the city.

The condemnation suits will be hurried to trial and in the meantime the company will use all diligence to acquire, wherever it is possible, the land necessary to carry out its plans. It is thought that before the suits come to trial much of the property will have been obtained.

The announcement of the terminal plans is the culmination of heavy purchases involving several millions of dollars which began in September, 1907, but ceased a few months later because of the financial depression in the following October. At that time some of the largest and most valuable properties in the city located between Van Buren and Harrison and Jefferson and Desplaines streets, were bought, including the property of Carson, Pirie, Scott & Company, George E. Adams, Joseph Downey, Bradner Smith & Company and William Kent.

MR. TAFT REPLIES TO GOV. BASS WASHINGTON—Replying to an invitation from Governor Bass of New Hampshire to attend the forestry conference at Bretton Woods on Aug. 2 and 3, President Taft says he probably will not be able to go, but will hold the invitation open until the last moment.

BOSTON CUSTOMS DISTRICT BILL WASHINGTON—Senator Lodge introduced a bill today providing that the official designation of the customs district of "Boston and Charlestown" shall be changed to "Boston." The change was recommended by the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

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## STORY OF UPRISING IN ALBANIA TOLD BY AN ENGLISH WITNESS

House After House Burned  
Down Without a Shot Being  
Fired, Says Miss M. E.  
Durham

### BOMBARD CHURCHES

LONDON.—It is becoming every day more clear that, in spite of all denials, the methods of repression adopted by the Turkish army in Albania have been of the most severe description. It is true that the Turkish embassy has issued a special denunciation, it is equally true that Torgut Shekhet Pasha has written a letter over his own signature, categorically denying these statements. The volume of evidence, however, from independent witnesses with no personal ends to serve, is becoming overwhelming that the information supplied by the Turkish government is unreliable.

The latest contradiction of the Turkish statements comes from Miss M. E. Durham, writing from Podgorica, in Montenegro, to the Times. Miss Durham is the daughter of one of the best known surgeons of our own time. She is a clever artist, who of late years has been known as a hard worker among the people of the near east and has written several able books on the subject. She has never shown the slightest prejudice against the Turks, but she now comes forward, as she says, "in the name of truth," with a blank denial of the statements of the Turkish government, written from the point of view of an actual spectator.

She describes, with great exactness, how, on May 17 she watched the fighting on the border, where the Turkish nismas "were visible with the naked eye along the ridge of the lower slope of Dedirch." She then goes on to explain how, "on May 20, when the position was entirely in the hands of the Turks, they began burning the houses on the side of the hill visible from where she stood. She explains how she saw, house after house burned without a shot being fired, as there were no insurgents present. Ten days later, she saw again houses being burned all day, while no firing was going on. On June 6 she explains that "a party of foreign journalists visited Podgorica, accompanied by Baron Sint-Yoost de Kruyff, president of the Young Press Association of Constantinople." This party saw the burning going on, though no fighting was taking place, and "passed a resolution expressing great indignation." On June 18, she goes on, she crossed the Turkish frontier, and again saw the burning with the naked eye. The Turkish outpost had just set fire to the house she was watching. Some insurgents, who had climbed the hill to where she stood, told her "it was a house the Turks had overlooked when they burned the rest of those in the district a week before." To pretend, she declares, as the Turks have attempted to do, that these houses were being used as forts, is ridiculous, as on no single occasion was any fighting going on.

In addition to this, she is authorized to state that Signor Zoli, the correspondent of the Secolo, authorized her to state that he himself saw the churches of Ptitus and New Traboina bombarded with artillery when they were empty, and witnessed the burning of many houses. He passed over a week in the insurgent district, and when he subsequently interviewed Torgut Pasha, that officer expressly told him "that the burning and destruction was all done by his orders, in order to give the Albanians a lesson which should last them seven generations." Finally, she goes on to explain that the Pulati tribes and the Serb villagers of Vrak, who have remained quiet, are forbidden to enter the towns to buy maize, which is a necessity for them, while the herdsmen of the Alessio plains, who have also remained quiet, are confined in these plains and forbidden to leave them. In view of these facts, she concludes, it "would be interesting to learn how the Ottoman embassy defines severity."

It is the gradual dissemination of news of this description which is sapping the confidence of Europe in the genuineness of the Turkish offers to Albania. This is most manifest in the Austrian press, and papers like the Fremdenblatt and the Neue Freie Presse are beginning to speak in no uncertain terms. Every day, indeed, is making more and more apparent how dangerous is the situation into which the Turkish government is drifting. The Albanian tribes have manifestly lost all faith in their promises, and show no inclination whatever to accept the armistice or the Turkish terms, unless these are guaranteed by a European power, a step the Turkish government finds itself absolutely incapable of entertaining. If, however, the present conditions are not brought promptly to an end, Turkey may find herself the recipient of an ultimatum from one of the great powers, and if this should come to pass, the position of the empire would become precarious.

Meantime, it is extremely difficult to learn what is really occurring in the fighting line. The Turks themselves claim entire success, and no doubt if they and the Albanians were left to fight it out, they might gain the victory, though in doing so they would probably have to depopulate a region which has been a rich recruiting ground to them in the past. On the other hand, stories are repeatedly leaking through from Montenegro to the effect that the Turkish army is suffering severely from the guerrilla tactics of the Albanians. Guerrilla warfare is the most trying to which

## REAL ESTATE NEWS

### TO HELP WORKERS OWN HOMES

A movement is now being made by local business men to organize a loan institution similar to the Credit Foncier de France, by which, with the lottery feature eliminated, it may be possible to lend money to home builders on the amortization principle, says the Pittsburgh Leader.

The organizers of the company, which is now preparing its application for a charter, expect to be able to lend money to prospective home buyers on a mortgage running for 10 years at a rate of 5½ per cent interest in semi-annual payments, and which includes a small part of the principal. The plan of the company will be to lend money in sums of \$10,000 and less.

The borrowers are asked to pay the interest rate named twice a year, and the sum is calculated at \$32.50 on each \$1000 borrowed. At the end of 10 years the borrower will have paid the interest on the money received and \$131 on the principal of each \$1000 secured on the loan. This leaves to be paid at the end of 10 years \$869 on each \$1000 obtained to buy a home.

An additional advantage in the scheme is that the mortgage company gives borrowers the option of paying the entire loan at any time by giving 30 days' notice, or will permit a borrower to pay on account of principal on any interest day the sum of \$100, or multiples thereof. The company proposes to bind itself not to call the mortgage for 10 years nor to increase the interest rate during that period if taxes, assessments and interest are paid.

The system of operation is based on the plan by which the big cities of the country are building internal improvements that revert to them after a certain number of years. The principal underlying the operation of the proposed mortgage company has been operative in Europe for a number of years and in a number of European countries it is made easy for a home builder to negotiate a mortgage that will run without foreclosure for a period of 50 years. These long term loans carry with them a stipulation that the original loans shall be reduced by small annual payments and the first payments made as a sinking fund earn enough in the half of a century to reduce the interest charges. The borrower knows that the small annual payment on principal will finally wipe out his entire indebtedness.

The growth of cooperative building and loan associations—better known as cooperative banks—is attracting widespread attention among men and women who are interested in movements that promote good citizenship. The assets of these institutions in the United States are steadily growing; there are now \$800,000,000 first mortgages of less than \$2000 each on homes and the membership is 2,200,000, all in a group of 25 states.

In the commuting zone of New York city there are 60,000 men, women and children enrolled in these associations, and it is conservatively estimated that 20,000 persons are purchasing their homes through this monthly payment plan, which pays for the home in years at a cost which in many cases does not exceed that which was formerly paid for rent.

An association in Utica—to cite a conspicuous example of successful results—has provided 4000 homes for its members since its organization.

### FENWAY LAND FOR APARTMENTS

Titles have just passed in the sales of the following lots of land in the Fenway from the Boston Water Power Company to Ira W. Shapiro:

On Queensbury street, lots 18, 19 and 20, block J, consisting of 10,334 square feet and assessed for \$10,500; on Tremont entrance, lots 12, 13 and 14, block X, consisting of 7,408 square feet and assessed for \$17,400.

The land on Tremont entrance is situated between Gardner palace and the Normal school and is considered to be one of the best apartment house sites in this vicinity. It is the intention of Mr. Shapiro to erect apartments on both lots in the immediate future. John C. Kiley was the broker in these transactions.

### SELLS IN JAMAICA PLAIN

Edward H. Wiggins reports the sale of two three-story brick apartment houses, numbered 217 and 219 Boylston street, Jamaica Plain, with 1931 feet of land, all assessed on \$8400. Mrs. S. Catherine Fuller conveys to Elizabeth Ramsdell, who buys for investment.

### BOSTON REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

The Boston Real Estate Exchange has issued its annual card of service to members.

a regular army can be subjected, as the French marshals found to their cost, in the Peninsula. The cost is hardly at any time commensurate with the gain, and when the cost has to be counted up in the devastation of a province which is a part of the empire the forces of which are the invaders, it becomes heavier still. It is, therefore, beyond question to the advantage of the Turks to do what has been repeatedly shown to be the only safe and statesmanlike course, and that is to pacify Albania, not by means of an attempted Turkification, but by the granting of the most generous terms.

CETTINJE.—The Albanian notables at CETTINJE in this city have now received from the Turkish minister his answer to the Albanian demands. The document assures the Albanians that every consideration will be shown to them, provided they will lay down their arms. No definite reply is, however, given to the 12 demands made, so that the Albanians are not favorably impressed by the document, in spite of the fact that it begins by addressing them as "Compatriots."

bers, with notice that arrangements have been made for the distribution to members without charge, as heretofore, when issued, of the 1911 publication of "Assessed Values of Real Estate in Boston," covering the city proper, Back Bay and parts of Roxbury and South Boston, published by Joseph D. Dillworth, with the approval of the exchange.

### REALTY ACTIVE AGAIN

Trading in local real estate today was active once more, after being rather quiet for two or three days.

One of the largest sales involves the estate at 170 Marlboro street, near Dartmouth street, Back Bay, taxed as a whole for \$24,500, of which amount the land carries \$13,400. The Louisa G. McMurtrie estate grants title to Mary G. Hopkins. There is a three-story octagon-front brick structure, standing on 2688 square feet of land.

A West Roxbury sale today takes the property at 127 to 137 Lamartine street, junction of Danforth and Wyman streets, comprising three frame houses and 7530 square feet of land, the latter taxed on \$3400. The total assessment is \$10,300. Daniel Holland, sells to Albert P. Crocker.

Mary F. Moriney has sold to Fannie Epstein, title coming through Sol Witt, the estate at 345 Blue Hill avenue, junction of Otisfield street, Roxbury. There is a frame house and lot of land containing 8500 square feet, the latter valued by the assessors at \$2300. The entire tax rating is \$8500.

Another city proper sale takes the four-story and basement brick building and 1021 square feet of land, numbered 56 and 58 Middlesex street, South End, which are purchased by Abraham Golden from Rosie Rudin. Title comes through Esther Frank and others. The assessment is \$8200, with \$2300 on the lot.

In the North End of the city property Albert P. Hill has conveyed to Julius Lewis and the latter to Marciana Florentine the four-story and basement brick structure at 19 Sheafe street, between Salem and Snow Hill streets. The tax rating is \$7600, with \$3600 on the 1203 square feet of land in the lot.

Another South End sale today involves the holdings of Abby E. Taylor at 13 to 17 Church street, junction of and numbered 34 Fayette street, consisting of a four-story brick building and 824 square feet of land, all taxed for \$7500. The land's share is \$3000. Simon Biloski is the new owner.

Joseph H. Rabinovitz and another have sold to Robert Robinson the parcel numbered 20 and 20A Phillips street, near Garden street, West End, rated for taxing purposes as worth \$5100. There are 1044 square feet of land, taxed on \$3100, and a four-story and basement brick structure.

Rafaele Curcio has purchased from Isabella Cunningham the Roxbury estate at 84 Mt. Pleasant avenue, near Vine street, Roxbury. The total assessment amounts to \$4500, including \$1000 on the 1440 square feet of land in the lot. There is a three-story well-front brick structure.

Lydia E. Sumner et al. have sold to Jacob Goldman 6391 square feet of vacant land on Dix street, opposite Leslie street, Dorchester, taxed for \$1600.

A lot of 3216 square feet of land on Sleeton street, near Florida street, Dorchester, has been sold by Howard L. Warren to Ellen J. Allen. The rating is \$600.

### BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Westland ave., 24-28, ward 10; Harry Coleman, F. A. Norcross; brick tenements. Arcadia st., 10, ward 20; Nicholas Pettit, Frederick H. Gowing; brick dwelling. Dorchester ave., 1068, cor. Centre st., ward 24; H. Levenson & A. Carpenter, Jr.; brick store. Audubon rd., 560, ward 11; E. L. Snider, F. A. Snider; brick tenements. Saratoga st., 815, ward 1; J. Goldfinger, E. F. Tirelli; wood dwelling. Bevington st., 552, ward 1; E. F. Tirelli; wood dwelling. March ave., 16, ward 23; Mrs. H. D. Prescott, F. G. Powell; wood dwelling. Metcalf st., 10, ward 23; Geo. C. Metcalf, Jas. T. Ball; wood dwelling. South Fairview st., 52, ward 23; Jas. T. D'Entremont, D'Entremont Bros.; wood dwelling. Tremont st., 130, ward 1; Wm. Engs et al.; alter dwelling. Marginal st., cor. Cottage st., ward 2; J. C. Collins; alter for social purpose. Tremont st., 127, ward 7; Geo. Talbot; alter store and office. Chardon st., 20128, ward 8; Horace E. Hall, J. R. Worcester, Co.; alter garage. Beverly st., 116-118, ward 8; Thos. C. Butler; alter storage and restaurant. Fairbank st., 29, ward 11; T. Denise Boardman; alter private school. Dudley st., 50 and 52, ward 18; Mary E. Pray; alter dwellings. Richardson st., 28, ward 23; John Isaac; alter dwelling.

### SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

Latest recorded transfers are taken from the files of the Real Estate Exchange as follows:

BOSTON—CITY PROPER  
Charles R. Butler, trustee, to Putnam B. Smith, Columbus ave.; d.; \$2500.  
Putnam B. Smith to Abby E. Taylor, Columbus ave.; d.; \$1.  
Abby E. Taylor to Simon Biloski, Church & Fayette sts.; q.; \$1.  
Mary F. Bartlett et al. to Charles A. Smith et al., Washington st.; w.; \$1.  
Albert P. Hill to Julius Lewis, Sheafe st.; q.; \$1.  
Julius Lewis to Marcione Feirentino, Sheafe st.; q.; \$1.  
Rosie A. Rudin to Esther Frank et al., Middlesex st.; q.; \$1.  
Esther Frank to Eli Haffron, Middlesex st.; q.; \$1.  
Eli Haffron to Abraham Golden, Middlesex st.; q.; \$1.  
Mosess Williams et al., trs., to Francis P. Sears, Tremont entrance of Back Bay Fens, 3 lots; d.; cash \$5604, bonds \$28,472.  
Louis G. McShurice est. to Mary G. Hopkins, Marlborough st.; d.; \$1500.  
Joseph H. Rabinovitz to Philip Robinson, Phillips st.; q.; \$1.  
Philip Robinson to Robert Robinson, Phillips st.; q.; \$1.

### EAST BOSTON

Frederica Sahner to Auguste Wohltman et al., trs., Saratoga st.; r.; \$1.  
Mariagrazia Lo Conte to Antonio Puzo et al., Boardman st.; w.; \$1.

### ROXBURY

Timothy G. Buckley to Elizabeth Kelly, Haskins st.; q.; \$1.

## BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

### REVERE

The school committee has accepted the resignations of the Misses Mary C. Murray, Mabel M. Morton, Frances P. Bryden, Florence M. Barry, Evie F. Kelly, Josephine Burke, Caroline B. Baston and has appointed as principal of the new Lincoln school Thomas Sheehan of Peabody. Arthur W. Ross of Dorchester will be commercial teacher at the high school. Other appointments are: Miss Marion M. Bond of Revere, supervisor of drawing; Miss Lillian M. Smith of Norfolk, Conn., teacher of English, French and mathematics in the high school; grade teachers, the Misses Catherine Bean, Catherine Kingsley, Grace A. Doyle, Anna J. Cawley, Dorothy Perry, Anna McCaffrey, Gertrude Hodges, Agnes L. McLaughlin, Helen L. Burnham, Pearl Dennison, Julia E. King, E. V. Bjood, Carolyn R. Grant.

### MEDFORD

Following the tests in English, Latin, Greek, German, mathematics, French, commercial and mechanical subjects, these members of the graduating class of the high school were given certificates of honor: Alden B. Ackerman, Roland W. Baldrey, James G. Backford, Edith S. Bushnell, Grace M. Caulkins, Gladys E. Doe, Edith M. Dow, Mark D. Emerson, Mildred Fiske, Gertrude Folger, Margaret H. Hea, Mary A. Jeffers, Parry Kellar, Stewart W. Miller, Jr., Irene E. Minott, Arthur W. Morrison, Walter L. Perry, Abbie C. Reagan, Chester L. Rich, Ralph T. Rogers, Herbert W. Schlafhorst, Lawrence E. Scrammage, Elizabeth Taylor, Helen A. Thomas and Franklin G. Thompson.

### CHELSEA

William E. Sandham, who keeps a dry goods store on upper Broadway, placed a barrel of water on the sidewalk in front of his store each of the recent hot days, bearing the sign, "Water your horses," and many teamsters gave their horses a drink there.

Dr. Edgar F. Haines, U. S. A., has been appointed president of the district of Davao of the Philippine Islands. He is the son of the Rev. George F. Haines, pastor of the Advent church, and was graduated from the Chelsea high school in 1901.

### ARLINGTON

The "float night," which was to have been held on Spy pond July 4 by the Arlington Boat Club, will be held on Labor day, Sept. 4.

The First Baptist church congregation has elected these officers for the Sunday school: Assistant superintendents, Howard L. Russell and Miss Helen G. Allen; secretary, Miss Lucinda M. Higgins; treasurer, Joseph G. Burt; pianist, Mrs. Charles B. Devereaux; assistant pianist, Miss Hatch; chorister, John G. Leeth. Mr. Frost will remain superintendent until October.

### WAKEFIELD

The Montrose Church Society has appointed committees for monthly socials and entertainments to raise funds for the support of the chapel.

A swimming float has been built at lake Quannapowitt and the bathhouse repaired by the town, and a school of instruction in swimming is to be opened by the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A.

### STONEHAM

Complaining of crowded conditions on the local cars to and from Sullivan square in the early morning and evening hours, the Board of Trade has sent a petition to the Boston & Northern street railway asking for additional cars. The board has named committees to take charge of the movement to boom the town industrially and to work for general betterment.

### WALTHAM

Instructors in charge of the playgrounds carried on by the vacation school committee of the Education Society are: Heard school, Misses Carrie M. Leonard, Jennie Bassett, Mabel Bond and Putnam Barnes; Newhall school, Misses Katrina Graverson and Edith Smith and Elbert Moore; Bright school, Mrs. Sarah E. Berthold and Miss A. H. Mudge.

Mary M. Mouncey to Sol Witt, Blue Hill ave. and Otisfield st.; q.; \$1.  
Sol Witt to Fannie Epstein et al., Blue Hill ave. and Otisfield st.; q.; \$1.  
Isabella Cunningham to Rafaele Curcio, Mt. Pleasant ave.; q.; \$1.  
Michael J. Sullivan to Margaret M. Sullivan et al., Longwood ave.; q.; \$1.

### DORCHESTER

Howard L. Warren to Ellen J. Allen, Chefton st.; w.; \$1.  
Mary E. Sheehan et al. to Michael W. Cremen, Hancock st.; q.; \$1.  
Lydia E. Sumner to Jacob Goldman, Dix st.; w.; \$1.  
Jeremiah McAuliffe to Jacob Goldman, Dix st.; w.; \$1.

### WEST ROXBURY

Catherine E. Hodgdon to Margaret Reichert, w.; \$1.  
Mary E. Hussey to Jessie F. Smith, Winslow st.; w.; \$1.  
Martha L. Lunt to Alexander A. Welns, Kirtland st.; w.; \$1.  
Daniel Holland to Albert P. Crocker, Danforth, Wyman and Lamartine sts.; q.; \$1.

Fred P. Stucke to Lottie M. Burrill, Park View rd.; q.; \$1.  
Lottie M. Burrill to Fred P. Stucke et al., Park View rd.; q.; \$1.  
Mabel M. Boudry to Mary A. Wood, Knoll st.; q.; \$1.

### BRIGHTON

Henry E. Rothfield et al., trs., to Edward C. Fitzwilliams et al., Hopedale st.; d.; \$1.  
Edwin A. Paine to Frank J. Sullivan, pag. from Salem st. N. E.; w.; \$1.

### CHELSEA

Beverly G. Anderson to Max E. Westwood, Centre ave. and Lynn st.; w.; \$1.  
John Bromfield to Alexander Lourie et al., W. Third st.; q.; \$1.  
E. Weymouth Savings Bank to David Kleuning, Broadway; q.; \$1.

Elvira A. Clague est. trustee, to George I. M. Hayes, Bealmead st.; d.; \$100.

### WINTHROP

B. Tappan Floyd et al. to Frank McQueney, Almont st.; w.; \$1.

### REVERE

Ada T. Hayden et al. est. to Jennie Lewis, Arcadia st.; 2 lots; d.; \$1.  
S. Bayard Thompson, trustee, to Karl Tammerlak, Hichborn st.; d.; \$4500.

### MIDDLEBORO

The directors of the Plymouth & Middleboro railroad representing the towns of Plymouth, Middleboro and Carver have voted to sell their shares to the New York, New Haven & Hartford for a price equal to par. The road was built about 20 years ago and Plymouth at that time subscribed \$50,000, Middleboro \$20,000 and Carver \$10,000. The town will have to hold a special meeting before the stock can be transferred.

The members of the Advent Christian church are making an effort to raise \$600 to complete by fall their church at the West End.

### WINTHROP

Work is to begin within a few days on macadamizing and surface drainage between Revere street and Ocean Spray station; Pleasant street between Somerset and Winthrop streets; 1700 feet on Court road from Pleasant street to Hotel Loring; macadamizing Groves avenue; installing a switchboard, repeater and transmitter for the fire department and providing accommodations for more books in the Frost public library.

### READING

The Meadowbrook Golf Club has turned over to C. W. Brown the president's cup and to W. B. Livermore the directors' cup which they will hold for a year as winners of the spring championship tournament.

Next Thursday and again on July 20 and 27 the missionary committee of the Christian Endeavor Society of the Congregational church will provide outings here for Boston's poor children.

### HANOVER

The forty-fourth quarterly convention of the Plymouth County Association will be held July 19 at Ridge Hill grove, and the members of Joseph E. Wilder post and W. R. C. and Nelson Lowell camp, S. of V., will attend.

The First Baptist church Sunday school of North Hapover will hold its annual outing tomorrow at Nantasket beach.

### ABINGTON

The W. C. T. U. has elected: President, Mrs. H. L. Sturgis; vice-president, Miss Lurana Ford; secretary, Mrs. Lewis Richards; treasurer, Mrs. Mata Sturgis. Suitable markers are to be placed on historic spots and buildings of old Abington by Capt. John Pulling Chapter, D. A. R., previous to the 1912 celebration of old Abington.

### HOLBROOK

The Winthrop Sunday school picnic will be held tomorrow at Nantasket beach.

The Rev. Edward Evans, pastor of the Winthrop Congregational church, has gone to London for a two months' stay. During his absence his pulpit will be filled by the Rev. Granville Yager and by Walter M. Dunbar of Brockton.

### NEWTON

The new playground at Upper Falls will be ready for use within a week. City Forester Bucknam has charge of the work of preparation.

Residents in the vicinity of Bullough's pond in Newtonville are circulating a petition asking that children be allowed to bathe in the pond.

### WHITMAN

The Whitman branch of the W. C. T. U. will participate in the annual picnic of the county organization to be held tomorrow at Mayflower grove, Pembroke.

Miss Lulu Hood, who graduated this year from Mt. Holyoke College, has been elected an instructor at a private school at East Brewster.

### BRIDGEWATER

The Sunday school connected with the Scotland Congregational church will enjoy its annual picnic Thursday.

Miss Ruth J. Bassett, who graduated last week from the Drexel Institute, Philadelphia, Pa., has taken a position as a private secretary in Germantown, Pa.

### ROCKLAND

The newly elected officers of Mattakesett tribe, I. O. O. F., were raised to their various chieftaincies by District Deputy Past Sachem Lanman and suite of Plymouth, last evening. Plans were also perfected for the annual outing to be held next Saturday at Ridge Hill grove.

### LEXINGTON

The highway department is now widening and straightening Waltham street from Concord avenue to the state road (middle street). The road will be macadamized.

The board of selectmen has accepted Edgewood road as a public highway.

### HANSON

The annual lawn party of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Congregational church will be held this evening.

The annual reunion of the members of Pomona Grange will be held Aug. 26 on the farm of Dr. A. W. Gorham.

### NEEDHAM

Theodore F. Hanks, janitor of the high school, has resigned.

The Needham Heights Y. M. C. A. cricket team, will play a league match with the Canton team next Saturday on the local grounds.

### RANDOLPH

The Ladies' Library Association will hold a public lawn party this evening at the grounds of John V. Beal on South Main street. There will be a band concert and sale of ice cream and candy.

## Reasonable Bargains

It does not often happen that you can get exactly the clothes you want, at the price you want to pay, just when you need them. Take advantage of this sale of "Benjamin Clothes" while the hot wave is on.

\$20—\$25 and \$30 Suits

\$14.50

Homespuns---Flannels---Serges

Richardson's

388 Washington Street

## U. S. S. MONAGHAN ORDERED TO TAKE SERIES OF TESTS

Orders have been received at the Charlestown navy yard for the torpedo boat destroyer Monaghan, commanded by Lieut.-Com. William Cronan, to make a series of 12 tests of approximately six hours duration each, to determine the effect upon speed, fuel consumption, radius of action and tactical qualities of the different conditions and combinations of turbines, of variations of air pressure of the number of burners in use, and of the variations of temperature and pressure of fuel oil, etc. These tests are to be carried out at varying speeds, from 10 knots an hour to the maximum speed that can be developed.

## U. S. IS WATCHING POWER BOATS

NEWBURYPORT, Mass.—The United States revenue cutter Gresham dropped anchor off the entrance to Newburyport harbor today and sent forth two launches, the crews of which inspected power boats plying in the harbor and bay.

## "L" RETRACKING MALDEN STREET

The Boston Elevated today began work on Pleasant street, Malden, retracking the street and locating the tracks six inches further apart to allow the passage of larger cars. As soon as the tracks are relaid through this business section of the city many of the new pay-as-you-enter type cars will be placed on this line.

E. C. HOWLAND PASSES AWAY  
NEW YORK.—Edward Cole Howland, until recently an editorial writer on the Washington Post and the Washington Herald, passed away today. He was graduated from Cornell in 1879, was first employed on the Springfield Republican, and then on the Philadelphia Press, of which he was Washington correspondent.

COTTON FIRE COSTS \$500,000  
ST. PETERSBURG.—The fire that broke out among the cotton bales in the port section of the city Monday night was extinguished today after damage aggregating \$500,000 had been done. About 40 firms shared in the loss.

### MALDEN























For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

# Classified Advertisements

These advertisements are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

## BOSTON AND N. E.

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

NIGHT WATCHMAN, married, desires position. JOHN HOLMES, 43 Mead st., Charlestown, Mass. 17

POSTMAN, well educated, middle-aged German; well educated, good English, business ability, textile experience; wages not main object. MOR. FARKASCH, Commonwealth hotel, Beacon Hill, Boston. 10

SALESMAN—Position wanted as salesman with fancy leather goods; have established trade; 3 years with former employer. BERNARD TYNER, 842 East 5th st., South Boston. 10

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—Young man, business college graduate, wishes position in office with good opportunities for advancement; references. W. HAWKINS, 32 Johnsbury, Vt. 10

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—Young man attending summer school would like to fill in time of vacation a day or two of office of any kind. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 25, Cambridge, Mass. 10

STEWART, CHIEF, COOK, experienced, desires position in hotel, institution, camp or on water. WILLIAM M. P. ENGLISH, River st., Norwalk, Conn. 10

STUDENT would like employment during the summer as stenographer, typewriter or chauffeur; references. A. DIANE STEINBERG, 185 Ash st., Brookline, Mass. 10

TITORS OR TEACHERS would like work for summer, college graduates. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 25, Cambridge, Mass. 10

WATCHMAKER wishes position in or near Boston; 25 years experience; no clocks or jewelry. WM. KNIGHT, 55 Farrington st., Cambridge Heights. 10

YOUNG MAN (20), with experience at brass filling and lathe work in gas and electrical business, seeks position. CAUSEY, 100 Quincy ave., Winthrop, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN would like to enter business house to learn business; references. FRANK HENDERSON, 2 St. James ter., Roxbury, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN, with knowledge of automobile, chemistry and electricity, would like position. WILLIAM E. LUTZ, 102 Prospect st., Somerville, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN (26), desires reasonably light outside employment; no canvassing or soliciting. C. R. WICHMANN, 89 Congress st., Chelsea, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN (22) desires position in garage, mechanically inclined, inexperienced, ambitious. JOHN LEAH, 188 Harrison ave., Boston. 10

YOUNG MAN (18) desires position in garage or where he may learn automobile repairing and driving; references for small job. HAROLD DE LORE, 20 Boylston st., Brookline, Mass. 10

YOUNG MAN desires position in warehouse, willing and industrious. LEO R. KAHAN, 24 Tremont st., Boston. 10

YOUNG MAN desires position with reliable concern; business ability; knowledge of building construction work, automobiles, shipping, etc. References. BURGESS CHASE OLIVE, 771 Dudley st., Boston. 10

YOUNG MAN (18) desires position in any kind; some knowledge of automobiles, machinery, etc. WILLIAM BARR, 25 Morton st., Boston. 10

YOUNG MAN (22), best education, 5 years office experience, references, speaks German and English, wants position; salary \$10. CLIAS, 410 FOX, 138 Tremont st., Boston. 10

YOUNG MAN would like evening employment of some kind; references. H. N. MAYERS, 257 Dover st., Boston. 10

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ACCOMMODATOR, COOK wants situation at beach or in country where second maid is kept, will go by week or month, has experience, and can give reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 25, Cambridge, Mass. 10

ASSISTANT—Woman desires position to help care for young lady, wishes to do light housework; call mornings. MRS. FLORA S. DAY, Suite 3, 11 Haviland st., near Mass. ave. and Boylston st., Boston. 14

ASSISTANT—Position wanted by middle-aged woman in refined American family to assist in household management. GEORGE A. SMITH, 85 Central st., Somerville, Mass. 10

ATTENDANT—Middle-aged woman would like place as attendant or companion; good reader; experienced traveler. MRS. MARY WATSON, 34 Hanson st., Boston. 10

ATTENDANT—Position wanted by an English Protestant, middle-aged woman, to take care of elderly lady and manage her generally useful; parties can be seen any time at Brookline Village Emp. & Ref. Assn., 120 Washington st., Brookline, Mass. 10

BOOKKEEPER OR OFFICE WORK of any kind (no stenography) wanted by an experienced lady with good references. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 25, Cambridge, Mass. 10

CARETAKING—Refined middle-aged couple wish to occupy and care for residence premises; references. Address: MRS. J. S. GAGAN, 63 Gorham st., Cambridge, Mass. 10

CARETAKER—Neat, responsible woman desires employment to exchange service for rent of room; references. L. GRIMES, 24 Cambridge st., Boston. 12

CASHIER, accustomed to handling large sums of money, desires position, whole or part time; references. MRS. M. BADGER, 18 Greenwich pk., Boston. 10

CERICAL—Young lady would like position for summer; have studied typewriting for two years and have some knowledge of shorthand. L. OLSEN, 1 Winslow st., Cambridge, Mass. 10

CERICAL—Young lady wishes position as office assistant; references. RUTH PALMER, 45 Main st., Somerville, Mass. 10

CERICAL—Young lady who has studied stenography and bookkeeping for a year would like position; references. MRS. E. CASHEN, 31 Blackstone st., Cambridge, Mass. 10

CERICAL WORK wanted by competent woman familiar with card indexing and legal work; references. MRS. J. H. RICE, 85 Central st., Somerville, Mass. 10

COMPANION—Worthy American lady desires position as companion to lady; chaperone to young girl; cheerful, pleasant; references. H. HART, 84 Bel-Bower st., Dorchester, Mass. 10

COMPANION—Lady desires position as companion, chaperone or private secretary; references exchanged. MRS. M. B. BROWN, 231 Pleasant st., Brookline, Mass. 10

COMPANION OR MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER—Woman, would prefer small town in New England; references. MRS. DREW, 61 High st., Greenfield, Mass. 10

COMPANION—Middle-aged lady desires position as companion or attendant; willing to travel. MRS. J. D. FOLEY, 655 Normal Blvd., Chicago. 10

EMPLOYMENT wanted, sewing, writing. Address: MRS. INA BRADY, 1039 N. Main st., Findlay, O. 10

HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged, of refinement and ability, desires position in family or hotel; references. MRS. MARIE DREW, 71 Broadway, Cape Girardeau, Mo. 10

KINDERGARTNER desires position for next year; public or private school; graduate Chicago Kindergarten College; with recommendation. MABEL SCHNEIDER, Congress Park, Ill. 10

MILINER desires position as manager and buyer; thorough experience; references. MRS. B. J. SMITH, care Mrs. A. W. Gilbert, 822 Oakwood Blvd., Chicago. 10

PASTRY COOK, experienced, desires position in hotel or restaurant; references. ANNA WELT, 275 Wilcox ave., Chicago. 10

STENOGRAPHER—Position wanted by young lady stenographer; references. MRS. J. J. ATKINSON, 3 Great James st., Bedford Row, London, W. C., England. 10

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted by refined Englishwoman position as working housekeeper, Boston or vicinity. MRS. J. J. ATKINSON, 3 Great James st., Bedford Row, London, W. C., England. 10

## BOSTON AND N. E.

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COOK, excellent, desires employment as accomodator. MISS MERRICK EMP. AGENCY, 12 Isabella st., Boston. Tel. Tremont 303. 10

DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER desires permanent position; 10 years' experience in one place; can furnish references. E. KELLY, MACAULAY, 33 Russell st., Arlington, Mass. 10

DRESSMAKER desires employment; would sew with dressmaker. MRS. JOHNSON, 786 Tremont st., Boston. 10

LIGHT WORK wanted by woman with fair education. MISS KATE DAVIS, Westport, Mass. 10

GENERAL HOUSEWORK wanted by capable girl; first-class references; Boston or suburbs. Apply to MISS MERRICK EMP. AGENCY, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 10

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Capable girl wishes position; can furnish good references. MERRICK EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 10

GENERAL OFFICE WORK wanted by high school girl with some experience. ETHEL E. LACEY, 11 Stanford ter., Somerville, Mass. 10

GOVERNOR (German), wants position; temporary or permanent; speaks French; capable of teaching children; references. MISS STEVENS EMP. AGENCY, 120 Boylston st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Swedish woman wishes position as cook or housekeeper in small family, New York city. LYDIA JOHNSON, 186 Tremont st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman desires position as working housekeeper or at other light work; references. MRS. BERTHA BERGER, 98 Tyler st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER-ATTENDANT desires position. MISS J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION desires position; good home desired. L. M. SMITH, Lexington, Mass. Tel. 421-L. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Neat, refined American lady would like position as housekeeper; capable, efficient, good references. MAUDE M. DAVIS, Needham, Mass. 10

HOUSEKEEPER (colored) desires employment at home. MRS. EMMA MOGAN, 40 Lawrence st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Young American woman wishes situation as working housekeeper; thoroughly competent and reliable; answer by letter only. MISS KELLY, 98 Tyler st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, wishes position with elderly couple, or in small family; references. M. A. LONG, Back Bay P. O., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged, refined woman desires position as housekeeper; references. MRS. KATE COCHMAN, 30 Cross st., Malden, Mass. 10

LAUNDRESS wants work for 3 days a week; will do cleaning. MRS. THOMAS EMP. AGENCY, 25 Sawyer st., Boston. Tel. 1955. 10

LAUNDRESS—Colored girl desires employment by the hour; city limits preferred. MISS LILLIAN SMITH, 119 Windsor st., Suite 1, Roxbury, Mass. 10

LAUNDRESS desires employment at home; laundry washing preferred. MRS. LILLIAN SMITH, 119 Windsor st., Suite 1, Roxbury, Mass. 10

LAUNDRESS, young American woman, wishes washing and ironing to take home. MRS. LILLIAN SMITH, 119 Windsor st., Suite 1, Roxbury, Mass. 10

MAID—Scotch girl (27), inexperienced, desires position as maid; references. Address: MRS. M. BRUCE, 502 Hampshire st., Lawrence, Mass. 10

MAID—Young woman desires employment at day's work, cooking, washing, cleaning, would go anywhere out of town or would take laundry home. MRS. KATE DONNAN, 100 F st., South Boston, Mass. Tel. 908-J. 10

MAID, Protestant, capable, desires position in small family of adults. A. L. MORTON, Uphams Corner P. O., General Delivery, Dorchester, Mass. 10

MAID, colored, desires position as chambermaid or waitress in New Hampshire or Maine. SARAH CORNING, 45 Irving st., Boston. 10

MAID—Neat, light colored girl desires position, few hours mornings. CARRIE LEAGUE, 4 E. 133d st., New York city. 13

MAID—Reliable woman wishes work by day or night; references. SARAH GRANT, 100 Mountfort st., Boston. 10

MAID desires position at general work. MISS MERRICK EMP. AGENCY, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 10

MAID desires position at general housework. MISS MERRICK EMP. AGENCY, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 10

MAID desires employment at light housework or general work daily. L. H. RILEY, 71 Westland ave., Suite 4, Boston. 10

MAID desires position to do cooking or housework; can go home nights if desired. Address: MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

MAID—Colored woman would like day's work of any kind or laundry work to take home; ladies work a specialty. ELVIRA CITENS, 19 Dismouth st., Suite 1, Roxbury, Mass. 10

MAID—American woman wants day work for Wednesday and Friday; would go to Revere; references. MARY BURKE, Uphams Corner P. O., Dorchester, Mass. 10

MANAGING OR ASSISTANT HOUSEKEEPER and companion desires position in refined home, or at settlement work; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER or assistant and companion, middle-aged, Protestant, desires position in refined home, or settlement work; references given. MRS. M. B. BROWN, 231 Pleasant st., Brookline, Mass. 10

MANAGERS—Reliable, experienced couple desire position to manage hotel or boarding house; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

MATRON—Colored woman wishes position as maid or matron; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

MILINER—Position wanted for fall season as miliner; references. Five years' experience; references given; near Boston or Lowell preferred. MRS. P. M. SARGENT, 100 Westford, Mass. 10

MOTHER'S HELPER—Girl (15) wishes position during vacation, Malden or Everett preferred. MARY TOWNER, 133 Belmont st., Boston. 10

MOTHER'S HELPER—Reduced young girl (16) wishes position for summer as mother's helper or to care for children. HELEN JOHNSON, 102 Mt. Vernon st., Malden, Mass. 10

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined Protestant woman desires position as mother's helper or to care for children; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

NURSERY MAID—Reduced young Protestant girl (17) desires position for summer, at country or seashore, to care for children; light duties. SIGNE WEST, 221 Hancock st., Everett, Mass. 10

PANTRY MAID OR HOUSEMAID position wanted. FRANCES HELED, 45 E. Brookline, Mass. 10

PIANIST, rapid reader, desires position; store preferred. MRS. FLORENCE ADAMS, 53 Vale st., Boston. 10

POSITION wanted by competent woman now doing laundry position; references. FLORENCE A. SMITH, 85 Central st., Somerville, Mass. 10

SEAMSTRESS—Refined, desires employment with dressmaker or will do sewing and embroidery by the day. SARAH E. EPPS, 138 Western ave., Cambridge, Mass. 10

SEAMSTRESS, experienced in alterations, custom shirt waists and petticoats making; references. MRS. E. H. SAMSON, 1084 Washington st., Suite 1, Boston. 10

## BOSTON AND N. E.

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

SECOND MAID wanted position in small private family at seashore for summer. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 25, Cambridge, Mass. 10

SECRETARY—Young lady, high school teacher wishes position as secretary to go abroad this season; typewriter and stenographer; college graduate. J. H. HALE, Chestnut st., Hudson, Mass. 10

STENOGRAPHER desires position, good education, experience, trustworthy, Smith Premier machine; understands filing; references; will substitute. MISS C. B. HAYES, 11 Newmarket st., Boston. 10

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, willing worker, good references, desires permanent position with reliable employer; references. MARY M. BREINER, 102 Herman st., Winthrop, Mass. 10

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER would like good situation; has references and experience; can do bookkeeping. (Prot. estant). HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 25, Cambridge, Mass. 10

TEACHER desires position for stenography, typewriting, office practice, penmanship; 9 years in public schools; can give references. VIRIA E. CASS, Drawer B, Brookline, Mass. 10

TEACHER desires position at seashore; would do light work for expenses or go as attendant to elderly person or child over 10 years of age. SOPHIE TAYLOR, 104 Berkeley st., Boston. 10

TUTOR-GOVERNESS—Young woman of refinement desires position; accustomed to children and college work; references. MISS REBECCA RICHARDS, 56 Auburn st., Boston. 10

TYPIST—Lady desires employment in typewriting. Please phone 213-2 Myrtle, or address H. K. LUNT, 21 Vine st., Melrose, Mass. 10

WATRESS OR CHAMBER MAID work desired by reduced young woman; prefer seashore; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

WATRESS—Position wanted immediately, as summer or permanent; references. ELIZABETH PAULING, Lock st., Pittsburg, Pa. 10

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged, desires position with small family, references. MRS. M. B. PROVAN, care Lewis, 17 Bridgeport st., Providence, R. I. 10

YOUNG GIRL (15) wants position during summer vacation to help look after children; a place at the beach preferred. MARY MacNEIL, 3 Magnolia ct., Everett, Mass. 10

## EASTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CARPENTER, Spanish, experienced, wishes position in carpshop or with land-lord. VINCENT MARTINEY, 264 W. 29th st., New York City. 10

CLERK—Young man (27), fair education, intelligent, wishes clerical work to gain experience; references. HENRY J. GRUNHART, 300 Bedford ave., Pittsburg, Pa. 10

ELDERLY MAN (57) desires position to be generally useful; city or country; good home with moderate wages desired; reliable, temperate, industrious. VICTOR FIELD, care Mr. Kaiser, 106 Clarkson, Brooklyn, N. Y. 10

EMPLOYMENT wanted, salary, commission; experience expert accountant, manufacturer, salesman, running retail business and boarding house. R. T. ROGERS, 504 West 159th ave., New York City. 10

ENGLISH COLLEGE MAN (27) desires summer position; excellent testimonials and references. ROBERT W. SAGE, 316 W. 13th st., New York City. 10

FARM WORK—Young man, good worker, desires position, good home to high wages; references. HENRY J. GRUNHART, 300 Bedford ave., Pittsburg, Pa. 10

MAN (33) wishes work assembling; 25 years experience; or other view of bench work; other shop experience; reference. L. E. KENDALL, 83 Macon st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 10

MANAGER OR ASSISTANT—Position desired by reliable, energetic and systematic manager, 15 years connected with prominent and successful city restaurants, thoroughly experienced in all details of restaurant management; references. CHARLES MASON, 553 40th st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 10

MILINER—ENGINEER—Cornell graduate, highest credentials, seeks position, preferably in sales of automobile mfg. concern. ERNEST T. WILSON, District Y. M. C. A., 179 Marcy ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 10

MILLWORK—Position wanted as bench hand, mill work, references. WORTHY L. FENTON, 705 Hamilton ave., Pittsburg, Pa. 10

PAINTER—Picture frame painter, also can do interior painting, varnishing, etc. References. L. E. KENDALL, 83 Macon st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 10

SALESMAN desires employment in New York city store; qualified in men's clothing; references. A. L. YOUNG, 85 W. Washington pl., New York City. 10

SHIPPER—THOROUGHLY experienced in shipping and routing, references, desires position; can show references. ERNEST T. WILSON, Eastern District Y. M. C. A. EMP. DEPT. 17, 179 Marcy, N. Y. 10

TEACHER, experienced in high-grade schools, desires position as resident or visiting tutor for summer months; will accept of \$200. TIMPSON, 325 17th Park West, New York City. 10

TELEGRAPH OPERATOR, ticket agent, express agent, 18 years' experience, desires position with no Sunday work. J. GREENE, Box 115, Poland, N. Y. 10

YOUNG MAN wishes position on gentleman's estate; references. J. GREENE, Box 115, Poland, N. Y. 10

YOUNG MAN (24) wishes position as useful man on gentleman's place or poultry farm. HERMAN ELLENHOFF, 58 East 115th st., New York City. 10

YOUNG MAN (18) desires position with opportunity of advancement; public school graduate; references. OTTO CARSTENS, 227 64th ave., New York City. 10

## CENTRAL STATES

### HELP WANTED—MALE

MAN wanted to run gasoline tractor engine in Florida; state salary. MONTGOMERY PEACOCK CO., 617 First National Bank bldg., Chicago. 10

OFFICE CLERK wanted, capable, about 25 years old, with good education; excellent prospects for man who is quiet, accurate and has ability to grow to a good position. Answer, stating age, experience and salary expected. Assistant Office Manager, SWIFT & CO., Union Stock Yards, Chicago. 10

PAINTERS wanted; first class. SELLERS & CO., 1100 W. Illinois st., Urbana, Ill. 10

PRINTER—Wanted, all-round, capable printer; position permanent; married man preferred. Address: PROGRESS, Elk Rapids, Mich. 10

## CENTRAL STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER desires position; 10 years' filing-stenographic and clerical experience; can furnish satisfactory references. ELIZABETH HAY, 188 E. 133d st., New York City. 10

TEACHERS—Three sisters, college graduates, domestic arts, desire position; prefer to teach elementary and advanced; public or private schools, or institutions. Address: LIZZIE S. HOLMES, 242 S. 2d ave., Alpena, Mich. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BUYER AND MANAGER, men's and boys' clothing, seeks connection with good concern, East or West; capable of handling large department. JOHN H. GALVAN, 102 Vedion st., Denver, Col. 10

OFFICE OR CONSTRUCTION position wanted with general or municipal contractor; 3 years' practical experience in engineering work; 23 years old; married. EDGAR H. DALE, 822 W. 4th st., Coffeyville, Kan. 10

TRAVELING COMPANION, thoroughly experienced, educated, middle-aged gentleman, desires position as traveling companion; references. FRANK FOSTER, 13 Box 245, Brighton, Cal. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

HOUSEKEEPER—Neat, refined American lady would like position as housekeeper; capable, trustworthy, good cook; references preferred. MAUDE M. DAVIS, Needham, Mass. 10

SEAMSTRESS desires position in family; will care for children or do housework. MISS ZOBE LEONARD, Bannock st., Denver, Col. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### HELP WANTED—MALE

BLACKSMITH—WHEEL WRIGHT—Wanted by carriage maker in another city; first-class; apply at once. C. D. FRANKS & CO., 170-172 Meeting st., Chicago, Ill. 10

MAN wanted to run gasoline tractor engine in Florida; state salary. MONTGOMERY PEACOCK CO., 617 First National Bank bldg., Chicago. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

SALESMAN with 15 years' selling, also road experience, desires position as traveling salesman in southern states; references. J. A. CUTHINS, Wilson, N. C. 10

SALESMAN, married man (35), 15 years' experience calling on printing trade, good student; desires position in printing office in far West. C. E. BERTS, 12134 16th ave., South Nashville, Tenn. 10

SAVER—Savvy situation wanted as sawyer on ground mill; 20 years' experience. Address: A. BIENAMAN, Winterpark, Va. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT—Lady desires position for summer as companion, or on companion, care of small children; like to travel; references. MRS. A. E. ST. CLARE, Clifton ave., Walbrook, Baltimore, Md. 10

TEACHER—Young lady holding diploma from "Koenig School of Music," Norfolk, Va., desires position teaching piano, music and harmony. MISS NANNIE V. RANSON, Port Haywood, Va. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—Refined woman wishes position as companion to elderly lady or busy mother; understands sewing; able to assist children; with music. MISS ADA MORTON, 3424 Franklin st., Oakland, Cal. 10

MAID—Wanted, woman desiring good country home; one willing to assist with general work for such home. MRS. SADIE MCINTYRE, B. & M. Ranch, Sparta Stage, Baker, Ore. 10

SECRETARIAL OR STENOGRAPHIC position desired; thorough business training and experience; also experience in bookkeeping; references from former employers. MABEL A. WALLIS, general delivery, Los Angeles, Cal. 10

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience, desires position in or near Los Angeles, Cal. MISS ELYA WEBSTER, general delivery, Los Angeles, Cal. 10

STENOGRAPHER, competent, executive ability and originality, wants position; can take charge of business; over 10 years' experience; Seattle or elsewhere. MISS ARLINE HASKELL, 1620 15th ave., Seattle, Wash. 10

TEACHER wishes position as governess, private school or companion, in States or abroad; references. MISS E. H. BERT, 1745 2d st., San Diego, Cal. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CORN TRADE—Position desired as manager, buyer or traveler; middle-aged; long experience; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COOK (36) desires position in England, in hotel or restaurant; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

ENGLISH GOVERNOR (40) desires position; French, German, Latin and Spanish; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman with one child, age two, seeks position as housekeeper or companion; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

SEAMSTRESS—Refined, desires employment with dressmaker or will do sewing and embroidery by the day. SARAH E. EPPS, 138 Western ave., Cambridge, Mass. 10

SEAMSTRESS, experienced in alterations, custom shirt waists and petticoats making; references. MRS. E. H. SAMSON, 1084 Washington st., Suite 1, Boston. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### HELP WANTED—FEMALE

DESIGNER—Wanted for fall; a designer and computer; good knowledge of city in hand; successfully placed; able to the person with proper qualifications; an excellent opportunity is offered, with a position attached commensurate with the importance of the position and the ability and experience of the person engaged; fitting rooms and workroom are well appointed; being large, bright and airy; a staff of up to 20 hands employed. Apply, in first instance, with references, to ability, to Manager DEBBENHAMS (Canada), Limited, Toronto, Ont. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CORN TRADE—Position desired as manager, buyer or traveler; middle-aged; long experience; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COOK (36) desires position in England, in hotel or restaurant; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

ENGLISH GOVERNOR (40) desires position; French, German, Latin and Spanish; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman with one child, age two, seeks position as housekeeper or companion; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

SEAMSTRESS—Refined, desires employment with dressmaker or will do sewing and embroidery by the day. SARAH E. EPPS, 138 Western ave., Cambridge, Mass. 10

SEAMSTRESS, experienced in alterations, custom shirt waists and petticoats making; references. MRS. E. H. SAMSON, 1084 Washington st., Suite 1, Boston. 10

## WESTERN STATES

### HELP WANTED—FEMALE

DESIGNER—Wanted for fall; a designer and computer; good knowledge of city in hand; successfully placed; able to the person with proper qualifications; an excellent opportunity is offered, with a position attached commensurate with the importance of the position and the ability and experience of the person engaged; fitting rooms and workroom are well appointed; being large, bright and airy; a staff of up to 20 hands employed. Apply, in first instance, with references, to ability, to Manager DEBBENHAMS (Canada), Limited, Toronto, Ont. 10

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### SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

CORN TRADE—Position desired as manager, buyer or traveler; middle-aged; long experience; references. MRS. J. A. CHOWLEY, 11 Irvington st., Boston. 10

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# Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

## A STEADY TONE CHARACTERIZES STOCK TRADING

Business Generally Is Dull, but Prices Are Firm, Some Good Gains Having Been Made by Securities

## LONDON IS STRONG

A better tone developed in the New York market at the opening today. Prices were a good fraction above last night's closing figures for the active securities and some advances were made during the first few minutes of trading. But there was not much business on the higher level. Traders were inclined to take a more optimistic view of the crop situation than was expressed by them after the appearance of the government report yesterday afternoon. The "disappointment" expressed in some cases was manifestly for manipulative purposes. It was the opinion of many today that the general rains that have occurred since July 1, the date on which the condition of the crops was viewed and from which the report was compiled, have greatly improved general crop conditions.

The local market was quiet as usual. American Telephone rights were rather active around 6-7.

American Ice attracted some attention in the New York market. It opened up 1/2 at 24 1/2 and advanced almost a point further, sagging off later. American Can preferred opened up 1/2 at 85 1/2 and rose more than a point further before midday. Virginia Carolina Chemical opened unchanged at 55 1/2, rose to 56 and then declined about a point.

The leading rails held steady at a good fraction to a point above last night's closing prices, but fluctuations were very small. The market was generally narrow and business continued light.

Fluctuations of local securities were confined within a range of less than a point. The market was without feature.

The New York market continued strong and quiet in the afternoon. Good gains were made by Cotton Oil, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Louisville & Nashville, International Paper common and preferred and Virginia Carolina Chemical. New Haven was a weak feature of the local market.

LONDON—The final dealings on the stock exchange today were enlivened by a squeeze of the bears in rubbers, the tone of that section becoming fairly rampant. Securities generally were somewhat irregular.

## PRICES ARE HIGH FOR RAW COTTON

NEW YORK—Raw cotton prices are maintained at a high level in a quiet market. Little business is being done in cotton piece goods, owing largely to the fact that country people are now engaged in field work. Practically no deliveries are being made in woolsens and woolen mixtures.

Metal market is generally dull. Holders of galvanized sheet iron evince considerable anxiety to move off their stocks. Few orders for wire are being placed. Window glass market is dull; buyers are holding off in expectation of a reduction of prices. Stocks in Tokyo and Yokohama total about 80,000 boxes.

EXPRESS RATE INVESTIGATION  
CHICAGO—Public utilities commission announces an exhaustive investigation of express rates, beginning first week of August, under its new power conferred by the last general assembly.

## THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU  
PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair, except probably light thunder showers tonight and Wednesday; somewhat cooler tonight and Wednesday; moderate westerly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: generally fair weather, except probably light thunder showers to night or Wednesday, not quite so warm in Vermont, New Hampshire, Connecticut, northwestern Maine and northern Rhode Island.

Showers have been general during the last 24 hours in the eastern portions of the lake region, the Ohio valley and New England. Very little rain has fallen in other sections east of the Rocky mountains. The temperature continues high east of the Mississippi river. The highest temperature reported was 100 degrees at Hartford, Conn., and Providence, R. I. The greatest rainfall reported was 1.12 inches at Pittsburgh, Pa. An area of high pressure with low temperature is advancing slowly from the Northwest.

Conditions favor for this vicinity fair weather, except a slight chance for local showers followed by slightly lower temperature Wednesday.

TEMPERATURE TODAY  
8 a. m. 88.12 m. 90.2 p. m. 90.8  
Average temperature yesterday, 88.5-12.

IN OTHER CITIES  
Philadelphia 90 Albany 88  
New York 90 Pittsburgh 88  
Washington 90 Des Moines 88  
Jacksonville 90 Denver 88  
New Orleans 90 Portland, Me. 88  
San Francisco 88

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW  
Sun rises 4:38 High water  
Sun sets 7:22 11:36 a. m., 11:38 p. m.  
Length of day 15:04

## NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open	High	Low	Last
Allis-Chalmers	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
Amalgamated	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Am Best Sugar	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Am Can	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Am Can pf	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2	85 1/2
Am Car Foundry	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
Am Cotton Oil	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Am Ice	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
Am Malt	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Am Smelting	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
Am Steel Foundry	39	39	39	39
Am T & T	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2
Am Woolen	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Anacosta	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
Atchafalaya	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Atchafalaya pf	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
At Coast Line	129 1/2	129 1/2	129 1/2	129 1/2
Bell & Ohio	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Beth Steel pf	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Brooklyn Transit	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Canadian Pacific	242 1/2	242 1/2	242 1/2	242 1/2
Central Leather	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Central Leather pf	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Ches & Ohio	82	82	82	82
Chi & Gt West	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Chilean Nitrate	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
Col & So	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Col Southern Ld pf	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Con Gas	146 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2
Corn Products	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
Corn Products pf	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Denver	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Denver pf	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
D S & A pf	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Erie	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Erie pf	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
Erie 2d pf	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Gen Electric	161 1/2	161 1/2	161 1/2	161 1/2
Goldfield Con	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
Goldfield pf	135 1/2	135 1/2	135 1/2	135 1/2
Gt Nor Ore	61	61	61	61
Inter-Met	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Inter-Met pf	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Int Paper	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Int Paper pf	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
Int Pump	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Iowa Central	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
K C Fly & So	75	75	75	75
K C Fly & So pf	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
Kan & Tex	68	68	68	68
Laclede Gas	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Laclede Gas pf	174 1/2	174 1/2	174 1/2	174 1/2
L & N	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2
Miami	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
M S P & S M	140	140	140	140
Missouri Pacific	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
N Y N H & H	140	140	140	140
Nat Biscuit pf	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Nat Biscuit pf	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Nat Biscuit pf	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Norfolk & Western	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
Norfolk & Western pf	132 1/2	132 1/2	132 1/2	132 1/2
Ontario & Western	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
Pacific Mail	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Pennsylvania	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Peoples Gas	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2
Pittsburgh Coal	20	20	20	20
Pittsburgh Coal pf	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2	84 1/2
Pitt C & S L	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Pittsburgh Steel	105	105	105	105
Pressed Steel Car	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
Pullman	161 1/2	161 1/2	161 1/2	161 1/2
Rail Cons Copper	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Reading	159 1/2	159 1/2	159 1/2	159 1/2
Reading 2d pf	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Reading 3d pf	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Republic Steel	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Rock Island	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
Rock Island pf	65	65	65	65
Ry Steel Spring	36	36	36	36
Southern Pacific	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
Southern Railway	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Southern Ry pf	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
St L & S F 2d pf	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
St Paul	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
St Paul pf	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Texas Pacific	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Third Avenue	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Toledo St L & W	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Toledo St L & W pf	48	48	48	48
Twin City Rap Tr	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Underwood	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Union Pacific	192 1/2	192 1/2	192 1/2	192 1/2
Union Pacific pf	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
Utah Copper	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
U S Rubber	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
U S Steel	79	79	79	79
U S Steel pf	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
Va-Car Chemical	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
Va Iron, C & C	87	87	87	87
Western Maryland	65	65	65	65
Western Union	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Westinghouse	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2

\*Ex-dividend. †Ex-rights.

	High	Low	Last
Am Tel & Tel	110	110	110
Atchafalaya	99	98 1/2	98 1/2
C B & Q 4s	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Ches & Ohio	96	96	96
Chinese Imp S (W)	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Delaure & Hudson	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Erie pf	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Interboro Met 4 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Japan 4 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Lake Shore 4s 1911	93 1/2	93 1/2	93 1/2
N Y City 4 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
N Y City 4 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
N Y City 4 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
N Y City 4 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Reading Gen 4s	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Rock Island 4s	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
Rock Island 4s	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Southern Pacific	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Southern Pacific 4s	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Southern Pacific 4s	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
U S Steel 5s	106	105 1/2	105 1/2
Walsh 4s	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Walsh 4s	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
Westinghouse	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2

## GOVERNMENT BONDS

	Opening	High	Low	Closing
2s registered	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
do coupon	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
3s registered	102 1/4	102 1/4	102 1/4	102 1/4
do coupon	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4	101 1/4
4s registered	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4	115 1/4
do coupon	113 1/4	113 1/4	113 1/4	113 1/4
Panama 2s	100	100	100	100
Panama 1913s	100	100	100	100

## LONDON METAL CLOSING

LONDON—Copper close: Spot, 25 1/2; futures, 25 1/2. 3d. Market firm. Sales spot, 300 tons; futures, 2500 tons. Spot, up 1s. 3d. Futures, up 1s. 3d. Pig tin, up 1s. 3d. Spot 110s, up 5s. 6d. Futures 118s, up 5s. Spanish pig lead unchanged, 113 1/2. 3d. Cleveland warrants 46s. 6d. Spelter unchanged at 25s. Best selected copper unchanged 61s. 5s.

## AGGREGATE VALUE OF FARM ANIMALS OF BAY STATE

Increase Amounts to Thirty Per Cent Last Year as Compared With Decade Ago—Poultry and Bees

WASHINGTON—According to a statement submitted by Acting Census Director Falkner relative to domestic animals, poultry and bees on farms in Massachusetts the aggregate value of all domestic animals, poultry and bees in 1910 was reported as \$20,734,000, as compared with \$15,784,000 in 1900, the amount of increase being \$4,950,000 and the rate 31.4 per cent.

The total value of the domestic animals was reported as \$19,201,000 in 1910, as against \$14,730,000 in 1900, the increase amounting to \$4,471,000, or 30.4 per cent.

The poultry were valued at \$1,403,000 in 1910, as compared with \$1,018,000 in 1900, the gain being \$385,000, or 38.1 per cent. The bees were valued at \$30,700 in 1910 and \$35,800 in 1900, the increase amounting to \$5,100, or 14.3 per cent.

Cattle had a greater value than any other class of domestic animals, both in 1910 and in 1900; in 1900 they exceeded horses and colts by about \$2,500,000, while in 1910 they exceeded that class but little. The total value of the cattle in 1910 was \$9,346,000, as against \$8,131,000 in 1900, an increase of 14.9 per cent.

The total value reported for horses and colts in 1910 was \$8,067,000, while in 1900 it was \$5,826,000, an increase of 48.8 per cent.

Next in order in 1910 were swine, with a total value of \$978,000, as compared with \$550,000 in 1900, the increase amounting to 78 per cent.

Sheep and lambs in 1910 were valued at \$156,000, as compared with \$104,000 in 1900. This was the only decrease in any class of domestic animals and amounted to 19.3 per cent.

The total value of mules and male colts in 1910 was \$43,400, while in 1900 it was \$20,700, the increase amounting to 109.7 per cent.

Goats and kids in 1910 were reported as valued at \$795,000, as against \$718,000 in 1900, the increase amounting to 10.6 per cent.

Asses and burros in 1910 were valued at \$182,700, as compared with \$170,900 in 1900, an increase of 6.9 per cent.

## DIVIDENDS

The United States Realty & Improvement Company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 21.

The directors of the Thomas G. Plant Company, Boston, have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent, payable July 24 to stock of record July 10.

The United Traction Company of Philadelphia declared a regular semi-annual dividend of 2 1/2 per cent on the preferred stock, payable July 20 to stock of record today.

The Newmarket Manufacturing Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable July 15 to stock of record June 27. The dividend declared a year ago was 1 1/4 per cent.

The Columbia Weighing Machine Company of Pittsburgh has declared the regular semi-annual dividends of 4 per cent each on the preferred and common stocks, payable July 20 to stock of record today.

The Minneapolis General Electric Company declared a semi-annual dividend of 83 per cent on the preferred stock and a quarterly dividend of 17 1/2 per cent on the common stock, payable Aug. 1 to stock of record July 18.

The executive committee of the Chicago & Alton Railroad Company met but took no action on the prior stock dividend. Inasmuch as the semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on this stock is ordinarily payable July 15 the failure of the directors to take any action on the matter is regarded as equivalent to a passing of the dividend.

The directors of the Iron Blossom Mining Company have declared a dividend of 6 cents per share payable July 25 to stock of record July 18. Due to the fact that the company is installing heavier machinery, is doing much development work and is maintaining a safe balance for future work the regular 10-cent dividend was not declared. The dividend of 6 cents per share just declared calls for the distribution of \$60,000.

## RAILWAY EARNINGS

WARASH RAILROAD				
May.....				Increase
Gross rev.....	\$2,384,843			\$22,802
Net.....	416,420			1,903
From July 1.....	27,381,385			142,717
Net.....	6,977,099			704,139
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUIS- VILLE				
May.....				
Total oper rev.....	\$55,4516			\$10,053
Net.....	178,963			10,593
From July 1.....	5,690,385			102,295
Net.....	1,201,528			148,142
CANADIAN PACIFIC				
First week June.....	\$2,006,000			\$74,000
HAVANA ELECTRIC				
First week June.....	\$47,534			\$2,721
From Jan.....	1,282,536			120,418
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUIS- VILLE				
Fourth week June.....	\$186,154			\$16,686
From July 1.....	6,121,041			178,680
*Decrease.				



## SHOE BUYERS SAY BUSINESS CONDITIONS ARE IMPROVING

tion and oak leaths are held as  
only as at any time since the last  
e, and what lack of actual business  
are may be accounted for by the  
manufacturers postponing their buying  
h a hope that an increasing output  
y softer prices, but the tanners re-  
that no increase is expected.  
Prices on articles of good grade

Tomorrow at the Mechanics building, Huntington avenue, the shoe leather fair will be set in motion by appropriate exercises. Prominent state and city officials will take part, as well as officers of the different trade organizations. Certain particular features, together with some unique and novel ideas introduced for the first time in any trade fair, will make this exhibition worthy of the attention of those familiar with shoes and leather, as well as those whose knowledge of such things does not extend beyond one's own footwear.

Evansville, Ind.—W. B. Hinkle of Hinkle  
Co., U. S.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.—Wm. Logie of  
Logie, Kalmback & Logie, U. S.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.—H. Bertsch, U. S.  
Galveston, Tex.—Aaron H. Blum of Gal-  
stons Shoe & Hat House, Copley Sq.  
Hotel.  
Indianapolis, Ind.—R. F. Geddes of Ged-  
des Brown Shoe Co., Brew.  
Keokuk, Ia.—H. W. Hulskamp of Huls-  
kamp Bros. Shoe Co., U. S.  
Keokuk, Ia.—A. C. Larson of Bode Lar-

U. S.	Yor
C. Harnish, Kruder Shoe Co., Middle-	Me
Pa., U. S.	Me
B. Burdick, J. P. Sawyer, Penn Shoe	Co.
Manufacturing Co., Reading, Pa., U. S.	Co.
J. Owens, Moore-Schaffer Shoe Manu-	Co.
facturing Co., Rockport, N. Y., U. S.	Co.
A. Fargo, Fargo & Phelps, Chicago,	Co.
U. S.	Co.
W. Cook, McNeil Last Co., Brooklyn,	Co.
U. S.	Co.
Zuder, Crescent Shoe Co., Reading,	Co.
U. S.	Co.
Spasholtz, American Shoe Manu-	Co.

U. S.  
William M. Goodbar, Goodbar Shoe Co.,  
Memphis, Tenn., U. S.  
E. Goss, Dayton Last Co., Dayton, O.,  
U. S.  
Henry Sachs, Sachs Shoe Manufacturing  
Co., Cincinnati, O., room 311, 207 Essex  
St., Cincinnati, O., Essex.  
Charles Ramsfelder, Ramsfelder & Ehrlich,  
Cincinnati, O., Essex.  
Edward Reed, Lumberton, N. J., U. S.  
W. Newcomb, Newcomb & Anderson,  
Chester, N. Y., U. S.  
J. Conlin, Quarryville Shoe Co., Quar-

NEW YORK—Rail mills of the country are operating practically full. Rails that contracted for material for delivery in July and August have been making shipments but certain plants will be unable to make deliveries within the specified time. Pennsylvania Steel Company last week closed contracts for about

Supplementary mails to insure forwarding must be dropped in receptacles marked "Supplementary Mail" at the United States Postal agent at Shanghai or Japanese consulates at Yokohama and Kobe. Mail from the United States to Japan or Japan to the United States post cannot be sent via Canada. North Manchuria is forwarded via Russia instead of Japan.

**OPERATIONS AT YOUNGSTOWN**  
YOUNGSTOWN — Operations of the YOUNGSTOWN this week will be:

**STANDARD OIL CONTRACT**  
PITTSBURGH—Standard Oil Company placed order for 5000 tons malleable iron

ny last week closed contracts for about 100 tons steel rails.

**YOUNGSTOWN** — Operations of the mills in Youngstown this week will be

... in Youngstown this week will  
be the largest in months.

iced order for 5000 tons malleable  
foundry purp<sup>e</sup>



## NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

MR. ASQUITH IS SEEN  
TO BE IMPREGNABLE  
IN VETO BILL CRISIS

If Lords Persist in Fight on Measure Curbing Them It Must Mean New Peers or an Election Involving King

## HOME RULE IS CAUSE

Upper House Could Give Way Easily if It Were Not That Ireland Would Then Win Self-Government

(Special to the Monitor)

WESTMINSTER—Notice of the official amendments to be moved in the House of Lords, on behalf of the opposition, has now been given. The first of these amendments will be moved by Lord Lansdowne, as leader of the opposition. It is to the following effect:

"That any bill (a) which affects the existence of the crown or the Protestant succession therein; or (b) which establishes a national parliament or a national council in Ireland, Scotland, Wales or England with legislative powers therein; or (c) which has been referred to the joint committee and which in their opinion raises an issue of great gravity upon which the judgment of the country has not been sufficiently ascertained, shall not be presented to his majesty nor receive the royal assent under the provisions of this section unless and until it has been submitted to and approved by the electors in manner to be hereafter provided by act of Parliament."

"(2) Any question whether a bill comes within the meaning of paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of the section shall be decided by the joint committee."

## Committee Sought

The second amendment, which has been entrusted to Lord Cromer, the ex-British agent in Egypt, provides for the setting up of the proposed joint committee, and is as follows:

"At the beginning of each Parliament a joint committee (in this act referred to as 'the joint committee') shall be appointed consisting of the speaker of the House of Commons together with seven members of each House of Parliament, who shall be chosen by the lord chancellor and the speaker of the House of Commons jointly in such manner as they think best adapted to provide an impartial tribunal for the purposes of this act. The speaker of the House of Commons shall be chairman and he shall have a casting vote only."

"(2) The speaker of the House of Commons shall call together the joint committee for the purpose of deciding any question which under this act is referred to the decision of the joint committee as soon as may be after the receipt by him of a request in writing to that effect by a minister of the crown or after a resolution of either House of Parliament in that behalf."

"(3) The decision of the joint committee on any question referred to them under this act shall be final and conclusive for all purposes and shall not be questioned in any court of law."

It is obvious of course that these amendments cannot be accepted by the government. The first section of the first amendment would probably be accepted, as there could not be any objection to it. The second section would however strike at the home rule bill, and there is no question that, should the government accept it, the home rule party would put them in a minority upon the first opportunity.

## Mr. Asquith Will Act

The prime minister will recommend the King to create the necessary number of peers. Constitutionally, the King will have two courses before him, either he must create the peers, or else he must dismiss the cabinet and order a dissolution of Parliament. The idea that Mr. Asquith could form a ministry without a dissolution of course is ridiculous. He would be placed in a minority on the first vote after he assumed office.

If the King were to elect for a dissolution, there is no reason for believing that the new House would differ materially from the present one. The Liberals, at the worst would probably come back in their present strength, while, at the best, they might come back not only with an increased but with a more harmonious majority. In such circumstances, to force an election would be to take a leap in the dark which might be even more disastrous to the party than that brought about by the rejection of the budget. That the rejection of the budget was a fatal blunder and one which played into the hands of the Liberals, is now practically universally admitted.

## Budget Saved Party

Up to the moment of the introduction of Mr. Lloyd George's famous budget, the Liberals were undoubtedly declining in popularity. Had an election taken place before instead of after its introduction, it is difficult to say that the Unionists might not have at all events reduced the government majority to vanishing point. It was the budget that rallied the Liberal party in the constituencies, and gave it the strength which enabled it to withstand the Unionist attack. Even then, the Liberal losses were heavy and the Liberal party proper sank to an equality with the Unionists, and was forced to rely for its majority on the Irish and Labor parties.

Those who understood the political

## PRIME MINISTER HAS BECOME FAMOUS



(Copyright by Topical Press, London)

Mr. and Mrs. Asquith are shown leaving recent great gathering at Guildhall

PRINCE OF WALES IS RATED  
AS MIDSHIPMAN IN FLEET

LONDON—The following announcement has been issued by the secretary of the admiralty:

"Naval Cadet H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, K. G., has been rated a midshipman in his majesty's fleet, in seniority of June 22, 1911."

It will be noticed that the date of his royal highness' promotion coincides with the date of the coronation. It was five years ago that the prince joined the Royal Naval College at Osborne and in so doing he followed the example of the Duke of Edinburgh and of his father. It was just before the prince joined the college that the new scheme of naval training had been instituted.

His training has been essentially prac-

tical, for while at Osborne he spent about one third of his time in instruction in seamanship, one third in instruction on general subjects, and the remaining third in engineering. He spent two years at Osborne, being joined during his last term by his brother, Prince Albert.

It is two years since the Prince moved to the Britannia Naval College at Dartmouth, where his naval education was continued. It is generally understood in the royal navy that as was the case with his father, King George, the Prince of Wales will go for a long cruise in one of his majesty's battleships. No definite statement, however, has as yet been made on the subject.

Some of the clearest sighted supporters of the Unionist party are strong in their counsels that the amendments to be introduced shall not be insisted upon, but that when they have been disagreed to by the House of Commons they shall be dropped. This would give the opposition two years to agitate against the passing of the home rule bill, and if the feeling of the country is so strongly against it as is claimed it would be extremely difficult to carry it into law.

On the other hand the insistence on the amendments would be futile, unless supported by the King's decision in favor of a dissolution. If that decision were once given a new and much more serious aspect would be given to the struggle, and the Liberal attack would rage not only round the House of Lords but round the throne.

## BRISTOL HONORS

## BY MARCH PAST

(Special to the Monitor)

BRISTOL, Eng. — The festivities organized in celebration of the coronation of King George were not favored with such satisfactory atmospheric conditions as was the royal procession in London. The day broke overcast and gusty, but long before the appointed hour for the troops and civic dignitaries to march in solemn splendor to the downs the people were commencing to assemble to express their loyalty to the throne, which was in no way dampened by the heavy showers that fell at intervals. The prearranged ceremonies were duly carried out, including the march past of the assembled troops, the deputy mayor taking the salute, the lord mayor himself having been summoned by the King to take part in the ceremony at Westminster.

The real anxiety of the Unionist party at the present moment is the home rule bill. If it were not that the home rule bill could be carried into law just within the term of the present ministry's office there would be no particular reason why the veto bill should not be passed. Passed with an expressed declaration that the Unionists would repeal it on returning to office, the present government might be allowed to go on until an election came about in a natural course, if it were not for the fact that in the meantime the home rule bill might be-

LEADERSHIP OF FRENCH ARMY  
IS QUESTION UP IN DEBATE

(Special Correspondence of the Monitor)

PARIS—The minister of war, General Goiran, recently made a declaration in the Senate that has provoked considerable emotion both in the House itself and also throughout the country. During the debate on the financial estimates of the war department M. Treveneux asked the minister of war if he himself were a partisan of that plan which gave to the commander-in-chief personal direction of any one of the armies in the field in time of war, thus leaving the other armies in service to other commands and at the mercy of circumstances, or on the other hand did the war minister think that the commander-in-chief should personally decide on the spot the whole of the operations of the armies engaged in case circumstances should render it so advisable.

Further, had he in his mind the idea that the commander-in-chief should play the role of instructor-in-chief of the army and if the war minister's reply to this letter was in the affirmative what means did he propose to place at the disposal of the commander-in-chief to

enable him to carry out such a formidable duty.

To the immense astonishment of every one General Goiran replied, saying that there was no commander-in-chief; in time of peace there was simply a vice-president of the council of war.

The Temps in commenting on this incident says: "The whole matter appears to be definitely settled—there is no commander-in-chief in time of peace and in time of war evidently one is not considered necessary. It is the government, they add, which retains the control of all operations. If war came tomorrow it would be M. Monis, surrounded by the other members of the government, that would dictate to the generals the conduct of the operations and the plans of battle. Messrs. Malvy, Constant, Pams, Paul-Boncour, etc.—these would be the military advisers, and their opinion would count more than such men as General Michel and the members of the superior council of war." This subject bids fair to receive an unusual amount of attention and is certainly not lacking in public interest.

(This statement by General Goiran afterwards brought the downfall of the Monis ministry.)

SOUTH AUSTRALIA'S  
MARKET HAS FIRMED  
IN WHEAT AND FLOUR

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, South Australia—The wheat shipping season in South Australia opens on Dec. 1, and returns which have been published show that the crop movement to all importing centers for the first five months of the shipping season has been 10,906,250 bushels of wheat and 18,063 tons of flour.

Although the exports for April, 2,903,469 bushels of wheat and 4902 tons of flour, far exceeded those of the corresponding month of last year, the aggregate for the season to date is below the 1910 totals. Various causes have contributed to the slow movement, chiefly the late harvest and the fact that farmers generally were in a position to hold on to large parcels and await better prices.

The market has now firmed, and it is expected that when seeding operations are completed shipments will move forward more rapidly. The following tables give the destination of this state's wheat and flour exports from Dec. 1 to April 30:

WHEAT EXPORTS	
Destination	Bushels
United Kingdom	7,230,012
Los Palmas	698,151
South Africa	517,228
Denmark	465,982
Havre	431,169
Calcutta	381,298
Antwerp	236,731
Marseilles	219,589
Tasmania	48,706
Western Australia	3,913
Port Darwin	81
Total	10,906,250
FLOUR EXPORTS	
Destination	Tons
Dutch East Indies	7,292
South Africa	1,252
Queensland	1,265
New South Wales	1,278
United Kingdom	1,007
Colombo	967
Western Australia	468
East Africa	240
Port Darwin	28
New Zealand	12
Tasmania	5
Total	18,063

CLIMBER WILL GO  
UP KINCHINJUNGA

(Special to the Monitor)

CALCUTTA—It is the intention of Carl Wilhelm Rubenson, a Norwegian mountaineer, who has been staying here recently, to make the ascent of Mt. Kinchinjunga, which rises to an altitude of 28,176 feet. That Mr. Rubenson is qualified for the venture will be understood when it is stated that he has not only done a lot of climbing in Norway, Switzerland, and in the English lake district, but ascended, in 1907, in company with a fellow-countryman, Mr. Monard, Mt. Kabra, which is situated in the neighborhood of Kinchinjunga, attaining on this occasion a height of 23,900 feet.

He intends to start from Darjeeling with a mountaineer friend, and calculates that the journey will occupy some two months. Mr. Rubenson has been presented by the King of Norway with a Norwegian flag, which he proposes to plant on the highest point he succeeds in reaching.

GERMAN TREASURY  
SURPLUS \$29,425,000

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN—According to the final accounts of the imperial central treasury for the financial year 1910, there is a surplus of \$5,885,000 (\$29,425,000). The customs and taxes yielded an increase of \$2,875,000, an increase of \$985,000 and \$500,000 respectively, being shown in the profits of the imperial postal department and the imperial railways.

The expenditure for the imperial debt decreased by \$495,000, for the army by \$235,000 and for the navy by \$800,000. Owing to the satisfactory nature of these accounts it will be possible to wipe off the deficit of 1900 sooner than was anticipated by the financial law of July of that year.

RHODESIA MAKING  
STEADY PROGRESS IS  
LONDON STATEMENT

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—At one of the periodical Rhodesian dinners held recently, and at which Lord Winchester presided, it was pointed out how steady the development of Rhodesia had been. The chairman stated that the Rhodesian system of railways now reached into the Congo Free State, and that a short while ago negotiations had been completed for the continuation of the Mazoe railway to Shumba.

Though the great mining industry was in its infancy, yet the output of 2,500,000 of gold was not a figure to be despised. In addition to capital they now had the advantage of scientific exploration. A geological survey was now in progress which would be of the greatest assistance to the mining industry.

Speaking of the natives, the chairman laid stress on the fact that cooperation was a necessity, and that the best work would be obtained from natives who were treated with kindness and consideration. As to agriculture, financial assistance would be given by the British South Africa Company, which company also proposed to form a land bank, and was now in the act of instituting a Rhodesian Land and Agricultural bank.

Col. R. Grey, in reply, said that after a 21-years occupation of the country, the amount amounted to \$3,000,000 (\$15,000,000). Most of it was gold, it was true, but mining so far was the chief industry of the country. That the country was in a prosperous condition, the above figures showed. In the future no doubt the farming industry would become as great a feature in Rhodesian industry as mining was at present, but farming was so far entirely dependent on the productive power of the mineral industry.

Rhodesia, continued the speaker, meant to join the Union of South Africa only when it could do so on an equal footing, and become a component part of the Union in common with the other states.

SULTAN'S TOUR  
IS SUCCESS AND  
HIGHLY PRAISED

(Special to the Monitor)

CONSTANTINOPLE—The Sultan has completed his tour and from the reports received he has made a most excellent impression wherever he has been. He received the homage of representatives of all classes irrespective of creed or religion, and it is confidently expected that the political results of the journey will be excellent.

The Sultan has made himself thoroughly acquainted with such reforms as are necessary, and there will be no delay in introducing them wherever possible. His arrival in this city was made the occasion of a magnificent patriotic demonstration. The Barbarossa was escorted during the last several miles down the Sea of Marmara by hundreds of craft of various descriptions, while representatives of the foreign powers were awaiting the arrival at Dolma Bagche in order to welcome him on landing.

The day was celebrated as a holiday, the government departments being closed and the city illuminated in the evening. With regard to the press, the newspapers welcome the Sultan back and refer to the great importance of the journey in furthering the cause of peace and the union of races.

## AUTHOR MAY HAVE STATUE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Readers of Harrison Ainsworth's well known novel "The Admirable Crichton" will be interested to learn that it is proposed to place a memorial to the hero of that work in Mantua.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL  
MAY BENEFIT WHEN  
U. S. DUTY LOWERED

Vice-President of Adelaide Commerce Chamber Sees Coming Demand for "Good to Medium" by America

## PRICES WILL STAY

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, South Australia—Notwithstanding the increased export of wheat, butter, meat, fruit and other products, wool must still be regarded as one of the chief products of this Australian state. Sheep and cattle raising has proved a source of profit to many South Australians, and the prospects never appeared brighter than they do at the present time. Throughout the pastoral areas extremely beneficial rains have fallen; feed is plentiful, and stock are in good condition.

There are now open to application 13,605 square miles of country previously leased, which may be taken up on leases for terms not exceeding 42 years, with a valuation, after the first 21 years, at rentals of from 1s. to about 10s. per square mile; and, in addition to the above, about 120,000 square miles of country not yet occupied are available for pastoral purposes. The vice-president of the Adelaide Chamber of Commerce, referring to the wool production of Australia recently, said:

"The year that has just closed has certainly been one of the most prosperous that flockmasters have ever experienced. The increase in the number of sheep is in itself proof that the year has been propitious to the pastoral industry."

"It is strengthened by the fact that exports of wool have risen from 542,671,603 pounds in 1908 to 665,763,687 pounds in 1910. Happily for those concerned, coincidentally with a large production we have had high prices. Prices at present are above the normal. Stocks, however, are not large; trade in the United States is recovering, and with the advance of civilization eastern nations are using more wool. These factors lead one to think that prices will remain at a level which will be profitable to the producer."

"One of the most encouraging and hopeful signs is the prospect of an early reduction in the heavy duty, levied by the United States upon imported wool. The present tax upon American greasy wool is 11 cents per pound, the immediate effect of which is to confine American competition to the lightest and cleanest wools. It is easy to anticipate that, with a reduction of duty, there will be an expansion in the demand for good to medium wools, which form the bulk of Australian clip."

## YEAR GOOD IN QUEENSLAND

(Special to the Monitor)

BRISBANE, Q.—The manager of one of the shipping companies in Brisbane recently remarked that the present year gives promise of being a record one for the state of Queensland. The coastal trade is expanding, and the overseas service to Brisbane has assumed important proportions, necessitating additional appointments being made to the pilot staff.

**TRAVEL**  
**London-Paris-Bremen**  
**EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL**  
**TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.**  
George Washington JULY 13  
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse JULY 18  
Kronprinzessin Cecilie JULY 25  
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm JULY 27

**NORTH GERMAN LLOYD**  
GIBRALTAR-NAFLES-GENOA  
Friedrich der Grosse JULY 29  
Koenig Albert JULY 31  
Berlin JULY 31  
Baltimore-Bremen Direct Wednesdays  
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83 and 85 State St., Boston.

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**TWO CRUISES**  
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PASTOR JATHO CASE  
LEADS TO ATTACKS  
UPON STATE CHURCH

Prussian Council in Forcing Cologne Minister Out as Heretic Raises Storm of Indignation in Country

## HE IS MADE MARTYR

(Special to the Monitor)

BERLIN—The case of Herr Jatho, a pastor of the Lutheran Prussian state church, has been occupying the attention of the public for months past.

Herr Jatho, who has been minister for many years at Cologne, is greatly beloved by his congregation and respected and esteemed in the entire neighborhood. His ideas are very liberal and he has been accused by the Prussian ecclesiastical council (Spruchkollegium) of not adhering strictly to the tenets of the church. After a long and wearisome trial the pastor has been condemned to leave the church.

Many protest meetings have been held and more are announced, while a manifesto of sympathy with the pastor has been published here with the signature of 80 Berlin ministers, many leading men being among them. The verdict, and in fact the whole case, forms a precedent in Prussia and has therefore aroused indignation and even consternation.

The "Kölnische Zeitung," one of Germany's leading newspapers, may be quoted as typical of the general opinion: "Neither in England nor America is such a conflict in protestantism known. A Jatho case would be in either country an impossibility. Our pastor would be long with his adherents to the Unitarian denomination, of which the President is a member, and he would be able to preach and profess his Christianity from the pulpit without let or hindrance. If we had separated state and church in Prussia we should have been spared all this."

"Would it not be better if all those whose deepest feelings have been wounded by the synod's verdict were to unite in tearing up the evil by the roots and strive to obtain for our Prussian clerical matters the same measure of freedom that foreigners enjoy?"

The widely read liberal Berliner Tageblatt says: "The judicial synod wished to brand a heretic; it has only succeeded in making a martyr. A short-sighted orthodoxy may rejoice for the moment, but for the fast-decaying Prussian state church Jatho's expulsion will not be productive of happy results."

## NEW STATION DUE FOR JUNGFRAU

(Special to the Monitor)

GENOA—A new railway station is to be constructed on the Jungfrau at a great elevation. Borings are being made in the glacier for the foundation of the station which will be called Jungfrau Jock. This great peak has been ascended for the first time this season by M. Beaulair and Captain Lohmuller assisted by very experienced guides. They encountered enormous difficulties but the ascent and return were successfully accomplished.

**BI-WEEKLY**  
**The Monitor**  
Now Offers  
**A Stamp Department**  
For the Children  
Every Other Saturday

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¶ The young people will find something to please them in every issue of

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# THE HOME FORUM

## Old Notions Among Mountaineers

VERISIMILITUDE stands writ plain in every line of this month's issue of "Mothering on Perilous" in the Century. Miss Murfree by no means exhausted this vein of the mountaineer lore, and her tales have less the impress of simple fact than Miss Furman's straightforward record of the doings and sayings and hearings of a "brought-on" teacher among these strangely medieval mountain folk.

Aside from the tales of feuds between families, which every one takes for granted with true Capulet and Montague philosophy, many old notions and customs prevail, as, for example, the keeping of what is called "Old Christmas." It would seem that when the English calendar was set forward eleven days some of the folk persisted in keeping what they considered to be the true Christmas on the sixth of January. This survival of the conservatism of the English folk of past generations among the mountains of the New World seemed as strange as the presence among them of certain old English ballads and words that Shakespeare used, but which are obsolete elsewhere.

## Yale's Tribute

The honorary degree of master of arts, bestowed by Yale University on Miss Mabel Boardman, is an appropriate recognition of services unselfishly given in prompting a humane enterprise, noble in conception and universal in character. Miss Boardman has labored most successfully to put the American Red Cross on a sound basis financially and to increase its moral resources and its usefulness. She has accomplished a notable work in a true spirit of patriotism and humanity.—New York Tribune.

## Debussy and Wagner

More than Wagner's own music dramas "Pelléas et Mélisande" realizes Wagner's ideal of the union of the arts. For that reason, even aside from the difficult and still unfamiliar vocal style, it is perhaps the hardest of all operas to give adequately. Bad taste or careless execution in the staging of "Tristan" or "Parsifal" cannot ruin the effect of a great cast in those works. In "Pelléas et Mélisande" they cannot.—New York Globe.

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## Word "Holy" Means "Healthy"

THAT the normal state of man as the child of God is perfection is something which humanity is slow to discern; yet certain great ones of the human family have understood this. Thomas Carlyle in an address to university students in Edinburgh, on April 2, 1866, said:

"It is a curious thing that I remarked long ago, and have often turned in my head, that the old word for 'holy' in the German language—*heilig*—also means 'healthy'.... I find that you could not get any better definition of what 'holy' really is than 'healthy'—completely healthy."

## MR. TAFT OF AND FOR THE PEOPLE

THE papers have all found amusing opportunity to acclaim an American celebration of a ruler during this period of the coronation festivities by making much of the silver wedding anniversary celebrated at the White House. Among the cartoons reproduced in the Literary Digest one labeled "His Coronation" shows a dainty Cupid setting a wreath of laurel on Mr. Taft's head, the presidential smile being much in evidence,

## Coronation Crowds

Business England en fête! The workaday metropolis of London under the rule of sprightly King Carnival! The prospect fascinated me, and brought me on a journey which I never like across the channel, writes a Frenchman to the London Standard.

Your crowds are delightful. All the strength, the greatness of the British nation; all its fine qualities of head and of heart, are embodied in your coronation crowds. Their patience and good humor amaze me, and I am filled with admiration by their kindness, their self-discipline, and their capacity to find interest and amusement in so little. And their loyalty to the King! To me, a Frenchman, who reckons patriotism a cardinal virtue, it is touching.

My time is passed among your crowds on the tops of your omnibuses, on your narrow pavements, in the throngs that wait outside Buckingham palace and in the parks. I have never been bored for one instant, and it is in the crowd that I shall stand to see the coronation procession.

I could tell a hundred interesting little stories, if your space permitted, of the good qualities of London crowds; of the consideration people have for each other; of their friendliness toward strangers; of the care they have for the weak and the helpless; of their instinctive discipline and their deeply rooted loyalty and patriotism.

## Japan Quotes Wisdom

Many Japanese proverbs have come from India and China, while intercourse with the Occident, and particularly with America, has added a very generous supply. Of these latter, "Time is money" is one straight from the hearthstone of Yankee land that has been hugged tight to the Japanese breast and is perhaps more quoted in casual speech than any other.

Another that in popular estimation comes close to it is the one that reads, "Heaven helps those who help themselves." Japan believes in this proverb, too. She has recognized its wisdom.

Human beings being fundamentally alike the world over, it is natural that there should be similar proverbs in the east and in the west. The Chinese say, "Neither year nor month wait for man." The English and others have it, "Time and tide wait for no man." There is a Japanese proverb, "Don't count the skins of badgers not yet caught." This of course corresponds to the familiar English saying, "Don't count your chickens before they are hatched." The Japanese saying, "Men come to God when they are in trouble" is the equivalent of the English saying, "Some are atheists only in fair weather." It is also said of Tokio people that they "never spend money kept over night." This means that they never keep their money over night, and this indifference to money is still the pride of the born Tokioite.

There are hundreds of other proverbs quite as apt as many of those essentially western. Be it said, however, that if the Japanese ever learned that one credited to Spain, "Never do today what you can put off to the morrow," they have very carefully forgotten it.—Oriental Review.

## Russian Colony Planned

Thirty Jews now living in Baltimore with their families are planning to establish a colony on the socialist plan somewhere in the United States, to which they can remove and lay the foundation of a community of their own. The idea is to procure a large tract of land sufficient to allow each family 50 acres, and divide it equally among the 30 families constituting the parent colony. These people are from Russia and understand agricultural pursuits.—Buffalo Commercial.

It is heaven itself that... intimates eternity to man.—Addison.

## CELEBRATION OF TREATY OF GHENT

MANY of the ablest men in America are engaged in a project to mark the centennial of the signing of the treaty of peace at Ghent on Dec. 24, 1814, with a series of great peace meetings and the dedication of international highways, bridges, etc., a program of widespread and enthusiastic rejoicing among all the English-speaking peoples of the world that cannot fail to awaken new interest in the universal peace movement. The promoters believe that the realization of the fact that the two strongest nations in the world have been able to remain in terms of peace for 100 years, although at the time of the signing of the treaty there was a deep mutual distrust, jealousy and suspicion, and although throughout the century the parties have been relentless rivals in manufacture, commerce and finance, will do more to persuade mankind of the practical utility of peaceful arbitration than any amount of theorization.

The idea sprang from so many separate sources that it might be described as a spontaneous impulse among both peoples, says Harpers Weekly. W. L. Mackenzie King spoke eloquently of it in an address at the Harvard commencement two years ago, proposing a celebration limited to the United States and Canada. The first actual step toward organization was begun by a committee in New York city and a committee from the Mohonk conference. From these beginnings spring the national committee for the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of peace among English-speaking peoples. The honorary presidency of the committee would seem to belong to President Taft, but inasmuch as he will have to pass on matters of legislation concerning it he was relieved of embarrassment by the selection of Col. Theodore Roosevelt for the position.

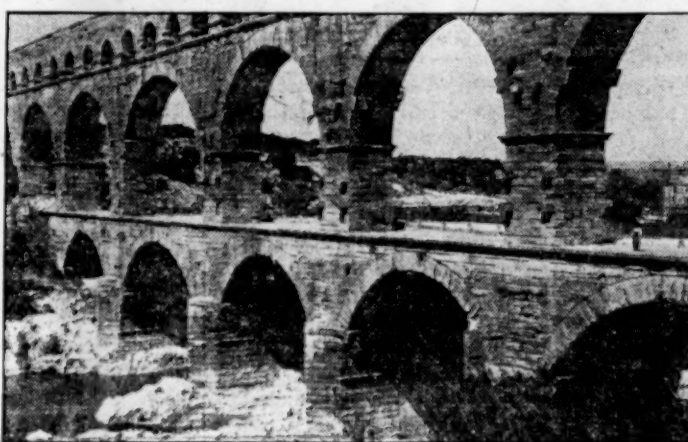
Kind words are the music of the world.—Faber.

## Mr. Morgan's Librarian a Woman

WOMEN are filling positions of no various a round today that it is never a surprise to find one in some place of responsibility and trust; yet that the custodian of the rare books and treasures of the library of J. Pierpont Morgan should be a young woman comes with some sense of surprise, for the costly bargaining for the wares of the bibliophile which is involved in these purchases nowadays would seem to require a higher trained sense of financial values than many women attain to as yet. But Mr. Morgan, according to the Metropolitan magazine, has put full charge of his library and his collections into the hands of Miss Belle da Costa Green, and where ever the foreign and American dealers are gathered together to outbid each other over the marvels of some collector's treasure house there Miss Green is in evidence and there she carries on her skillful campaign. It was she who bought the Gutenberg Bible for which Mr. Morgan paid \$50,000.

Mr. Morgan's library is a beautiful marble structure built especially as a repository of his collections and stands on the lot adjoining his residence on Madison avenue, New York. Miss Green has been librarian for six years and before taking up the work spent several years studying rare books and is now considered an authority.

## ROMAN AQUEDUCT DATES 19 B. C.



(Photo specially taken for the Monitor)  
FONT DU GARD, NEAR NIMES

THE Roman aqueduct of which the Pont du Gard forms a part is 25 miles long, and was built for the purpose of conveying the water from two springs in the vicinity of Uzès to the town of Nîmes. It is generally regarded as one of the finest specimens of Roman work, and is ascribed to Agrippa, the son-in-law of Augustus (B. C. 19). The bridge itself is about 880 feet in length by 160 in height, and consists of three

tiers of arches, each one narrower than the one immediately below it. The usual huge blocks, characteristic of Roman architecture, are represented here, and there is no cement used, except in the case of the canal on the topmost tier. During the barbarian invasions which took place in the fifth century this construction was injured and then neglected for several centuries. Not until the year 1855 was it restored to its present excellent condition.

## River Changes Topography of State

St. Deroin, one of the oldest settlements in Nebraska, and once an important landing for Missouri river boats, is meeting the fate of many of the older settlements along the river. Slowly day by day the river is gnawing its way into the heart of the town and in a few weeks little of the original site will be left. Some of the buildings already have gone into the river, while it has been necessary to move others back to keep them from falling into the water. A brick schoolhouse built more than 40 years ago now within a few feet of the bank, but it has been blocked up and will be moved back out of danger.

St. Deroin was founded in the early 50's by J. A. Ritter, and he was one of the first commissioners of Nemaha county. Mr. Ritter established a wood-yard and for many years supplied steamers with fuel until coal began to be used. For years St. Deroin was the shipping point for a large section of southeastern Nebraska, which had no outlet for its produce except the river.—Kansas City Star.

## Where Old Glory Goes

Up and down in all the lands and all the seas between;  
Brave and bold against the sky, and clear and fair and clean;  
Winding through the wilderness, or on the beaten track;  
Half the way around the world—and more than that, and back.  
Whither will Old Glory go? But whither has it gone?  
Mark the way of honor that it has not smiled upon.

Snapping from the halyard blocks of argosy and fleet;  
Fluttering to life and drum that time the marching feet;  
Beating back the driven spray, and blazing o'er the sands—  
It has led a starry way—a way through all the lands.  
Whither will Old Glory go? But whither has it gone?  
Where the spot it has not held the glory of the dawn!—The Designer.

## Convincing

John Adams Thayer, publisher, once declared, at a dinner in New York, that when he was a printer he used to change his job six or seven times a year. "I always bettered myself," said Mr. Thayer. "I always advanced my pay a dollar or more by every change. I remember a Boston foreman who said to me, when I told him I was leaving for Chicago: 'Well, I suppose you'll get a job out there; but remember, boy, a rolling stone gathers no moss.' 'Moss, sir,' I replied, 'is for ruins.'—Washington Star.

The more a man denies himself the more he shall obtain from God.—Horace.

## Statue of Woman for Panama

THE women of the Pacific coast under the lead of Madame Caroline M. Severance, "the mother of clubs," have started an ambitious but altogether commendable movement for the erection of a colossal statue of Peace to be mounted at the entrance of the Panama canal, and they have gone so far as to advocate a most attractive model drawn by Mrs. Frances G. Bartnett, a sculptor of San Francisco. It is a noble woman figure in sitting posture, flanked by peace doves and torches of truth, with the biblical lion and lamb resting at her feet, the olive branch and other emblems. The figure is that of an attractive American woman, typifying the best in our civilization, and who, like the "Christ of the Andes," properly conceived and nobly installed, would send her message of love and her radiant smile of fellowship around the world.—Unity, Chicago.

## College Book Exchange

There is a well-developed system of exchanging books and pamphlets and inter-library loans among the libraries of the various colleges. The reader in one of these college libraries has at his command not only the thousands of volumes housed within its walls and the intelligence of the local library staff—always of a high degree in these college libraries—but the combined experience of several hundred librarians and all the many thousand volumes of the eastern colleges and universities and of the public libraries of the state as well.—Vassar Miscellany.

## Deciding a Career

"When did I first decide to be an opera singer?" Miss Farrar smiled. "Let me see. At least as early as the age of eight. This is how I remember. At school I used to get good marks in most of my studies, but in arithmetic my mark was about 60. That made me unhappy. But once when I was eight, I distinctly remember, I reflected that it didn't really matter because I was going to be an opera singer. How long before that I had decided on my career I can't say."—Good Housekeeping.

There's heart in my heart to bear my load!  
So enough! the day is good!  
—Cale Young Rice.

## Science And Health

With  
Key to the  
Scriptures

The Text Book of  
Christian Science by

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BAKER  
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## SELF-WILL

HERE is probably no quality of the human mind which gets its possessor into more trouble than self-will. It is very apt to be one of the besetting sins of capable, energetic people, and to parade itself under the virtuous guise of zeal and determination. It is the cause of much anxious striving and useless effort. It oftentimes interferes in the affairs of others and stirs up discord where it would make peace. It outlines its own plans and those of its friends, and presumes to advise the Almighty as to the best way of governing the universe.

O, anxious, restless heart whose days are filled with care, whose nights with weary dreams and plans for the morrow learn to rest patiently in God's will, to look up fearlessly to thy Father's love and say, "Thy will be done," to take each next step joyously and trust the divine Mind to rule thy life.

When we learn even a little of the blessedness of turning to divine intelligence for guidance in all our ways it is strange that we can ever lapse again into the old habit of rushing into difficulties, but there is hope that we shall finally learn, both through the joyous lessons in willing obedience and the harder lessons of careless disobedience to see that man has no power or intelligence apart from God. We shall learn to reflect the harmonious restful action of the divine Mind, to become helpful entities for the world's progress toward better things.

To the one who might think that the absence of self-will implies weakness or lack of stamina it may be said that every evil tendency is the counterfeit of some good God-given quality so self-will is but a base imitation of such sterling virtues as constancy, perseverance and steadfastness in adherence to the Truth. These latter qualities are an indispensable part of the Christian's armor and go toward making up the faith which wavereth not and which shall sin and disease.

To be rid of self-will does not mean

that we must yield our will to the domination of others, to try to become weak echoes of some stronger personality. This would turn us from our right reliance upon God and encourage the one to whom we yield in the very error from which we are trying to escape. To the naturally easy-going peace-loving disposition it is oftener easier to give up than to run the risk of a temporary misunderstanding. But if we are honestly trying to obey the rulings of the divine Mind these differences will occur less and less frequently. While if we insist on being men pleasers at the expense of pleasing God we will soon find ourselves in a tangle of confusion far harder from which to extricate ourselves than the first misunderstanding would have been. When we obey God implicitly we are bringing ourselves into harmony with the divine Mind and as the other with whom we may have differed is also governed by this one Mind our thoughts and actions must finally concur harmoniously. An open-minded readiness to learn from the experience of others together with the habitual turning to God for guidance will give us the wisdom we need and guard us against either wilful perversity or undue submission to the wishes of others.

The exercise of self-will entails much useless sacrifice and suffering. In the Bible stubbornness is likened to iniquity and idolatry. When Saul was sent to utterly destroy all traces of the enemies of Israel we find that he "feared the people and obeyed their voice" and spared the best of the flocks and herds. When accused by Samuel of his disobedience he replied that he had kept them to sacrifice upon the Lord. Then we have Samuel's memorable words, "Behold to obey is better than sacrifice, and to hearken than the fat of rams. For rebellion is as iniquity and idolatry." We can see how disobedience and stubbornness are idolatry for they virtually declare that man has a mind of his own which is more

capable of managing his affairs than the divine Mind. As long as mortals insist on following their own inclinations heedless of God's laws they will meet with sorrow and disappointments until they "turn... like tired children to the arms of divine Love" (Science and Health, p. 322).

God does not demand sacrifice and takes no pleasure in seeing his children suffer, we only make these experiences inevitable by our lack of humility. In the above story we find that Saul is deprived of his kingdom because of his disobedience and self-will. Samuel points out the reason very clearly. He says, "When thou wast little in thine own sight, wast thou not made the head of the tribes of Israel?... thou hast rejected the word of the Lord, and the Lord hath rejected thee from being king over Israel."

In the history of the children of Israel we find that it was because they were a stiff-necked and rebellious people that they were forced to wander for forty years in the wilderness when they might have been enjoying the blessings of the promised land.

Everywhere in the Bible health, prosperity and happiness are promised to those who obey God and delight themselves in His law. It is the meek who shall inherit the earth, who have dominion over every adverse condition because they have learned to rely entirely upon God. Having our own way does not bring peace and happiness, but obeying God's will does lead into joy and liberty. In "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," the textbook of Christian Science, Mrs. Eddy speaks of self-will as the "adamant of error" which must be dissolved with the universal solvent of Love" (Science and Health, p. 242). If we feel that our lives are not as harmonious as they might be we may be on the watch for this disturber of our peace and begin to apply the perfect remedy of Love which is indeed a panacea for all the woes of humanity.

## CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

### Famous Vis-a-Vis

There is a pretty story about Frans Hals and Van Dyck, great Dutch painters. Van Dyck went to visit Hals, whose work he greatly admired but whom he had never seen. He waited a long time for him at his house, but Hals was amusing himself with some companions elsewhere and would not come home for a mere caller. Van Dyck then sent word that a stranger wanted to have his portrait painted at once. Hals came and painted for two hours, and then showed his work to the sitter. Van Dyck admired what he had done and said, "This painting seems an easy

thing to do; now you sit down and let me try what I can do with painting you." Hals good-naturedly changed seats with him and Van Dyck painted away for a time, the other artist realizing of course that he was handling the brushes with a skilled touch. But when Van Dyck presently showed him what he had painted Hals cried out with amazement, "Ah, then you are Van Dyck, for no one but he could do this."

Our dependence upon God ought to be so entire and absolute that we should never think it necessary, in any kind of distress, to have recourse to human consolations.—Thomas a Kempis.

### Today's Puzzle

#### WORD BUILDING

Begin with one letter, add one letter at a time and transpose, to make each successive word.

1. A vowel. 2. An article. 3. To annoy. 4. Profit. 5. A small weight. 6. Venting. 7. Showering. 8. Ed. 9. Filtering. 10. Recoloring. 11. Curbing.

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE.  
Opossum.



# THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear."

## EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Tuesday, July 11, 1911

### Albania and Europe

It is now some fourteen months since the able correspondent of this paper, in the near east, first made clear to its readers the inner meaning of the Albanian insurrection. The information then published foreshadowed with extraordinary exactness the trend of events. It was shown that the Turkish government had then a unique opportunity of pacifying a country whose population had been ruled by Abdul Hamid with alternate blows and caresses. No doubt these Albanian tribesmen sorely tried the patience of the Young Turks with their rather doctrinaire schemes for enforcing law and order throughout the empire. At the same time it was pointed out that, in the language question and the question of schools, the Albanians had genuine grievances. When, therefore, the rising in the spring of 1910 had been repressed, it was felt that the situation was one which would demand all the statesmanship in the Young Turk party. Otherwise the cry of peace, when there was no peace, would result in a second rising with more justification on the side of the Albanians.

It has to be admitted that the skepticism shown by the Albanians has found considerable justification. The terms settled between them and the government in Constantinople appear to have been allowed by the latter to become a dead letter, with the result that the Christian Albanian tribes have taken the place of the Muhammadan in a fiercer struggle for liberty. The immediate effect of this has been to revive the eastern question in the near east. The nations of Europe, such as Austria and Italy, which are related to the Albanian tribes in a measure by blood or language, as well as that great northern nation which is the protector of the southern Serbs, have been driven to take more than a platonic interest in the situation. The Italians have frankly taken the side of the Albanians. Austria is even more deeply concerned, and it is probably only Germany's friendship for the Turks which has prevented the dual empire from active interference. The result is that Turkey is faced not only by a combination of powers but by the protest of individual powers; and so strong have these protests become that a paper like the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna bluntly declares what Albania requires from Turkey is the fulfillment of her promises, while in hesitating over this fulfillment Turkey is risking extinction.

The reply of Turkey is contained in the dementi put forward by the embassy in London, that no undue severity has been practised in Albania, as well as in the personal declaration of Torgut Shevket Pasha that he has treated the tribes like "spoiled children." Unfortunately, the evidence of unbiased spectators is entirely on the other side. According to these, the territory of the Christian tribes, whether in revolt or not, has been devastated very much in the way Marshal Duras devastated the Palatine. In these circumstances the assurances of the Turkish government can hardly be accepted. The papers of Europe are beginning to draw comparisons between the attitude of the Young Turks when face to face with the oppression of Abdul Hamid and their attitude toward the revolting Albanians. If the chauvinism of Constantinople is not quickly repressed the cry of "bag and baggage" will inevitably once more assert itself.

It is plain from Walter Damrosch's statement, that Americans have no distinctive music, that he has not been kept awake by the phonograph in the next flat.

### Broadening Postal Service

No one of the older departments of state is showing more activity than the one over which Postmaster-General Hitchcock presides. He may be charged with shortcomings as a politician, but he also has an executive and organizing skill that makes him an efficient department head, able to initiate and carry through reforms on his own account and equally competent and loyal when he is called upon by the President to carry out a policy which interests the chief executive. Mr. Hitchcock must be credited with constant and consistent advocacy of postal banks. With deposits aggregating not far from \$1,000,000 July 1, with depositors increasing in number and the size of their accounts, with the hostility of banks diminishing, and with the department proceeding to establish new stations at the rate of 150 per week, the postmaster-general cannot be blamed if he smiles condescendingly on critics of the system.

Realizing that the demand for a parcels post is rooted in the needs of rural more than of urban dwellers, Mr. Hitchcock is wisely leading Congress to strengthen the rural delivery service, so that, when the parcels post law is enacted, requisite machinery for the task of competing with the express companies will be in readiness, in part at least. To help on this equipment of the working force, carriers' salaries during the coming year will increase \$100, an item involving \$4,000,000 for the taxpayers, but earned in most cases by the man who assumes the task of distributing intelligence and who may soon be called upon to act as national expressman. Postmaster-General Hitchcock says that on rural routes no extra expense, above this increase of salaries, would be involved were parcels post at once established; and that, on the other hand, the swift and huge increase in postage revenue that would follow would go far to extinguish the deficit which the rural delivery now causes. He has been right so often in his predictions during his long term of office that the public and Congress now listen to him with confidence.

In addition to the demand for the parcels post that springs from careful observation of its working in Europe, there is the added element in its favor now that leaders of both American political parties realize that a claim to have made it a part of the national postal system will be a good asset in the coming presidential campaign, pending which the interstate commerce commission is to shed much light on the express companies, now formally answerable to this investigating and rate-making tribunal. The Senate as at present constituted is the only power supporting the opponents of the parcels post in a fight with the President, the House and the country.

The announcement made by Mr. Edison that we shall all soon be wearing clothes made of mineral wool is a trifle unseasonable. Can't he think of something new, and thin, in cotton?

### Possibilities of the Cotton Plant

THE Indian corn grower has long boasted, and with good excuse, of the many uses to which his plant could be put; the cotton plant beats it, however. Not only clothing but food may be obtained from it; not only does it yield some of the greatest necessities of life, according to the ordinary methods of estimating necessities, but many of the luxuries. Scarcely any of it goes to waste; it might be said, indeed, that not a speck of it is thrown away. Fifty years ago, however, the cotton seed, which is now yielding commodities to the value of many millions annually, was either plowed into the ground or used as fuel.

The cotton plant consists of four parts—fiber, seed, stalk and root. Everybody is familiar with the value of the fiber. From the seed is produced oil linters, cake and meal, and the hulls which, according to a report made by Commissioner Austin W. Biggs on the cotton-seed oil industry of Missouri, has now a greater commercial value than the whole seed possessed a few years ago. The stalks of the plant are used for stock food, coarse fiber paper and as a fertilizer. The roots are also used as a fertilizer and sometimes as a fuel. The oil, of course, is the most valuable of all the products from the cotton seed. It is finally made up into lard and other cooking compounds, into salad-oil, into oleomargarine, a substitute for butter, and into high-grade lubricating oil. Moreover, much of it exported in the raw comes back as olive oil. The olive oil thus produced falls about as far short of the genuine as oleomargarine does of butter, but it is cheaper, and much of it is used.

Missouri is not usually numbered with the cotton states, yet the staple is raised in several of the lower counties, and the value of what might be called for convenience the cotton plant by-product of the state affords a striking indication of what the value of the cotton plant is to the country in general. In a few Missouri counties the proceeds in money of the products of the cotton seed alone amount in a single year to over \$800,000. All of these products are marketed throughout this and other countries. Taken as a whole, in these days the cotton-seed industry has become one of the most important of the country.

Americans have been severely criticized at times by foreign observers of their methods for their wasteful habits. This criticism is not without justification. But as the years go by there is less ground for it. The new farming—the college-educated farming—is changing things in this respect. Not only is there an increasing certainty as to crops, but there is also increasing knowledge as to the real value of crops. The most has been made of corn and cereals for some time; the most is now being made of cotton.

THEY have introduced the electric fan into the United States Senate at last. But they will never be able to introduce it as a substitute for the one in use at present in the baseball parks.

### Mr. Vail and Public Control

THEODORE N. VAIL, president of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, is strongly in favor of public control of public utilities, according to statements attributed to him recently. In theory, such control exists now. In theory, the American public controls everything of a governmental nature. This is a government of the people, by the people, for the people, in theory, and, when all is said, it is very largely so in practice. But application of the theory has not kept pace with the times. Conditions have arisen which have created in many instances divisional barriers between the people and their interests. The distance between popular will, legislative action and government administration has too greatly increased. The demand is for a return to a more effective expression of the popular will.

Mr. Vail, as the head of a great corporation, believes that the interests of this corporation will be subserved by a return to more direct public control of utilities. "I am not afraid," he says, "that the public will go too far in an attempt to wrest from the corporations their rights. I am not afraid that if a body representing the people and elected by them, or else appointed by the President or by Congress, as the case might be, should take up the judicial problems which must be met by all great utilities, the latter would suffer in consequence." What he is afraid of, he says plainly, are the demagogues and unprincipled politicians.

Mr. Vail, like all others who have given serious thought to the question of public control, is still in doubt as to the means and methods to be employed. But, like all of his predecessors and contemporaries, he naturally takes the line of least resistance, and this leads him to consider the commission method. Whether it would be possible under the present conditions, having in mind the existing interstate commerce laws, to inaugurate a national utilities commission, he is not prepared to say. It might be, as he views it, the wiser thing to proceed under state authority only. But he holds, as do many others, that the idea of public control or regulation of public service corporations by permanent commissions has been accepted, and is here to stay.

The greatest obstacle in the way of an extension of the commission plan of control and regulation lies in the fact that it involves the building up of an institution that in many ways will simply parallel and supersede the present legislative branch of government in nation and state. In theory, to get back to where we started, the national and state legislatures should do precisely what it is proposed to create commissions to do. The national and state legislatures should be now as directly responsive to popular opinion as any newly created commissions can be. If it is held that the legislative bodies are too large and unwieldy, then what is needed is an extension of the committee system of representative government. We cannot have commissions that will perform the functions of legislatures and have the legislatures, too, without involving ourselves in complication and confusion bordering upon chaos. There is hardly a demand anywhere for a new form of government. What is wanted is a better application of the present form, or, to be more correct, what is wanted is that the public shall resume its near connection with and control over the government as it is.

IT HAS been discovered all along the route of their progress several times since they began their tour that Admiral Togo and General Nogi do not look it. This further confirms an already established fact. Great men seldom do.

Togo and Nogi are names short in quantity but long on quality.

### Paraguay and Its Neighbors

INDIFFERENCE no longer marks the attitude of South American republics when internecine strife plays havoc with the one or other neighboring state. Advanced nations, like Brazil and Argentina, are bound to assert themselves when a smaller country, like Paraguay, for instance, becomes torn by political dissensions. There needs to be no tampering with national policies because the larger and more peaceful neighbors believe it essential to speak a word of caution. And it is evidently in a spirit of conciliation that La Prensa of Buenos Aires, speaking in a non-official capacity for Argentina, says that "in view of the importance of Argentine interests in that country, which undoubtedly are superior to those of Germany in Morocco, this government is bound to protect the lives and properties of our countrymen. Besides this, there is the moral duty of the great South American countries to exert an influence in favor of civilization in the minor republics."

The several revolts in Paraguay which have led up to the selection of Senor Rojas as provisional President pending an election make the reference of La Prensa especially pertinent where this prominent South American newspaper draws comparisons with the Moroccan situation. With immense territories at the disposal of both Brazil and Argentina, it is hardly plausible that either of these nations cares to take Paraguay. But, in the undeveloped state in which the smaller neighbor still finds itself, it will be a long time before "spheres of influence" of the more influential republics will cease.

Possessed of great rivers which furnish natural means for transportation, these, rather than aiding in Paraguayan progress, have hindered development. There has been an almost complete absence of railroad construction, and, while attempts have been made to connect the capital of Paraguay with Buenos Aires, internal peace in the former country must be restored before through connection can be established.

While it is true that there has been little bloodshed in the numerous revolutions that Paraguay has experienced of late years, the effect on business in that republic has been no less severe than if large bodies of men had fallen victims to the dissensions. It seems hardly of great concern whether Colonel Jara, a dictator for twenty-four hours, shall again get in or stay out. There have been arrests and counter arrests of numerous officials, and, unless some drastic means is brought to bear, there is little likelihood that things will change. Those familiar with Paraguayan affairs are not overconfident that the election will put an end to hostilities.

Evidently Argentina has a right to say that if the neighbor is not able to manage itself there should be appeal to some more formidable nation to aid in establishing order. Perhaps it does not devolve on Argentina or Brazil to act as taskmaster, but, since five of the smaller South American republics have been considering the advisability of forming a federation, would it not be possible to include Paraguay in such a scheme? Adjoining Bolivia to the north, it would appear as if Paraguay could derive considerable good from entering a company that would exert a salutary influence by example.

EVEN advocates of disarmament must feel that the assembling of the American fleet at Provincetown constitutes a matchless spectacle.

THE Canadian Parliament reassembles next Tuesday after the recess occasioned by the coronation and imperial conference. As on this side of the line, the question of greatest moment is, of course, reciprocity, and it may be expected that debate on this subject will be resumed at once and with vigor. The premier and other leading representatives of the government have had opportunity of getting in touch with British and imperial opinion with regard to the proposed international commercial agreement, and there is every reason to believe that the result will be to strengthen Liberal sentiment for reciprocity. The opposition, on the other hand, as ably represented by R. L. Borden, has "felt the pulse" of the prairie provinces with results not so satisfying to the Conservatives.

Mr. Borden's mission was rather a difficult one, and called for a high order of political courage. He could not have been unfamiliar at its very outset with the fact that western Canada stood almost overwhelmingly for the agreement. If he entertained any illusions they were dispelled from the moment of his entrance into Manitoba. It was a splendid compliment to him that he was everywhere received by large and attentive audiences, composed in the main of people antagonistic, and pronouncedly so, to his views. One of the regular features of his campaign, before it had proceeded far, was the handing to him at the close of his speeches of resolutions favoring the course which he had been opposing. No less than 1000 resolutions from branches of the Grain Growers Association in support of reciprocity were thus presented during his trip.

It is not to be supposed that either Mr. Borden or his party will, as a consequence of this western experience, abandon the position they have taken from the beginning. It is not desirable that they should. A strong opposition will be welcomed by thoughtful friends of reciprocity in both countries. There is hardly a question as to the success of the agreement; all the more reason this for perfect freedom of discussion. The fate of reciprocity in the future must lie with the public opinion of the two countries; it will be well, therefore, if, in Canada as well as in the United States, the basis of the agreement shall be understood so that its details, if necessary, can be corrected to meet whatever unforeseen conditions may arise to endanger its success or continuance.

THERE are telegraph and telephone wires in use in the United States of sufficient length, it is said, to maintain fifty circuits between the earth and the moon. In other words, the wires are of sufficient length to maintain circuits between the earth and fifty moons. Or, as long as we are in statistics, they are of sufficient length to maintain a circuit between the earth and a moon fifty times as far away as the present one. No wonder that the law is inquiring into the wire trust!

WITH 300 delegates at the National Education Association convention at San Francisco, Massachusetts is exemplifying that the school system of the state is as progressive as ever.

### After the Recess in Canada